

# THE NAPAN

son U M 20 jan 06

Vol. XLIV] No 52 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA--

NAPANEE.

Madill Bros.

NAPANEE.

## THE CHEAPSIDE SALE

Is now drawing to a close. A few more weeks will close this—the greatest Sale in Napanee's history of quick selling and genuine bargain giving on a thorough business basis throughout. 'Tis only a few weeks since we advertised the commencement of this Record Sale; to-day we advertise the close of an event in the very near future; to-day we advertise still further reductions throughout the entire store, as the balance must go at once. Our decision is final in regard to values—that any single article in the store cannot be duplicated as to price anywhere. **We Defy Competition** in this respect. Everything we advertise is exactly as advertised. Come and swell the crowds during the closing days of this great Clearing Sale.

## THINGS ARE HUMMING AT THE CHEAPSIDE SALE

Tuesday, Dec. 12th, the final day for these 31 Waists in all.

31 only Waists, in Silk, Bedford Cord, Cashmere, Lustre and Satana, in colors of Navy, Cream, Black, Grey and Pink, grouped in three lots, viz.:-

Cashmere, Lustre and Satana, sizes 32 to 40—Lot No. 1, reg. \$1.50 to 2.75.....	for	.75 each
Bedford Cord, Flannel and Cashmere	" 2, "	3.50..... " 2.00 "
Silk, in Pale Blue, Cream and White	" 3, "	4.00 to 7.50..... " 2.50 "

On sale Tuesday, December 12th, at 10 a.m.

Tuesday, Dec. 12th, for 12 only Linen Table Cloths.

The balance, only 12 left, of Double Satan Damask Table Cloths, sizes 66 to 72, nice fine quality, and worth in the regular way \$1.25 each, 69 cents each.

On sale Tuesday at 10 a.m.

## THE STOCK IS ALMOST CLEANED UP.

## GLOVES! GLOVES! GLOVES!

Another big sweep in Ladies' Kid Gloves for Thursday, Dec. 14th. This will about clear up the balance of the stock of the famous Alexandre Kid Gloves, dressed and undressed, in white, tan, mode, brown and black, sizes 5½ to 8—a few only in each size. These Gloves are known throughout for wearing qualities, style and fit. Sell in the regular way for \$1.00 to 1.25, our price for Thursday at 10 a.m. is **69c.** per pair. NO MAIL ORDERS FILLED.

## COATS! COATS!

Ladies' Beaver, Broadcloth, Kersey and Tweed Coats, 42 in all, heavy winter weight, satana lining, principally hip length, navy, fawn, but mostly black, similar to cut. Sell in the regular way at from \$10.00 to 16.00. Sale on Thursday, commencing at 10 a.m., at **\$2.99** each.

Others, regular \$3.00 to 9.00 for **\$1.99**, and \$16.00 to 22.00 for **\$4.99**.

*The Closing Days of this Great Sale*

### NOTICE

T. B. Wallace opens a tully equip-

"OPTICAL DEPARTMENT" at his Drug Store after the first of the New Year.

SPECTACLES AT REASONABLE RATES  
EYES TESTED FREE

### NEWS IN GENERAL.

The Donaldson Line are having a new 10,000 ton boat built on the Clyde for the Montreal-Glasgow service.

Twenty thousand electors of Montreal have been disqualified municipally for non-payment of the water rates.

A despatch received in Toronto states that the steamer W. D. Matthews is aground in Mud Lake, in the Soo River.

The Midland Navigation Company have closed a contract with the Collingwood Shipbuilding Company for the construction of a steamer of over 800,000 bushels capacity.

The City Council yesterday decided to broaden the scope of the civic investigation so as to include misconduct by any Alderman or civic employee in connection with the contracts for the construction of the Toronto City Hall.

The Very Rev. A. X. Bernhard was appointed Bishop of St. Hyacinthe.

Walter Dixon, the Woodstock jewellery thief, was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

John M. Bond, of Toronto, brother of the late Chief, has been appointed Chief of Police of Port Hope.

It is reported at Quebec that the C. P. R. will make that port the principal one on this side for their Atlantic fleet.

Mr. James W. Lowes of Peel Township was struck by a falling tree and is dead from his injuries.

The mail steamer Lunenburg, which plied between Pictou, N. S., and Magdalen Island, was wrecked on the sand beach at Amherst harbor. The crew escaped.

It is rumored that George W. Perkins, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the New York Life Insurance Company will retire.

One hundred thousand Jews in New York joined in an anti-Russian demonstration, and called on the United States to interfere to prevent more massacres.

Evidence at the investigation into the affairs of the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Company indicated that the Canadian policyholders paid lower rates than those in the United States.

Lowney's and McConkey's Christmas Chocolate Bon Bons in handsome packages at —The Medical Hall—F. L. HOOPER.

The Toronto Chief Coroner has decided that inquests will be held in all cases where workmen die from injuries received in accidents on buildings in course of erection.

Mrs. John Sexton an aged widow of St. Catharines, was found dead on the floor of her kitchen.

Robert Wilson, a well-to-do farmer was found dead near Elora, from where he started to drive home alone.

Archbishop Bruchesi of Montreal has issued a second warning to Montreal theatrical managers against immoral shows.

South Brant Liberals passed resolutions condemning the salary grab and the introduction of the spoils system into Ontario





mp length, navy, lawn, but mostly black, similar to our  
Sell in the regular way at from \$10.00 to 16.00. Sale on  
Thursday, commencing at 10 a.m., at \$2.99 each.

Others, regular \$3.00 to 9.00 for \$1.99, and \$16.00  
to 22.00 for \$4.99.

## The Closing Days of this Great Sale

### A BIG EVENT FOR SATURDAY.

**50 ONLY WINDOW SHADES**, in green, red and  
cream, 3 by 6 ft. long, with lace ends. Extra value at 40c.  
and 50c. each. Our price for Saturday, at 10 a.m., is  
**29c.** each.

All our 25c. **STRING TIES**, Four-in-hand and Knots,  
clearing on Saturday, at 10 a.m., at 3 for 25c.

**SATISFACTION OUR SUCCESS.**

## OUR RENNIE BLOCK STORE

—The store of satisfaction. Every Department stocked with the latest and newest  
creations for the Christmas trade. A visit to our Fur Department, our Carpet and  
Housefurnishing Department, our Dress Goods Department, our Staple Department, our  
Linen Department, our Ready-to-wear Department, and our Smallwares Department—  
each and every Department stocked to its utmost with merchandise of the latest order.  
Madill Bros. a guarantee of perfect satisfaction.

## Rennie Block MADILL BROS. and Cheapside

### S. CASEY DENISON,

Will be pleased to have your  
trade in

Groceries, Provisions,  
Flour, Feed, Salt, Straw,  
Pressed Hay, Etc.  
PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

### NO MISTAKE

is made when you decide on entering for a  
business training in the

**STONING**  
**Business College**  
KINGSTON, ONT.

Thorough courses are given in all Commer-  
cial branches—Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping, Higher Accounting, Commercial Law, Commercial Arithmetic, etc.

A PRACTICAL SCHOOL.  
Modern equipment; Competent teachers; In-  
dividual instructions; Moderate rates.

**SITUATIONS SECURED FOR GRADUATES.**  
Write for particulars and catalogue.

W. H. SHAW, T. N. STOCKDALE,  
President, Principal.

### THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP \$3,000,000  
RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED  
PROFITS \$3,722,000  
TOTAL ASSETS \$39,000,000

### Savings Bank Department

Interest paid on deposits of One Dollar  
and upwards, and compounded half yearly.  
Interest allowed on

### Cheese Factory Accounts

Advances made on Farmers' Sale Notes.  
Drafts and Letters of Credit issued upon  
all parts of the world.

**DUDLEY L. HILL,**  
Acting Manager, Nanpess Branch.

### VOTERS' LIST 1905.

Municipality of the Town of Nanpess,  
County of Lennox & Addington.

Notice is hereby given, that I have  
transmitted or delivered to the persons  
mentioned in Sections 8 and 9 of the  
Ontario Voters' Lists Act, the copies  
required by said Sections to be so trans-  
mitted or delivered of the List, made  
pursuant to said Act, of all persons ap-  
pearing by the last revised Assessment Roll  
of the said municipality to be entitled to vote  
in the said municipality at elections for  
members of the Legislative Assembly and  
at Municipal Elections; and the said List  
was first posted up at my office at Nanpess,  
on the Fourteenth Day of November, 1905,  
and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the  
said List, and if any omissions or any  
other errors are found therein to take  
immediate proceedings to have the said  
errors corrected according to law.

W. A. GRANGE,  
Clerk of Nanpess.

Dated this 14th Nov. A. D. 1905.

Nickle Tea Pots and Kettles, also a good  
line of line of scissors and all kinds of  
knives cheap. Buy one for Christmas at  
**GREY LION HARDWARE.**

### His Object.

"I can recommend you to a good law-  
yer."

"All right, but don't let him be too  
good. I'm trying to conduct my busi-  
ness so as to keep out of jail, not so as  
to go to heaven."

### A Cautious Statement.

More reserved in its wording than  
most epitaphs is one in a Derbyshire  
churchyard, which, after giving particu-  
lars of birth and death, concludes,  
"Twas said he was an honest man."

### Unhappiness.

They who have never known prosper-  
ity can hardly be said to be unhappy.  
It is from the remembrance of joys we  
have lost that the arrows of affliction  
are pointed.—Emile Zola.

## Marriage Licenses, and Wedding Rings

### Marriage Licenses

—and—

### Wedding Rings

## STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

### F. CHINNECK'S

JEWELLERY STORE

Next Royal Hotel, Nanpess.

### Coal Oil Stoves.

Smokeless and odorless, will heat your  
rooms nicely at a small cost. Guaranteed  
satisfactory or returnable.

MADOLE & WILSON.

During the riots at Georgetown, British  
Guiana, the Governor and other officials  
were imprisoned in public buildings till  
rescued by the police.

Bondholders have seized the British  
American Hotel at Kingston.

Martha Graydon a young woman of St.  
Thomas, swallowed carbolic acid because  
her lover jilted her.

Sir Henry Campbell Bannerman will not  
form his Cabinet until December 11,

Mrs. John Sexton an aged widow of St.  
Catharines, was found dead on the floor of  
her kitchen.

Robert Wilson, a well-to-do farmer was  
found dead near Elora, from where he  
started to drive home alone.

Archbishop Bruchet of Montreal has is-  
sued a second warning to Montreal theat-  
rical managers against immoral shows.

South Brant Liberals passed resolutions  
condemning the salary grab and the intro-  
duction of the spoils system into Ontario  
politics.

Premier Scott comes out with a strong  
denial of the charge that he had a secret  
understanding with Archbishop Langevin,  
and challenges Mr. Hanltain to a discussion  
of the charge at a meeting at Regina.

Pocket Knives, Cutlery, Carvers, Rogers  
Silver plated knives, forks and spoons,  
guaranteed first quality.

MADOLE & WILSON.

There are rumors in St. Petersburg of  
a tragedy at Tsarskoe-Selo.

The British Admiralty proposes building  
four large armored ships annually.

Eighteen miners, believed to be all  
Englishmen, perished in an explosion at  
Diamondville, Wyoming.

The fleet of the powers is said to be pro-  
ceeding to seize the Island of Lemnos to  
compel the Sultan to come to terms.

Telegraphic communication with Russia  
is completely stopped, and the country ap-  
pears to be drifting rapidly towards  
anarchy.

Skates both hockey and spring, also  
hockey sticks and pucks, cheap at

GREY LION HARDWARE.

Order your cut flowers at Wallace's  
Drug Store—We are agents for Dunlop's—  
The pride of Canada.

In the storm and weather forecasts for  
December, Rev. Irl R. Hicks, the St.  
Louis prophet, predicts "heaps of doings"  
The month he says, will start off by getting  
warmer, followed by cloudiness, then rain,  
sleet and snow from the 3rd to the 9th, and  
this storm period will end up with a violent  
change to blizzards, and a severe cold wave  
lasting until about the 8th. On the 9th a  
decided change to warmer is predicted, and  
this is supposed to bring on cloudiness, with  
severe and general winter storms from the  
10th to 13th. Unsettled and stormy weather  
will be the rule on the 15th, 16th and  
17th. What is called a regular period will  
extend from the 20th to the 26th, with the  
crisis touching the 23rd, 24th and 25th.  
Violent winter storms and blizzards pushed  
southward and eastward by high north-  
westerly gales and a great cold wave are  
said to be the chief attraction in this storm  
period. The general cold will partially  
break up on the 27th, 28th and 29th, and  
on these days there will be renewed squalls  
of rain, snow and wind, but these are said  
to be moderate in comparison to their pre-  
decessors. The month will close with an-  
other change to colder.

Nickle Plated Tea Pots, Coffee Pots,  
Trays, new patterns, Tea Kettles, new  
pieces at **BOYLE & SON.**

The great Buddhist shrine, the  
Shway Dagon at Rangun, is no tem-  
ple, but a great pagoda, rising from its  
platform to a height of 368 feet and  
all completely covered with gold leaf.  
This platform, with a perimeter of  
nearly 1,400 feet, is the place of wor-  
ship. The pagoda itself has no interior.  
It is a solid stupa of brick raised over  
a relic chamber. A cutting made into  
its center has revealed the fact that  
the original pagoda had seven casings  
added to it before it attained its pre-  
sent proportions. The shape of the pa-  
goda is that of an elongated cone. It is  
divided by Burmese convention into  
twelve parts: First, the base surround-  
ed by a great number of small paga-  
das; then the three terraces, called  
Pichayas; next the Bell; the inverted  
Thabeik, or begging bowl; the Baung-  
yit or twisted turban; the Kyalan or  
ornamental lotus flower; the Plantain  
Bud; the brass plate for the Hti or  
umbrella; the Hti; the Sein bwin or ar-  
tificial flowers; the vane, and, last of  
all, the Seinbu or bud of diamonds.—  
"The Silken East," by V. C. Scott

Blankets all weights, both nickel and  
plain, and one new cutter which will be  
sold at a bargain at

GREY LION HARDWARE.



# NAPANESE EXPRESS.

DA—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8th, 1905

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

## LETTER TO THE EDITOR.

Mr. Editor—I have read the views of "Ratepayer" in your last issue. I am not willing to concede that the present council is the best we have ever had. We have had just as good councils individually and collectively. It so happened that the term of office of the present incumbents fell upon a time when the citizens had a certain work for them to perform. That work was to construct an electric light plant. This was no small undertaking. The council did not shrink from the task. They have not had time to finish that which they have begun and in my opinion it would be a crime to interfere with them before their work is done. I agree with the conclusion of "Ratepayer" that every man should be returned by acclamation.

CITIZEN.

## Gloves and Mittens.

Fine gloves and Mitts, working gloves and mitts, all to be had from

MADOLE & WILSON.

## Cut Glass.

The finest assortment of hand cut glass a new case just installed for Christmas.

SMITH'S JEWELLERY STORE.

## TAMWORTH.

The farmers have had to suspend ploughing owing to frost; they have had a good long time for it this fall and should have the land in good shape.

The general topic here, now, with the children of each Sunday school is all about Santa Claus.

The Methodist church will hold their Christmas Tree on Christmas eve; St. Andrews on Christmas night and Christ Church Sunday School will be the night after Christmas. They all have good programs and expect a good time.

Our junior room at Tamworth public school will be vacant after Christmas as Miss Numans the present teacher is leaving.

Mr. Richard Gibbs is very ill with consumption, he is not expected to live long.

Every one is looking for the beautiful snow to get a drive.

## Heating and Sanitary Plumbing.

MADOLE & WILSON.

Before buying Christmas Perfume, call and see our imported stock of latest odors in dainty packages, at all prices. It is our pleasure to show goods. The Medical Hall, FRED L. HOOPER.

## MORVEN.

Those who have been ailing for some time are M. F. Lund and Mrs. McQuire.

W. R. Purdy has his new barn about completed except the cement floors, which will be laid over until next spring.

Visitors: James Hicks and daughter Ruth, Moscow, visited his brother, D. R. Hicks, last week; Mrs. Hazzele and sister, Mrs. Wiles, Eskridge, Kansas visiting their cousin, W. W. Davis,

F. W. SMITH,  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
Strictly Private and Confidential.  
Smith's Jewellery Store,  
Napanea.  
30-3-m

## TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,

December, 4th, 1905.

Council met in regular session, Mayor Lowry presiding.

Councillors present—Messrs. Kimmerly Normile, Ming, Simpson.

Minutes of last special and regular meeting were read and on motion adopted.

A communication was read from the 1904 tax collector, re the action brought against him by Messrs. Taylor and Rose in reference to the collection of their taxes. Laid on the table.

A communication was read from The Bell Telephone Company in answer to a request from The Fire Water and Light Committee to use the line of the Bell Telephone poles for electric light wires. The Telephone Co. offered to let the town use the poles provided that the usual safeguards regarding amount of current and distance from their wires was observed and that the town trim the trees all over the town where they interfere with the Telephone wires. Laid on the table.

A communication from R. S. Kelsch, engineer of the Electric Light Plant, asking for an official order from the town for some supplies: also one asking for information re contract for machinery, was ordered filed.

A communication from the Robb Engineering Co. reshipment of bolts for Power House stack also asking for information re contracts was laid on the table.

A communication from the Toronto Fire Underwriters Association asking the town to have the fire fighting appliances in good working order during the cold weather was referred to the Fire Water and Light Committee to act upon.

A communication from the Allis-Chalmers-Bullock Co., Toronto, re machinery for Power house was laid on the table.

The Finance Committee presented the Treasurer's monthly statement which was on motion adopted.

The Fire, Water and Light Committee reported recommending payment of F. H. Hopkins, Expanded Metal Co., accounts and referring the accounts of T. Robinson and Canadian Electric Co., to Mr. Kelsch, also, asking further time to report on the account of F. L. Hooper, and in reference the old hose. Report adopted.

The Printing Committee reported recommending payment of the account of the Napanea Express \$47.00. Report adopted.

The Poor and Sanitary Committee reported having furnished relief to several poor persons. Report adopted.

Mr. Walter Exley, sr. appeared before the council in reference to taxes on his son's butcher shop claiming that he should not pay both business tax and license. Referred to Court of Revision.

Mr. A. Vanluven appeared before the council in reference to his business tax. Referred to Court of Revision.

Mr. F. C. Bogart appeared before the council in reference to the Taylor-Rose Collector suit asking the council to pass a resolution confirming his action as collector and undertaking that the town will defend the suit if necessary. The matter was referred to the town solicitor for his opinion, to report at next meeting.

On motion of Councillors Normile and Ming, Mr. C. A. Anderson was granted 500 feet of plank for repairs to Livery Stable also some other necessary repairs were ordered.

On motion of Coun. Kimmerly, seconded by Coun. Ming, the Fire, Water and Light Committee were instructed to purchase a pair of rubber hip boots for use of employees of Electric Light Power house.

Mr. N. Castaldi appeared before the

**Atomizers**-- Hot Water Bottles. Chamois, just arrived. See the new **Thermalite Heating Bag**, which is always ready for use. **Absolutely Guaranteed.**

We have opened an **Optical Department** in connection with our **Drug Business**. An experienced **Optical Graduate** is in charge.

**No Charge for Testing Eyes - All Work Guaranteed**

**J. P. LAWRASON & CO.,**

J. P. McNEILLY, Manager

**DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE**

Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.

**COAL** FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.

**The Rathbun Co.** R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

## YARKER.

Miss Ada Wartman, Washington D.C.; Mrs. Storms, Sydenham, and D. Macdonald, Cleveland, Ohio, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Winter.

Miss Violet Ewart, Sydenham, was home for a few days.

J. V. Burn has moved into his new home, a fine handsome residence erected by B. S. O'Loughlin.

Jedediah Irish and Frank Irish have moved into the residence vacated by J. V. Burn.

John Woodhouse and wife will board for the winter.

Mrs. Perry and children have moved to the old stone school house cottage for the winter.

The new church of the Holiness Movement will soon be completed.

Mrs. J. Elliott is home from the Kingston General Hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Judge, Moscow, are at their son's, John Judge's.

Two new arrivals at Yarker, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Eagle, and a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. William Wagar.

Joseph Lindsay has returned to Bancroft, his place as foreman in the wheel factory being filled by Allen Silver.

The water is very high this year; the roads through the swamp to Verona and Bell Rock are covered with water.

A narrow escape from being injured by thawing out sticks of dynamite occurred near here, to-day and the two men concerned are very thankful for their escape. City banking hours should not be introduced in the country villages. To make a success of them longer hours are necessary. Factories will not lack for water, this winter, as there is plenty of it.

The Genuine Wells and Richardson's Butter Color 15 and 25cents, at Wallace's Drug Store.

**FOR SALE PROPERTY IN BATH**—Frame house 24x39 with kitchen 10x15, hen house, ice house and good well, on good sized lot.

Also house and store on Main Street, owned and occupied by Joseph Trimlett, will be sold cheap if purchased at once. Apply to

JOS. TRIMLETT, BATH  
or J. FRANK CHALMERS, Napanea.

## Road Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Council of the Township of Richmond intend at its next meeting to be held on the first Monday in December, to introduce a By-law for the closing of the road allowance lying between lots 18 and 19 in the 4th concession of the said Township of Richmond, and all persons concerned are hereby requested to take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

A. WINTERS,  
Township Clerk.  
Selby, November 7th, 1905.

## NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the patrons of the Deseronto Cheese Factory, Brennan and Berry, proprietors, is called at the Factory on Thursday, Dec. 14th, at 1.30 p. m., to wind up the business of the year, appoint officers for 1906 and any other business in the interest of the Factory. A full attendance is requested.

ALLAN OLIVER, President.

MANLY JONES, Sec. Treas.

WANTED, by Chicago wholesale house, special representative (man or woman) for each province in Canada. Salary \$20.00 and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Business successful; position permanent. No investment required. Previous experience not essential to engaging.

Address Manager, 132 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

**FOR SALE—BRICK HOUSE AND** Lot, in desirable locality on Bridge street also several good building lots. Apply to S. GIBSON.

**WANTED**—A reliable agent for Napanea and surrounding country. Good pay weekly, exclusive territory. Sample case, or outfit free. Our terms are the best in the business. We need a man of good character and ability during fall and winter months. Over 60 acres—The choicest and most extensive list of stock in Canada, including fruit and ornamental stock, small fruits, and seed potatoes. Fast selling specialties offered for the first time. Write for terms now to

of St. of  
or of  
some time are M. F. Lund and Mrs. McQuire.

W. R. Purdy has his new barn about completed except the cement floors, which will be laid over until next season.

Visitors: James Hicks and daughter Ruth, Moscow, visited his brother, D. R. Hicks, last week; Mrs. Hazzele and sister, Mrs. Wiles, Eskridge, Kansas visiting their cousin, W. W. Davis, last week; Mino Parks, Michigan, visiting his sister, Mrs. W. W. Davis, and niece, Mrs. D. R. Hicks and daughter, Bertie, visiting her mother, Mrs. John Palmater, Erinsville.

The Union cheese factory closed, on Saturday, after a successful season.

For downright solid comfort when reading get one of Wallace's Sewing Lamps and a gallon of Pratt's Astral Oil, at The Red Cross Drug Store.

Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Razor Strops, all good and suitable for Christmas at  
**BOYLE & SON.**

#### NEWBURGH.

The tea-house, owned by M. Ryan, situated near the English church, was successfully moved, last week, to the vacant lot north of the Newburgh Pharmacy. The work was most successfully done by the contractor, and the building will be a much-needed improvement on Main street.

C. H. Finkle's dynamo arrived on Saturday. Mr. Finkle expects to have it in working order by Saturday.

On Saturday evening Mrs. George Madden passed away after an illness extending over several months. The late Mrs. Madden was seventy-nine years of age, of a bright, cheerful disposition, and much beloved by all who knew her. The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon, service at the house.

A very successful literary was held in the high school on Friday afternoon.

At the Epworth League on Monday evening, the officials for the concert on December 18th, were appointed, Harry Wagar and Bert Paul, door tenders; P. D. Shorey will look after the reserved seat plan at the hall; Ray Farley and Fraser Paul, ushers; Fred Mears and D. D. W. Shorey reserved seat ushers. D. A. Nesbitt will introduce Cameron.

Mrs. Shorey is in Richmond attending her daughter, Mrs. James Benn, who is ill.

Trade in the village is beginning to pick up, as the Christmas season draws near.

A number from the village attended the modelite 'At Home' at Napanee on Tuesday night.

F. G. Millar returned on Thursday.

John T. Grange, Napanee, spent Monday evening in the village.

Mrs. C. H. Finkle spent a few days last week in Napanee.

J. W. Youmans was in Napanee Tuesday.

John McCauley left on a business trip west, this morning.

James Boyce left for Watertown to see his son William, who is ill there.

Simon P. Fitzmartin is having serious trouble with his eyes.

Frank Hinch, Centreville, was in town on Sunday.

Miss Lousie Burdette returned to New York on Saturday.

The drillers found water on the Paul property after drilling forty feet.

#### Gas Fixtures and Supplies.

Brass Pendants, Brackets, Gas Lamps, Mantles, Chimneys, Shades.

**MADOLE & WILSON.**

The display of Canadian apples in London is said to be the best ever seen in England.

We often hear that the age of miracles is past, but is it? It is statistically shown that the grocers of this country, within the last six years, have sold 3,500,000 pounds of pure Mocha and Java coffee from the 137,000 pounds imported into the United States.—Atlanta Constitution.

ferred to the town solicitor for his opinion, to report at next meeting.

On motion of Councillors Normile and Ming, Mr. C. A. Anderson was granted 500 feet of plank for repairs to Livery Stable also some other necessary repairs were ordered.

On motion of Coun. Kimmerly, seconded by Coun. Ming, the Fire, Water and Light Committee were instructed to purchase a pair of rubber hip boots for use of employees of Electric Light Power house.

Mr. N. Castaldi appeared before the council in reference to the business tax of A. G. Smith, charged against his property. Referred to Court of Revision.

The Communication of the Bell Telephone Co. was referred to Mr. Kelsch for advice.

The Allis-Bullock Chalmers and Robb Engineering communications were referred to Town solicitor and, the Mayor and Clerk to act upon his advice.

Moved by Coun. Kimmerly, seconded by Coun. Ming that the new Electric Light By-law be finally considered and passed by council on Monday the 8th day of January 1906. Carried.

Coun. Simpson reported that the Finance Committee had instructed the town treasurer to notify all parties owing the town for private walks, earth etc., to settle at once, as a considerable number of accounts are still unpaid.

#### ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

C Vanalstine, freight &c. \$2.40; John Seals for Electric plant, \$6.75; Geo Seals, for Electric Plant \$575. A number of carters small accounts for carting poles. R. McNeill, tile for drain \$5.00; R. Mill postage \$2.03; E. Kelly cleaning sewer 1.25 E. Kelly cleaning sewer, 1.50; Bell Telephone Co. 30c.; F. E. Vanluven, coal \$30; Chas. Stevens supplies Poor \$8.10; Canadian Locomotive Works, Kingston, for iron for new cells, \$84.00. The account of P. Bergin \$341.25 was referred to Fire, Water and Light Committee with power to act. M. S. Madole's account for lumber, \$9.03; referred to Town Property Committee to report.

The treasurer was granted a voucher for \$2263.45 for sundry payments.

#### Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

The largest sales in our history. We carry an assortment that cannot be beaten,  
**MADOLE & WILSON.**

The great curative powers of this remarkable remedy is attracting much attention and everywhere it has been introduced it is winning its way among the people. It is a powerful, penetrating oil which we believe has a larger percentage of cures of rheumatism to its credit than any other remedy ever offered for this dread disease: It acts directly on the bone—the lodging place of rheumatism—dispels the poisonous acid from the joints to be carried out of the system in the natural way and by its splendid work has proved that the surest and quickest method of getting relief from the torturing pains of rheumatism, as well as the common sense way, is by a direct attack on the affected part. For the small ills of life it is invaluable.

**Tuck's Bone Oil.**

Mrs. W. H. Thomas of Lombardy writes as follows:—I was subject to stiff neck. Suffered for years and have been as long two weeks at a time not able to turn my head without turning my whole body. I doctored and got relief only to have the trouble return again. In August last I had a severe attack and I tried Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil having been reading in the papers about how good it was for rheumatism &c. Three applications completely cured me and I have had no return of the trouble since. I recommend Tuck's Bone Oil to everyone.

Mrs. W. H. Thomas,  
Lombardy, Ont.

For rheumatism, lame back, neuralgia, sprains, coughs colds, quinsy or bronchitis in short for any and all kinds of inflammation there is nothing to equal Tuck's Bone Oil. A bottle should be on the shelf in every home. For sale by all medicine dealers at 50c. a bottle or sent prepaid by The Tuck Bone Oil Co., Limited, Smith's Falls, Ontario.

Carpet Sweepers, new styles and finishes Wool Brooms for hardwood floors, at  
**BOYLE & SON.**

Watches, Watches.  
An immense stock of watches for ladies, men, boys and girls, better watches for the money than we ever offered before.  
**SMITH'S JEWELLRY STORE.**

of clearing out stocks of dynamite occurred near here, today and the two men concerned are very thankful for their escape. City banking hours should not be introduced in the country villages. To make a success of them longer hours are necessary. Factories will not lack for water, this winter, as there is plenty of it.

The Genuine Wells and Richardson's Butter Color 15 and 25cents, at Wallace's Drug Store.

Sleigh Bell, Skates, Hockey Sticks, Air Gun, Rifles, Hand Sleighs, at  
**BOYLE & SON.**

#### Gifts For Men.

Our stock is complete this Christmas. Many suitable gifts for men, if you are puzzled what to buy call at SMITH'S and settle the question. Every article sold is neatly boxed.

**BOOK SALE—BRICK HOUSE AND**  
Lot in desirable locality on Bridge street also several good building lots. Apply to  
**S. GIBSON.**

**WANTED**—A reliable agent for Napanee and surrounding country. Good pay weekly, exclusive territory. Sample case, or outfit free. Our terms are the best in the business. We need a man of good character and ability during fall and winter months. Over 600 acres—The choicest and most extensive list of stock in Canada, including fruit and ornamental stock, small fruits, and seed potatoes. Fast selling specialties offered for the first time. Write for terms now to  
**THE PELHAM NURSERY CO.,**

31 Toronto Ont

#### CLYDESDALE STOCK FOOD

FOR SALE BY

J. G. FENNELLS .....Napanee  
R. LAWSON.....Deseronto  
N. RYAN.....Newburg  
JAMES FREEMAN .....Yarker

## Clearing Sale of Dress Trimmings

During the balance of the season commencing Monday, Dec. 11th until Feb. 1st, **MISS BARRETT** will sell at sacrificing prices her entire stock of Dress Trimmings.

Embroidered Chiffons and Silks, regular \$2.00 to \$4.00....\$1.00  
Allover Laces, Black, White and Paris, reg \$1.50 to \$4.00... 1.00  
Lace Insertions, " " " reg 50c to \$1.25.....  
.....10c, 15c, 25c  
Silk Velvets regular\$1.25 to \$2.00,.....\$1.00  
Colored Taffeta Silks, reg 75c to \$1.00.....25c  
Fancy Braids, reg 20c, 25c.....10c  
Fancy Gimps, reg 10c to 15c.....5c  
Ribbons, reg 25c to 40c.....10c  
Val Laces, reg 5 to 10c.....3c  
Muslins, reg 25c to 40c.....10c

#### REMEMBER THE PLACE

**MISS BARRETT,**  
Corner Centre and Bridge Streets

## Furniture

We are now prepared for the  
**XMAS Trade** and our Prices  
are right. Our Stock consists  
of

Bed Room Suits, Parlor Suits, Side Boards, Couches, Chiffoniers, Morris Chairs, Dressing Tables, Combination Secretary, Extension Tables, Book Cases, Fancy Parlor Tables, Parlor and Music Cabinets, Hall Racks, Jardineroniers, Stands, Dining Room Chairs, Children's Rockers, Fancy Rocking Chairs and High Chairs, Iron and Brass Beds.

Now is the time to make your choice  
while **STOCK** is complete.

**JNO. DALTON,**  
Napanee and Deseronto.

**W. J. DALGLISH,** Manager of Napanee Branch.

One Door East of Wilson's Shoe Store.



# THE UNRIVALLED FLAVOR OF "SALADA"

Natural Green Ceylon Tea has Placed it on top.  
Packed only in sealed lead packets, the same as  
delicious Salada Black Tea.  
40c, 50c and 60c per lb. AT ALL GROCERS.  
Highest Award St. Louis, 1904

**OHENILLE CURTAINS**  
and all kinds of house hangings, also  
**LACE CURTAINS** DYED & CLEANED  
LIKE NEW.  
Write to us about yours.  
EDITION AMERICAN DYING CO., Box 188, Montreal

**D. H. BASTEDO & CO.**  
FUR MANUFACTURERS  
77 King East, Toronto

LADIES' and MEN'S FUR and FUR-LINED  
COATS. Everything in Fur. Send for catalog.  
We pay highest prices. Send  
for price list.

## BUBBLES.

Time honored—the grandfather's  
clock.  
Parts of speech—"Ladies and gentlemen."

With some people idle words are  
overworked.

The moneyed man does not always  
have the true ring.

Would you call the stingy pugilist  
close fist?

Tongues run, so a wagon's tongue  
is part of the running gear.

The wheel of fortune sometimes  
goes wrong even for the wheel-  
wright.

In a war of words the combatants  
simply shoot off their mouths.

It's more than a crook can do to  
keep himself straight.

In thinking he fools others a man  
often shows what a fool he is.

The hangman doesn't seem to have  
many admirers on the string.

A sham fit of drunkenness may  
look like the real thing.

Glass eyes are not always for  
drinking in the beauties of the scene.

A little difference in opinion be-  
tween two friends often makes a big  
difference.

To a woman nobody to talk to is  
a situation of unspeakable misery.

An invoice some merchants know  
little about—the voice of conscience.

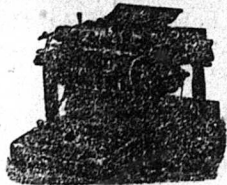
Except for their noses there are  
people who cannot be snubbed.

## MISERABLE NIGHTS.

Nothing so demoralizes an infant  
and enslaves the parents as to take  
a cross or wakeful baby from the  
bed and walk him up and down the  
floor during the night. The baby  
cries because it is not well—generally  
because its stomach is sour, its skin  
hot and feverish. Relieve this and  
baby will sleep soundly all night,  
growing stronger and better every  
day. Just what mothers need to  
keep baby healthy and make him  
sleep soundly is Baby's Own Tablets,  
which cure all stomach, bowel and  
teething troubles and thus promote  
natural health-giving sleep. Mrs.

Wm. Holmes, Dacre, Ont., says: "My  
baby was troubled with sour stom-  
ach and was constipated most of the  
time, and was always cross and  
restless. I gave him Baby's Own  
Tablets and found them a complete  
success and would not be without  
them." You can get Baby's Own  
Tablets from any druggist, or by  
mail at 25 cents a box by writing the  
Dr. Williams' Medicine Co.,  
Brockville, Ont.

## Remington Typewriter



### NEW MODELS NOW READY

Every model of Remington Typewriter  
has been a success. There never was a  
Remington failure.

THE NEW MODELS represent the sum  
and substance of all Remington success—  
plus 30 years of experience in typewriting  
building.

We will be glad to have you call at our  
office and see the new models or send for  
illustrated booklet describing the new  
features.

**Remington Typewriter Co.**  
33 Adelaide St. E., Toronto, Canada  
AND EVERYWHERE.

## POUCHKINE'S PROPHECY.

Apropos of the present disorders  
in Russia, the Manchester "Guard-  
ian" recalls the prophetic utterance  
of one of the most brilliant of Rus-  
sian poets—Alexander Pouchkine.  
For his bold talk he was banished  
to the southern provinces:

"Think you," he said, "to dazzle  
for ever those heavy-eyed, drowsy  
multitudes by the splendor of the  
Czar's crown! Error. That splen-  
dor will fade, and just, too, at a  
time when it will be most needed.  
These sixty millions of swinish serfs  
sleep still, you say! True; but they  
will awake! Not certainly in our  
time, nor perhaps in that of our  
children, but awake they will; and  
when that moment comes the Em-  
peror's sceptre will be a child's play-  
thing; his divine right a jest; the  
supremacy of Russia a vanished  
dream! Be warned, and let the  
work that must be done be timely  
set about. The army, do you say?  
Pooh! On the day I speak of the  
extinguishers will be on fire, too."  
This was uttered more than three-  
quarters of a century ago, and it  
now looks as if time were to give it  
proof.

## BLOODLESS GIRLS.

Find New Health Through the Use  
of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

When you see a young girl pale  
and ailing and wasting away, you  
know that budding womanhood is  
making new demands upon her blood  
supply which she cannot meet. Month  
after month her health, her strength,  
her very life, is being drained away.  
No food and no care can do any  
good. Common medicine cannot save  
her from broken health and a hope-  
less decline. New blood is the one  
thing that can make her a healthy,  
cheerful, rosy-cheeked girl. And Dr.  
Williams' Pink Pills actually make

# THE HEIR OF SANTLEIGH

## OR THE STEWARD'S SON

### CHAPTER XXIV.

Norah drew Harman's arm within  
her own and led her back to the  
phaeton, and Guildford Berton fol-  
lowed, fairly dazed by this latest  
stroke of luck. Who the girl was  
that had gone with Cyril he could  
not even conjecture. As he himself  
would never have condescended to  
procure a ticket for a stranger, it  
did not occur to him that Cyril  
might have done so. Anyway, this  
new link in the chain suited his pur-  
pose to a marvelous degree, and by  
the time the ponies had started he  
had collected himself and mastered  
the situation.

"This is very—sad!" he murmured  
to Norah.

Norah inclined her head. She could  
not speak.

"The question is, what is to be  
done next?" he mused.

"I must go! I must find her?" sob-  
bed poor Harman.

"We must think it over, Mrs. Har-  
man," he said, gently. "I am afraid  
there can be no doubt that your  
niece has gone off with Cyril Burne—  
but—but I am not sure that we  
ought to take the worst view of the  
case."

Harman looked at him.

"You see," he said, addressing her,  
but watching Norah's face, "Cyril  
Burne is a gentleman; of that I am—  
we all are—quite certain, and, being  
a gentleman, it follows that he can-  
not act dishonorably, I am convinced  
of that—"

"Why did he entice her away?" fal-  
tered Harman, not unreasonably.

"There may have been reasons of  
which we know nothing," he answer-  
ed. "We know nothing of Cyril  
Burne or his affairs, and cannot sur-  
mise his object in running off with  
her. He may have very good  
reasons for a secret marriage. For  
instance he may be afraid of offend-  
ing some relative from whom he has  
expectations."

"Marrying her!" echoed Harman.

"Yes," he said, with quiet confi-  
dence. "My belief is that Mr. Burne  
intends making your niece his wife."

Harman drew a long breath and  
looked agitatedly at Norah; but  
Norah avoided her eyes, and stared  
straight before her, vacantly as be-  
fore.

"I have no doubt we shall find that  
they were married this morning."

A shudder ran through Norah's  
frame, and the hand that held the  
reins shook.

"Yes," he resumed, musingly, "the  
more I consider it, the stronger I am  
convinced that my theory is the right  
one. Why did Mr. Burne go off to  
London so suddenly, and why did he  
come back so secretly, so to speak?  
He must have gone up to make ar-  
rangements for their flight and mar-  
riage, and no doubt he came down,  
using the fete as a blind, to carry  
her off. Depend upon it, they are  
married by this time."

"Oh, if I could only think so, sir!"  
murmured Harman.

"I am sure of it," he said. "I can  
scarcely explain why I feel so con-  
vinced that I am right, but I am  
convinced. However, we can soon  
find out the truth."

Harman looked at him anxiously  
and expectantly.

"If you will allow me to help you,  
Mrs. Harman, I will undertake to  
trace them and discover what has  
really happened."

Harman could only look at him  
with unspeakable gratitude.

glad it's no worse than it is. But  
there, it's just like her to go  
off like a flash o' lightning  
and without one word to anyone.  
Why couldn't she tell her aunt and  
her grandfather, like an ordinary  
girl?

"Because Becca isn't an ordinary  
girl," he retorted, pleasantly. "But  
as you say, Mrs. English, we  
are all glad it isn't worse."

"And what about my Mr. Cyril?"  
demanded Mrs. English, in a tone  
that implied that his disappearance  
was of far greater importance.

"Oh, he went up to London by the  
market train," he said, carelessly.  
"Important business, I expect. There  
is nothing wonderful in that."

"Why, he and Becca must have  
traveled by the same train!" said  
some one, shyly.

"Very likely. However, I am glad  
the matter is set at rest. Good-  
morning, Mrs. English; good morn-  
ing all; and, humming an air, he  
sauntered out, leaving them to dis-  
cuss the termination of the sensation.

Outside on the bench the man Fur-  
long was still lying, apparently  
asleep, and Berton scarcely noticed  
him.

He made his way back to the sta-  
tion, and got the station-master and  
the booking-clerk together, and, with  
the same air of easy carelessness,  
said:

"I dare say you were rather sur-  
prised by our visit and our questions  
but the fact is, we were a little un-  
easy at the sudden disappearance of  
Becca South. Mrs. Harman had got  
it into her head that the girl had—  
well, run away; and there was some  
absurd suspicion that Mr. Cyril  
Burne was connected with her flight;

but I am glad to say that we have  
just had tidings from her. She had  
gone up to London to take a situa-  
tion, and, fearing that her people  
would not let her go, she took French  
leave."

"I see, sir," said the station-mas-  
ter. "Lor, if there was a fuss made  
over everybody that went off sudden-  
ly without sayin' goodbye, we should  
have enough to do in that line."

"Exactly, and I am sure we are  
very much obliged to you for the  
trouble you have taken. By the way,  
there has been a good deal of gossip  
about the girl, and should any one  
ask any questions, perhaps you won't  
mind telling them the truth."

"Certainly, sir, certainly," assent-  
ed the station-master, and Berton  
went down the steps again, feeling  
that thus far his cleverness and his  
luck were serving him faithfully; but  
the strain had told upon him, and  
when he reached the cottage he stood  
by the door in the wall, conscious  
of a reluctance to enter.

For the first time the forbidding  
aspect of the place struck him; the  
dead silence, the grimness conveyed  
by the high walls, sent a chill  
through him; it was all so terribly  
silent; and yet, for all its silence, he  
seemed to hear faintly, very faintly,  
the voice of the dead girl who lay  
hidden under the heap of leaves.

"I'm getting nervous!" he mutter-  
ed, with a forced smile. "That won't  
do. Once I lose my nerve—"

Pulling himself together, he put the  
key in the lock and opened the door.  
As he did so the man whom he had  
last seen asleep on the inn bench  
came sauntering by.

Berton eyed him curiously, and  
with the vague suspicion with which  
he was doomed to regard every

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Wm. Holmes, Dacre, Ont., says: "My baby was troubled with sour stomach and was constipated most of the time, and was always cross and restless. I gave him Baby's Own Tablets, and found them a complete success and would not be without them." You can get Baby's Own Tablets from any druggist, or by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

First Lawyer—"It seems to me you let that last witness down pretty easily in your cross-examination." Second Lawyer—"I had to. He is my tailor, and I owe him a big bill."

A Great Combination, "Ferrovin" the best tonic is. It should be taken by all invalids, by all who are run down or out of sorts. It builds up, gives new life.

"Mr. Manton says he never spoke a harsh word to his wife." "Yes," remarked a lady, "but was that due to kindness or caution? That's what I should like to know."

Better without a Stomach than with one that's got a constant "hurt" to it. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets stimulate the digestive organs. Let one enjoy the good things of life and leave no bad effects—carry them with you in your vest pocket—60 in box, 35 cents.—18

A woman's idea of frankness is to have some man tell her how nice he thinks she is.

There are many testimonials as to the efficacy of Parmentier's Vegetable Pills in treating this disorder, showing that they never fail to produce good results. By giving proper tone to the digestive organs, they restore equilibrium to the nerve centres.

The Sister—"I have become engaged to Fred." The Brother—"Whatever induced you to do that?" The Sister—"Why, Fred, of course."

The President a Slave to Catarrh.—D. T. Sample, president of Sample's Instant Relief Company, Washington, Pa., writes: "For years I was afflicted with Chronic Catarrh. Remedies and treatment by specialists only gave me temporary relief until I was induced to use Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It gave almost instant relief. 50 cents.—19.

Life is short at best—and perhaps that is the best thing that can be said about it.

Many Thanks are due from the proprietors of Weaver's Ointment to those who have written to tell of the benefit and word in curing various humors, scald head and other skin diseases.

Wife (as they are preparing for church)—"I am sorry to have to say it, but I never knew you to agree with me in anything." Husband (struggling with a buttonless shirt)—"You are mistaken, my dear; there is one contention of yours that I cheerfully acquiesce in." Wife—"Indeed! And what is that, pray?" Husband—"That woman's work is never done."

and aching and wasting away, you know that budding womanhood is making new demands upon her blood supply which she cannot meet. Month after month her health, her strength, her very life, is being drained away. No food and no care can do any good. Common medicine cannot save her from broken health and a hopeless decline. New blood is the one thing that can make her a healthy, cheerful, rosy-cheeked girl. And Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood with every dose. That is the whole secret of how they have saved thousands of pale, anaemic girls from an early grave. Miss Alice Chaput, aged 17 years, living at 475 St. Timothee street, Montreal, gives strong proof of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to cure. "A couple of years ago," says Miss Chaput, "I was an almost continuous sufferer, and became so weak I could hardly go about. I suffered from frequent and prolonged spells of dizziness, I had frightful headaches, and my stomach was completely out of order. The least exertion would leave me worn out and breathless, and I did not appear to have a drop of good blood in my body. I consulted a doctor, who told me the trouble was general debility, but his treatment did not help me a particle. To add to the trouble my nerves gave way, and I often passed sleepless nights. At this stage a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I got a few boxes. The first benefit I noticed from the use of the pills was an improved appetite, and this seemed to bring much relief. I continued taking the pills until I had used six boxes, when I was fully restored to health, and I have not had a day's illness since. I cannot praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enough for the great good they have done me."

A pale anaemic person needs only one thing—new blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do one thing only—they make new blood. That is all they do, but they do it well. They don't act on the bowels. They don't bother with mere symptoms. They won't cure any disease that isn't caused originally from bad blood. But when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills replace bad blood with good blood they strike straight at the root and cause of all common diseases like headaches, sideaches, backaches, kidney trouble, liver complaint, biliousness, indigestion, anaemia, neuralgia, sciatica, locomotor ataxia and the special secret troubles that every woman knows but that none of them like to talk about, even to their doctors. But you must have the genuine pills on you can't be cured, and the genuine always have the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around the box. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent direct by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

#### WISDOM'S WHISPERS.

The buying of experience does not always prove a paying investment. Some people waste a vast amount of time in the effort to do things in a hurry when there is no need of it. It is only the very rich who thoroughly appreciate the full beauty of being poor. Human sympathy takes curious turns and occasionally falls in strange places. The motive which prompts a good deed will sometimes detract from its value. There is no pleasure in being told how others criticize our little peculiarities. Too much energy is apt to act in a way which produces anything but satisfactory results. An occasional day of idleness serves as a panacea for dissatisfaction with work. It is not well to judge an individual's worth by the way that person presents it to you. Nothing is lost by bestowing a modicum of respect in directions which seem to deserve it.

I am sure of it, he said. I can scarcely explain why I feel so convinced that I am right, but I am convinced. However, we can soon find out the truth."

Harman looked at him anxiously and expectantly.

"If you will allow me to help you, Mrs. Harman, I will undertake to trace them and discover what has really happened."

Harman could only look at him with unspeakable gratitude.

"Yes," he said, reflectively, "I know a person in London—a detective—who will have no difficulty in working out the whole matter, and I will telegraph to him at once."

"I—I don't know how to thank you, sir," faltered Harman.

"Don't you think that will be the best plan, Lady Norah?" he asked, speaking to her for the first time.

Norah forced herself to reply, "You are very good."

"Not at all," he said, with self-depreciation. "We must help each other when and how we can, and I am only too glad to be of some slight service. Don't be anxious, Mrs. Harman, all will come right."

"The scandal, sir! we have always been so respectable."

"As to that," he said, thoughtfully, "I think we might prevent any gossip if we took proper steps."

Harman waited breathlessly, "Oh, sir, if we could!"

"It is easy enough," he said quietly. "We have only got to say that we have heard satisfactory news at the station or elsewhere." He saw Norah's face suddenly flush, and he went on more cautiously; "You need say nothing, Mrs. Harman; in fact, the less you say the better. Leave it to me. I am afraid I must tell a white lie or two, but it is pardonable to suppress the truth sometimes. I shall say that Becca has gone to a situation in London, which she had procured without the knowledge of her friends. She was such a restless girl that the story will be readily believed."

"Yes, sir, she was always restless poor girl!"

"I will go on with you to the village," he said, "and put this explanation into circulation, and then return to the station. I know the station master very well, and I am sure I can show him good reasons for keeping the booking clerk silent, and he himself will understand that the affair is not to be talked about."

Harman faltered out her gratitude, and they drove on in silence.

"Will you put me down at the inn, Lady Norah?" he said.

Norah pulled up the ponies at The Chequers, and he got out.

"You are letting this matter trouble you, I am afraid?" he said.

"I—I liked Becca—once," she said, in a repressed tone.

"Yes, I understand," he murmured. "But do not let it worry you too much. I shall find her in a very short time, and I am sure it will turn out as I have said. She is Mrs. Cyril Burne by this time," and he smiled.

Norah drove off without another look at him or a word of good-by, and he went into The Chequers.

Mrs. English was still surrounded by a knot of idlers drinking her beer and discussing the event of the day, and Guildford Berton advanced to the tiny bar.

"Ah, Mrs. English," he said, in a cheerful voice, that was loud enough to be heard by the persons inside and outside the inn, "I thought you would like to hear the result of our inquiries. It's a very tame ending to the sensation, but we have discovered that Becca South has gone off to a situation she has got in London."

"There now!"

"Yes," said Berton, laughing lightly. "It is a very prosaic finish, isn't it? But I'm glad it's no worse."

"Ah, you may well say so, sir," assented Mrs. English, tragically, "we were talking of dragging the pond—"

"Oh, nonsense; Becca was the last person, I should think, to commit suicide."

"I shouldn't be surprised at anything Becca South did," said Mrs. English, pursing her lips, "and I'm

hidden under the heap of leaves.

"I'm getting nervous!" he muttered, with a forced smile. "That won't do. Once I lose my nerve—"

Pulling himself together, he put the key in the lock and opened the door. As he did so the man whom he had last seen asleep on the inn bench came sauntering by.

Berton eyed him curiously, and with the vague suspicion with which he was doomed to regard every stranger henceforth, and as long as life should last; and, with a nod, said:

"It is a fine day."

"I've seen better, and I've seen worse," said Furlong, sententially, and with a glance at the high walls and as much of the grim cottage as he could see through the half-open door, sauntered on.

#### CHAPTER XXV.

Norah drove to the Court, and on the way managed to murmur a few words of encouragement to Harman, and at once sent her to her own room. Then, when she herself was alone, with the door safely locked upon the outside, world, she faced this that had happened to her.

It was so incredible, so impossible, that at first she felt simply stupefied and numbed; but presently, when she realized that Cyril had indeed deserted her, that she had lost him forever—for even if he had not married Becca, all must be over between them—she uttered a low cry, and flung herself face downward on the bed.

## Consumption

There is no specific for consumption. Fresh air, exercise, nourishing food and Scott's Emulsion will come pretty near curing it, if there is anything to build on. Millions of people throughout the world are living and in good health on one lung.

From time immemorial the doctors prescribed cod liver oil for consumption. Of course the patient could not take it in its old form, hence it did very little good. They can take

## SCOTT'S EMULSION

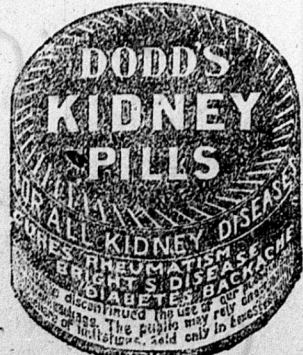
and tolerate it for a long time. There is no oil, not excepting butter, so easily digested and absorbed by the system as cod liver oil in the form of Scott's Emulsion, and that is the reason it is so helpful in consumption where its use must be continuous.

We will send you a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

Scott & Bowne  
Chemists  
Toronto, Ont.

50c. and \$1. all druggists





and a flood of tears came to her relief.

So she lay and cried, her hands writhing together, her beautiful hair strewn on the white coverlid, until her woman's pride came to her aid, and, with a moan of shame, she rose, trembling, but resolute.

This man, who had won her heart was not worth a sigh, least of all a tear! He had been acting, she told herself with a shudder, from the very first. All the passionate protestations, which had thrilled her to the very soul he had learned by heart; perhaps he had rehearsed them with Becca South! He had been false to the core, and had just amused himself—that was all—by making love to her.

The shame of the thought that she had been jilted, scorned by a man to whom she had given her whole heart, turned her like actual fire, and her proud head bowed itself on her breast with the weight of self-scorn and contempt.

And she had believed in him so wholly, had loved him so passionately and devotedly. Had loved? A shudder shook her as something within whispered: "Yes, and love him still!" And, with a moan, she flung herself on the bed again.

That he had left her, deserted her, for such an one as Becca South, added a refined torture to her anguish. If the girl he had preferred to her had been a lady, one in her own station, she thought she could have borne it better—but Becca, her own maid!

No doubt they were laughing together over his treachery and falsehood! For the first time she realized that she was an earl's daughter, and something of the pride of race stirred within her, and increased her shame and humiliation.

And yet as she lay there in all the abandonment of her misery, a strange, vague doubt haunted her, a doubt whether it was possible that she could have been so cruelly deceived, whether Cyril could be so base and vile as facts seemed to make him. Why should he have made love to her, and won her promise to be his wife, if all the time he was in love with Becca South?

At last, with a weary gesture, that was at the same time full of determination, she rose and bathed her face.

Cyril Burne had passed from her life, never to re-enter it, and from that moment it behooved her, if she possessed a spark of womanly pride and self-respect, to cast him out from her heart and even from her mind. She would force herself to forget him, or, if she thought of him at all, to regard him as beneath her contempt.

With trembling hands she did up her hair, and put on her prettiest dress, and then went downstairs, determined so to play her part that no one should suspect that her heart was very nearly broken.

The drawing-room door was open, and she went in and sat down to the piano, and began to play mechanically. Instinctively she wandered into a mournful sonata of Schubert's in harmony with her feelings, and her eyes began to fill with tears. With an impatient gesture she dashed them away, and changed the sonata to a brilliant fugue, which filled the room with a magnificent storm of sound, in the midst of which the earl entered.

He paused at the door, looking at her, and listening, and his face softened, or, rather, grew more proud and satisfied. She was very beautiful, he thought, and she played like a musician. Yes, this daughter of his was a credit to him!

Norah did not know he was in the room until he came and stood by the piano; then she stopped playing, and, with a start, looked up at him, and he saw how pale and worn she looked.

"Please do not stop," he said, with a wave of his hand; and she went on playing, but more softly.

He did not guess how keenly her heart ached with the desire to tell him all and to receive one word of

## IT WAS NOT A FAITH CURE

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED

MRS. ADAMS' BRIGHT DISEASE.

She Did Not Believe in Them, but To-day She is Strong and Well.

Collingwood, Ont., Nov. 27 (Special).—Mrs. Thos. Adams, who moved here about two years ago from Burk's Falls, is one of the many Canadians who once had Bright's Disease and are now strong and well. Like all the others she was cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I was eight months an invalid," says Mrs. Adams, "and no one can tell what I suffered. My doctor said I had Bright's Disease and Sciatica, but I got no relief from anything he gave me. At last a friend of my husband induced me to give Dodd's Kidney Pills a trial. I had no faith in them, for I thought I never would get better, but after taking three boxes of them I was able to do my work. I have had good health ever since I used Dodd's Kidney Pills."

"Ah, Guildford," he said, "I am glad you dine with us this evening. I was going to ask you to come over. We are going to town for a week or two. Lady Norah has not been looking well for some little time past, and needs change of air."

"Yes? I trust the change may do her good."

"There were one or two things I should be glad if you will see to, Guildford," and he mentioned several matters connected with the estate.

"Certainly, I quite understand. Don't let anything worry you while you are away; I will see to everything so far as I can."

"You know more about the estate than I do, I really think," remarked the earl, graciously. "I am sure I do not know what we should do without you. We go to the house in Park Lane."

"Yes? I will write and tell the people in charge."

"Oh, thank you," said the earl. "I had intended doing so, but if you will be so kind."

"Certainly," assented Berton, as if it were a matter of course. "Lady Norah will have the room overlooking the park? And as to horses and so on, I suppose you will hire? I will write to Selby's. Lady Norah will want a brougham for herself," he added thoughtfully.

"Order what you think necessary," said the earl.

Norah sat and listened in silence. She was beginning to understand how Guildford Berton had rendered himself indispensable to her father.

"By the way," said the earl, after a pause, "you would be all the better for a change yourself, Guildford."

"Oh, I am all right—quite well," he said.

"You scarcely look so," returned the earl. "You are thinner than you were, and paler."

Guildford Berton glanced out of the corner of his eyes at Norah, and forced a smile upon his face, which he knew looked haggard in the light thrown by the shaded lamp.

"Do I?" he said, carelessly.

"When I say a change, I don't wish to infer that Stangleigh is unhealthy. I consider it one of the most salubrious places in England," remarked the earl, stiffly. "But change of scene is sometimes of advantage. We could find room for you at Park Lane if you care to come."

(To be Continued.)

## A HANDSOME SOUVENIR.

The Grand Trunk Railway System have issued a beautiful set of playing cards which contain fifty-two views of scenes on their lines, re-

## A Pleasant Surprise

For tea drinkers is to give them a hot, steaming cup of fragrant

# Blue Ribbon

TEA instead of the ordinary kind. They'll notice the difference quick enough, then nothing will do them but Blue Ribbon Tea.

TRY THE RED LABEL.



### HOW TO RAISE MONEY

Easily and Quickly for Your Church

**NO RISK**

**AID SOCIETY, SCHOOL, or any other purpose.** Send us photographs (any size) of church and pastor, or other subjects and we will reproduce together in a beautiful half-tone, on colored paper, with the words "AID SOCIETY, SCHOOL, or any other purpose." All of one or assorted names, etc., as directed. Make beautiful, saleable souvenirs. Yourself and fellow workers can quickly sell at 50c each.

**KEEP \$30.00, SEND US \$20.00** any time within a month. We will send you a beautiful, saleable souvenir. Send us \$20.00 accepted cash with no money received in advance, but \$10.00 accepted cash with order. Satisfaction guaranteed. One sample and booklet "How to Raise Money" (\$10 to \$100) free. Additional samples 10c each. Above articles an advertising souvenir for merchants, etc., same price.

**WISCONSIN MFG. CO., Dept. 205, MANITOWOC, WIS.**

## KENTUCKY'S GREATEST THOROUGHBRED SALE

WILL BE THE

Fasig-Tipton Co's Sixth Annual Sale,

TO BE HELD AT WILSON'S HORSEMEN'S HEADQUARTERS  
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY,

**DECEMBER 12 - 16, 1905.**

Entire disposal sale of Maj. B. G. Thomas & Thos. R. Gardner; Dixiana Stud, Col. W. L. Simmons; Ashgrove Stud, Estate of E. W. Lee. R. S. Payne.

ALL THE PROMINENT BREEDERS have made entries, comprising Stallions, Brood Mares, Yearlings and horses to race.

## Commencing Monday Morning, December 4

FASIG-TIPTON & CO. will sell at VANTASSELL and KEARNEY'S, New York City, the entire

**Rancho del Paso Stud, of California**

Comprising Stallions and Brood Mares of extreme quality.

FOR CATALOGUE OF  
LEXINGTON SALE

ADDRESS

Thos. F. Kelly, Lexington, Ky.

FOR CATALOGUE OF  
RANCHO DEL PASO SALE

ADDRESS

Fasig-Tipton Co., Madison Square Gardens, N. Y.



## MAGNIFICENT Blue Fox Ruff FREE NO MONEY REQUIRED

Think of it, a beautiful Ruff of Blue Fox, the most fashionable fur worn, given absolutely free. Such an offer was never made before. The only reason we can afford to do it is that we arranged for these handsome Ruffs during the dull season in the summer and got them nearly at cost. The Ruff is 4 inches long, nearly 4 inches wide, made of the handsomest Blue Fox Fur, very rich, soft and fluffy. It is warmly padded, lined with the same material, satin and ornamented with four long tails of Blue Fox also. Such a handsome Fur has never before been given away, and you can get it so easy. Just send us your name and address, plainly, and we will mail you 2 doz. sets of

## Picture Post-Cards

to sell at 10c, a set (4 cards to a set). They are beautifully colored, all the rage, and sell like hot cakes. Such an opportunity was never offered before to the war. So and girls of Canada. You couldn't buy anything in the Fur Store that would look richer, be more becoming or more stylish, and remember, it won't cost you one cent. Write today. We trust you and send the Picture Post-Cards prepaid. Colonial Art Co., Dept. 82, Toronto



## PUMPS

O I C's, 2 months old, \$8. Silver's highest-priced strain. Only best pigs shipped. CROSSROADS FARM, Plattsburg, N. Y.

**FOR SALE - FIRST - CLASS**  
fifty-acre fruit farm; only one

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musician. Yes, this daughter of his was a credit to him!

Norah did not know he was in the room until he came and stood by the piano; then she stopped playing, and, with a start, looked up at him, and he saw how pale and worn she looked.

"Please do not stop," he said, with a wave of his hand; and she went on playing, but more softly.

He did not guess how keenly her heart ached with the desire to tell him all, and to receive one word of sympathy and consolation from him. She came to the end of the piece, and the earl nodded approval.

"You play with taste and expression, Norah," he said; then, as if half ashamed of having unbent even so slightly, he added, in the same breath, almost as if he were afraid she would make some affectionate response: "By the way, what is this story that I have heard about one of your maids—the girl named Rebecca South?"

Norah winced, but she raised her eyes to his steadily. This was a part of the ordeal she would have to undergo, and she would bear it without making a sign.

"The story, papa?"

"Yes, I have heard, from my valet, some rumor that the girl has run away. It is not true, I suppose?"

"Yes, it is true," she said.

"Run away from the Court! Why has she done so. With whom has she run away, pray?"

"She is Mrs. Harman's niece," said Norah, slowly, and still playing softly, "and Harman is trying to keep it secret. She ran away with—Mr. Cyril Burne."

"In-deed! It would be scarcely correct to say that it is no more than I expected, as my acquaintance with the gentleman was so slight; but from what I have heard of him, I am not surprised. I trust that it will be a warning to you not to credit every stranger you may happen to meet with all the virtues."

"The truth is not known, papa, it is Harman's secret."

"She need have no fear of my communicating it. The girl has left my roof of her own free will, and there is an end of it—and her!"

Norah drew a breath of relief, and he moved toward the door with his slow and stately step; but he came back and stood looking down at her.

"Are you unwell?" he asked.

"I am a little tired this morning, papa," she replied.

"You look pale. Would you like to see a doctor?"

Norah shook her head again, and a faint smile that was more sad than tears crossed her face. No doctor could give her back the Cyril she had loved and lost!

"You have not looked well for some time past," he said, "Perhaps you need a change of air."

"I don't know," said Norah, listlessly.

"I am going up to town in a few days. I had thought of staying at an hotel, but if you would like to accompany me, I will write and tell them to have the small house in Park Lane ready. There are not many people in town just now, but the change may benefit you. Do you care to go?"

"Thank you, papa," she replied. "Yes, I would like to go."

"Very well," he said. "I will make the necessary arrangements. You will take Harman with you, and the housekeeper can send some of the servants up at once," and he left the room.

The day passed slowly, draggingly. Norah tried to read, to work, but the book dropped in her lap, and she found herself dwelling upon her trouble, and going over all its details one by one with livid distinctness. She dressed herself for dinner, Harman being too ill to wait upon her, and went down with a listless step, to find Guildford Berton in the drawing-room.

His presence was a very unwelcome one to her, and her face flushed as he came up to her, and under his breath, said:

"I have wired to my man in London; do not be anxious."

Before she could respond the earl

healthy. I consider it one of the most salubrious places in England," remarked the earl, stiffly. "But change of scene is sometimes of advantage. We could find room for you at Park Lane if you care to come."

(To be Continued.)

**A HANDSOME SOUVENIR.**

The Grand Trunk Railway System have issued a beautiful set of playing cards which contain fifty-two views of scenes on their lines, reproduced in half-tone engravings—an illustration on the face of each card. The stock of which the cards are made is the best that can be obtained for the purpose, prepared by a waterproof process by the well known English firm of Goodall & Sons, London. The backs contain a handsome design beautifully lithographed in eight colors. The cards have gold edges and are neatly boxed. They are for sale by news agents on Grand Trunk trains, and at the news stands and make an interesting souvenir not only for one's home but to send to distant friends.

**ONE BILL CHEERFULLY PAID.**

"Smart always pays his wife's millinery bill in person."

"Smitten with the milliner?"

"Oh, no! If he lets his wife do it she'll order a new hat."

**Allen's Lung Balm.** In which there is no opium, cures sore throat and sore lungs as it allays the inflammation and ride you of the mucus that stops up the air passages. 25c., 50c., \$1.00 bottles.

**YOU CAN'T TELL.**

Life is not always what it seems, for there's many a silver watch on the end of a gold chain.

**Mild in Their Action—Farmers' Vegetable Pills** are very mild in their action. They do not cause gripping in the stomach or cause disturbances there as so many pills do. Therefore, the most delicate can take them without fear of unpleasant results. They can, too, be administered to children without imposing the penalties which follow the use of pills not so carefully prepared.

**HER UNSEEMLY PERVERSITY.**

Mrs. Hunks—I wish you wouldn't be so positive. There are two sides to every question.

Old Hunks (with a roar)—Well, that's no reason why you should always be on the wrong side!

**"My Heart was Thumping my Life out"** is the way Mrs. B. H. Wright, of Brockville, Ont., describes her sufferings from smothering, fluttering and palpitation. After trying many remedies without benefit, six bottles of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart restored her to health. The first dose gave almost instant relief, and in a day suffering ceased altogether.—51

**EXTERNALLY.**

Tramp—I lived on water once for six months.

Lady—Well, I must say you don't look it.

Tramp—I uster be a sailor.

**Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.**

**LOGIC.**

"I 'spect," said little Tommy after a study hour in his nature class, "that flowers shoot up because they have pistils inside of 'em."

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

**BEFOREHAND.**

Harry—Whisky is said to be a good antidote for snake bites, isn't it?

Jack—I don't know. I find it an excellent preventive.

**A Soothing Oil.**—To throw oil upon the troubled waters means to subdue to calmness the most boisterous sea. To apply Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil to the troubled body when it is racked with pain means speedy subjugation of the most refractory elements. It cures pain, heals bruises, takes the fire from burns, and as a general household medicine is useful in many ailments. It is

**PUMPS**

**THE SMART-TURNER MACHINE CO. LIMITED**

**HAMILTON ONT.**

**FARMERS!**

We are appointing one druggist or agent in every town or village all over Canada for the sale of our remedies. We treat successfully Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry, Young Colts with naval and joint diseases.

**Our Free Advice and Coupon System** will interest you. Write for list of remedies and nearest agency. No stock-broker can know too much about the diseases his animals are subject to.

**THE VETERINARY SPECIALTY CO., Limited**

556 DUNDAS ST., TORONTO, ONT.

Customer—"Not long ago I came in here and bought a porous plaster to help me get rid of the lumbago."

Clerk—"Yes, sir. What can I do for you now?" Customer—"I want something now to help me get rid of the plaster."

Often what appear to be the most trivial occurrence of life prove to be the most momentous. Many are disposed to regard a cold as a slight thing, deserving of little consideration, and this neglect often results in most serious ailments entailing years of suffering. Drive out colds and coughs with Bickie's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the recognized remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs.

"Blusher is the most bashful man I ever knew." "How on earth, then did he come to get married?" "He was too bashful to refuse."

Did you notice that old man limping along a day or so ago? Well, if he will put on his back "The D & L" Menthol Plaster, in a week he will walk as straight as any one.

**NOT YET.**

Terrified Toper—"They ain't a-goin' to hang me, are they?"

No, not now.

They Are a Powerful Nerveine.—Dyspepsia causes derangement of the nervous system, and nervous debility engendered is difficult to deal with.

**ANKLETS OF GOLD.**

English Women Use Ancient Symbols of Slavery.

The anklet, after hundreds of years, has returned to favor in London, and is to grace the slender ankle of the belle of to-day.

The modern anklet resembles the plain gold band first worn as a sign of bondage. Being a slave no more, woman, as is her habit, is only too glad to play with the symbol of slavery, provided the symbol is becoming. Therefore, the anklet graces the foot of the girl who wants to be just a little more than merely up-to-date.

Oriental anklets are much in demand, and in many instances these are supplied with a hinge and clasp, and slip round the foot easily.

Some of the new anklets are the tiniest gold bands inscribed with ancient charms, said to defend the wearer from all diseases and from evil of every kind.

Other anklets are made of precious stones strung together. These are worn under the stocking, and scarcely show through, so fine and small are they.

Phoenician glass or beaten gold anklets carved in hieroglyphics are very popular, and will probably be worn at winter dances.

to sell at 10¢ a set (4 cards to a set). They are beautifully colored, all the rage, and sell like hot cakes. Such an opportunity was never offered before to the young men and girls of Canada. You couldn't buy anything in the Fur Store that would look richer, be more becoming or more stylish, and remember, it won't cost you one cent. Write to-day. We trust you and send the Picture Post-Card paid. Colonial Art Co., Dept. 86, Toronto

O I C's, 2 months old, \$8. Silver's highest-priced strain. Only best pigs shipped. **CROSSROADS FARM,** Plattsburg, N. Y.

**FOR SALE - FIRST - CLASS** fifty-acre fruit farm; only one mile from city limits of Niagara Falls. D. Cole South End, Ont.

**WANTED-RELIABLE PARTIES** to do machine knitting for us at home; \$7 to \$10 per week easily earned; wool, etc., furnished free; distance no hindrance. For full particulars address the Dominion Knitting Co., Dept. M, Orillia, Ont.

**Free to Ladies**

**A HANDSOME STICK PIN.**

Send no money. Simply name and address to

**COUNTY SUPPLY CO.,** Chatham, Ont.

**30** Practical Every day Lessons on **FARM ACCOUNTS** For 75c, post paid. **FARM PUB. HOUSE,** Box 425, Chatham, Ont.

Nettie—"A girl doesn't often marry the man who is the best husband for her." Ned—"Of course not. If he is a good husband there is no occasion to marry him more than once."

Pleasant as syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Extirminator. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

Tody—"Jennie tells me young Woodby proposed to her last night."

Viola—"I don't think I know him. Is he well off?" Tody—"He certainly is. She refused him."

**"Regular Practitioner—No Result."**—Mrs. Annie C. Chestnut, of Whitby, was for months a rheumatic victim, but South American Rheumatic Cure changed the son from "despair" to "joy." She says: "I suffered untold misery from rheumatism—doctors' medicines did me no good—two bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure cured me—relief two hours after the first dose.—50

**TIME ENOUGH.**

Borroughs—Say, old man, there was a time when you promised to share your last dollar with me.

Nichley—That's all right; I haven't got down to it yet.

**For 33 Years**

Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, has been before the public, and this, together with the fact that its sales have steadily increased year by year, is the best proof of the merit of

**Shiloh**

as a cure for Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the lungs and air passages. Those who have used Shiloh would not be without it. Those who have never used it should know that every bottle is sold with a positive guarantee that, if it doesn't cure you, the dealer will refund what you paid for it. Shiloh

**Has Cured**

thousands of the most obstinate cases of Coughs, Colds and Lung troubles. Let it cure you.

"Last winter I coughed for three months and thought I was going into Consumption. I took all sorts of medicines, but nothing did me any good until I used Shiloh's Consumption Cure. Four bottles cured me. This winter I had a very bad cold, was not able to speak, my lungs were sore on the side and back. Six bottles of Shiloh made me well again. I have given it to several people and every one of them have been cured.—D. Joseph, St. Hyacinthe, Que."

**SHILOH**

25c. with guarantee at all druggists

**ISSUE NO. 48-05.**



# BLOODSHED IS IMMINENT

## Socialists Declare That Armed Rising is the Only Plan.

## Troops Are Being Drafted Into St. Petersburg. Mutinies Among the Troops.

### WITTE IS POWERLESS.

The London Times prints a despatch sent from St. Petersburg Saturday night, saying: "A combined meeting of the unions will be held on Saturday night to decide the question of a general strike. The decision will probably be in the affirmative. Troops have been drafted into St. Petersburg, and bloodshed appears to be imminent. The advocates of repression argue that prompt action is necessary. Otherwise the workmen and peasants will become too strong. The Socialist parties, for the first time on Friday evening held a joint meeting and decided that an armed rising is the only resource. Matters are drifting rapidly into complete anarchy. Count Witte is quite powerless to stem the tide."

The Odessa correspondent of the Times says he returned there from Sebastopol Saturday. He belittles the navy mutiny, and says the reports of thousands of casualties are absolutely untrue. The damage to the cruiser Otchakoff was severe. With the exception of the torpedo-boat destroyers, the other ships were barely touched. A certain number of mutineers were destroyed when escaping from the burning Otchakoff. Lieut. Schmidt, the leader of the mutineers, is a prisoner. Hardly any damage was done to the town, which was restored to perfect tranquillity when he left on Friday evening.

A despatch to the Standard from St. Petersburg says that the banks decline to consider any new business. Money is available in limited quantities for privileged customers only. The capital is threatened with a money famine.

### GUNS TRAINED ON BARRACKS.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: "The most elaborate precautions have been taken in view of a feared outbreak. The troops and naval battalions here have been completely carried over by the revolutionists. They have been deprived of their arms. They are almost out of control. At a meeting of officers at Tsarkoe Selo on Friday it is stated it was resolved not to fire on crowds when ordered. It is asserted that quick-firing guns have been trained upon the barracks of the Horse Guards."

It is learned from a high authority that the situation in the Baltic provinces has grown exceedingly grave and that the troops at Revel and neighborhood are in open mutiny. At the War Department it was declared that the outbreak was confined to reservists, who were insisting on their immediate discharge. The officials refused to furnish details.

At Kieff there has been serious street fighting between mutinous soldiers and Cossacks, and between

Russia shortly. There were no buyers on the Bourse on Thursday, and it was absolutely impossible to sell Russian bonds.

Government fours on Friday dropped to 77, a price lower than any reached during the war with Japan. There are many rumors that the Government is feeling the need of money. It is stated that the whole staff of the Finance Department is working late preparing schedules of present and prospective national finances, in view of the necessity for meeting in February the short loan contracted with the Mendelssohns of Berlin. It is declared that the immense losses caused by the mutinies and strikes, following the war expenses, are depleting the treasury alarmingly. A proposal is said to have been mooted to close the State Bank shortly if the drain continues.

The Czar on Friday signed a manifesto abolishing martial law in Poland.

### A NAVAL BATTLE.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: "The Minister of Marine has received a telegram from Sebastopol stating that the Black Sea fleet, having overhauled the cruiser Otchakoff, called upon her to surrender. The mutinous squadron, which had replaced the Cross of St. Andrew with the red flag, responded by hoisting the signal to engage. The North battery then received orders to fire on the squadron, but the artillerymen took sides with the mutineers, refused to obey orders, and turned their guns instead upon the town, and upon the Southern battery particularly. Half the town was destroyed."

The Otchakoff also sank the auxiliary cruiser Dnieper, while the Potemkin and three torpedo boats went ashore.

During this time the Bragsbat Regiment took the North fort, storming it at the point of the bayonet. Lieut. Schmidt, who was in command of the mutinous ships, was mortally wounded, and on ascertaining this the mutineers decided to surrender, which they did at 5 o'clock. Five thousand men were killed or wounded during the fighting.

The Ministry of Marine has received additional confirmation of the news that the mutineers have surrendered.

According to the Slovo, the mutineers themselves began the attack. After waiting until 3 o'clock in the afternoon for a reply to the demands of the mutineers, which included the convocation of a Constituent Assembly and the immediate realization of the reforms promised in the imperial manifesto, Lieut. Schmidt opened fire on the city from ten vessels. Vice-Admiral Choukine replied from the loyal warships, and Gen. Baron

are no disturbances at Odessa the inhabitants are in dread of the arrival of one or more of the mutinous warships from Sebastopol, and are preparing to flee on sighting those vessels. As to the actual happenings at Sebastopol the people of Odessa are ignorant, but rumors of all kinds are afloat.

### FOUGHT LION IN SEA GALE.

Escaped From Her Cage on the Steamship Pallanza.

A despatch from New York says: "A story of thrilling adventure at sea, reminiscent of the episode in Victor Hugo's 'Ninety-three,' in which a cannon breaks from its lashings on a ship and plunges madly over the deck in a storm, was brought into port on Tuesday by the Hamburg-American freighter Pallanza. The tale is one of a powerful lioness, which, frenzied by a storm, got loose from its cage and terrorized the whole crew until it was cornered and entangled in the meshes of a net."

When three days out the Pallanza was overtaken by a furious storm. The freight liner bobbed like a cork, and the cages on the upper deck, where the animals had been placed for fresh air, tugged at their lashings.

The lioness showed the greatest terror. She roared every time a wave combed over and hurled herself at the bars. A big wave finally dashed against the cage and overturned it. The beast got out and rushed down the slippery deck, reeling and plunging as the ship ducked and rose. The seamen fled, with the animal in pursuit. She rushed at them, but, unable to keep a straight course, failed to do any harm.

The men fled below. When her roars showed that she was near the stern some seamen, with John Osterman, who had charge of the animals, dodged up the companionway and formed in line with long spears. They bore down on the lioness and gradually forced her into a corner. Now and then she would attempt to spring past the outstretched weapons, but the sting of the steel sent her back.

A big net, such as is used in India to snare wild animals, was placed on the spears. It was then pushed over the crouching beast, and, under Osterman's guidance, so twisted that the lioness became helpless. She was dragged gingerly to the cage, and once again inside her prison was bound with ropes.

### ANOTHER CANCER REMEDY.

English Physician Says He Has a Specific.

A despatch from London says: "Alleged cancer cures which are put forward from time to time generally prove, to say the least, premature, but such is the importance of the subject that all receive the most careful consideration. The most recent reported here is the method of an Accrington physician, James Fenwick, for the particulars of which the King's Imperial Cancer Research Committee has sent to the doctor."

Dr. Fenwick has been engaged in his investigation for nine years. He declines as yet to state the exact nature of the remedy, but says it is very simple. He asserts that he has already cured nine cases. One of his patients had his nose destroyed when he went to Dr. Fenwick and almost every known treatment had been tried without avail. The growth at that time threatened to attack the eyes. Dr. Fenwick applied his specific, with the result that the spread of the cancer ceased and a healthy skin grew, leaving a discharge from the bone and ducts of the eyes to be treated.

An odd Accrington lady says that Dr. Fenwick cured her of cancer in three months. She describes the remedy as a dark liquid which was applied with a brush.

### FOUR WARSHIPS A YEAR.

## LEADING MARKETS

### BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Dec. 5.—Wheat—Ontario—No. 2 red and white are quoted at 78c to 79c outside, goose and spring 75c.

Wheat—Manitoba—85c to 86c for No. 1 northern, and 83c to 84c for No. 2 at lake ports. Inspection at Winnipeg yesterday covered 109 cars only, against 187 a year ago. 50 No. 1 northern, 23 No. 2 northern, 9 No. 3 northern, 1 red winter and 26 other grades.

Flour—Ontario—The export bid stands at \$3.05 to \$3.10 for 90 per cent. patents, buyers' bags, outside with none offering at these prices. Blends sell for domestic use at \$3.45 to \$3.55. Manitoba—\$4.50 to \$4.80 for first patents, \$4.30 to \$4.40 for second patents, and \$4.20 to \$4.30 for bakers'.

Millfeed—Ontario—Bran nominal at \$13 to \$14, shorts \$15.50 to \$17 in car lots outside. Manitoba bran \$16.50 to \$17.50, shorts \$18.50 to \$19.50 per ton in car lots at Toronto and equal freight points.

Oats—85c to 86c for No. 2 outside.

Barley—Quiet, 51c to 52c for No. 2, 49c to 50c for No. 3 extra, and 45c for No. 3 at outside points.

Rye—Dull at 72c to 73c outside. Buckwheat—52c to 53c as a nominal price outside.

Peas—75c to 76c outside.

Corn—Canadian New—Holders ask 44c to 45c Chatham freights, bids 1c to 2c less American new 50c to 51c for No. 3 yellow at Toronto.

Rolls Oats—\$5.25 for barrels and \$5 for bags on track here, with 25c more for broken lots here and 40c outside.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Creamery Butter	22c	24c
do solids	21c	22c
Dairy lb. rolls, good to choice	21c	22c
do medium	20c	21c
do tubs, good to choice	19c	20c
do inferior	17c	18c
Cheese—12c to 13c per lb.		
Eggs—22c to 23c for fresh and 20c to 21c for limed.		

Poultry—Fat chickens, 8c to 10c; thin 7c to 8c; fat hens, 7c to 8c; thin 6c to 8c; ducks, 10c to 11, thin 6c to 8c; turkeys, 12c to 13c; geese, 9c to 10c.

Potatoes—Ontario, 65c to 75c per bag on track here and 75c to 85c out of store; eastern stock, 75c to 80c on track and 90c to 95c out of store.

Baled Hay—\$8 to \$8.50 for No. 1 timothy in car lots on track here, No. 2, \$6 to \$6.50.

Baled Straw—Car lots quoted steady at \$6 per ton.

### MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Dec. 5.—Grain—Business in wheat was very quiet. In coarse grains there were no features of interest. Oats quiet and steady. Offerings of peas limited. Sales of Manitoba barley were reported at 46c for No. 4.

Flour—The market rules steady under a good demand. Demand for millfeed good, and prices rule firm. Baled hay is fairly active.

Oats—No. 2 Manitoba, white, 39c ex-track; No. 2 Ontario, 39c; No. 3, 38c; No. 4, 37c ex-store. Buckwheat—57c to 58c per bushel ex-store.

Peas—78c per bushel. Barley—Manitoba, No. 3, 48c; No. 4, 46c.

Flour—Manitoba—Spring wheat patents, \$4.50 to \$5; strong bakers', \$4.40 to \$4.60; winter wheat patents, \$4.25 to \$4.50; straight rollers, \$4 to \$4.10; do in bags, \$1.85 to \$1.95; extras, \$1.65 to \$1.75.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, in bags, \$17; shorts, \$20 per ton; Ontario bran in bulk, \$14.50 to \$15; shorts, \$20; milled mouille, \$21 to \$24; straight grain mouille, \$25 to \$27 per ton. Baled Oats—Per bag, \$2.55; corn,

vinces has grown exceedingly grave and that the troops at Reval and neighborhood are in open mutiny. At the War Department it was declared that the outbreak was confined to reservists, who were insisting on their immediate discharge. The officials refused to furnish details.

At Kief there has been serious street fighting between mutinous sappers and Cossacks and between workmen and bands of the "Black Hundred," scores of persons have been killed or wounded. Martial law has been proclaimed.

#### NO CONNECTION.

A despatch from London says:—With the exception of crippled communication with Warsaw, there is now postal or telegraph connection between Europe and Russia, except St. Petersburg. The capital itself is completely isolated from the remainder of the empire, unless the report is true that the Government has established wireless communication with Moscow. Nothing is known of what has happened in Southern Russia since Admiral Choukine reported the suppression of the mutiny at Sebastopol.

Assuming the accuracy of the rumored plot at Tsarskoe-Selo, it seems part of the reactionaries to stem to indicate a desperate effort on the evergrowing revolution from below by a dictatorship and military violence, with the probable crushing of the helpless nominal sovereign between the two forces. No less grave in possibilities are the reports of a financial panic and the drain of gold from Russia, which are causing hints that unless the Government is able to raise money it may be compelled to omit payment of the interest on the State debt due in January.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Telegraph says the banks are refusing numerous kinds of business that was done as late as Thursday. Among others are transactions of forward delivery proposed by foreigners holding Russian securities, who are anxious thus to ensure the rate of exchange of the rouble. The Volgansk Bank and other financial institutions declined these transactions, giving as the reason that unless the amount was equal to \$50,000 they could not do business, but when that amount was agreed to they still refused.

#### DANGEROUS PANIC.

All kinds of rumors are prevalent, and the panic is assuming an absurd as well as a dangerous form. The extreme press organs have frightened the lower middle class investors, who are making a run on the savings banks. The outflow of gold from Russia continues, while the influx is very insignificant by comparison. This fact and the systematic endeavors that are avowedly made by certain sections of the revolutionists to ruin Russia economically may cause most serious results in the future, which will take years to remedy.

The panic is wholly disproportionate to the real condition of things, although the outlook is distinctly unpromising. The only remedy is ready money. The only way of getting gold without encroaching on the reserve is a foreign loan or heavy exports. The Government has thus far heroically and successfully upheld the rate of exchange to manifest advantage of foreign investors.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Daily Mail says the Central Strike Committee has decided to paralyze the Government by blackening the imperial credit. All Government loans negotiated abroad in the future will be repudiated in the event of the quite probable annihilation of the present Government. There is a plan to seize forcibly all the gold deposits. The strikers' motto now is to destroy confidence abroad in the Government's financial position, reserving physical force for a date in the near future.

#### FEELING NEED OF MONEY.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—There are many indications that financial disaster will overtake

the empire themselves began the attack. After waiting until 3 o'clock in the afternoon for a reply to the demands of the mutineers, which included the convocation of a Constituent Assembly and the immediate realization of the reforms promised in the imperial manifesto. Lieut. Schmidt opened fire on the city from ten vessels. Vice-Admiral Choukine replied from the loyal warships, and Gen. Baron Meller Gakomelskio from the southern forts and with the coast artillery. The mutinous sailors used rifles and machine guns upon the entrenched infantry.

#### ODDS WERE TOO GREAT.

The fight, the Slovo says, lasted for two and a quarter hours. The mutineers made a heroic struggle but the odds were too heavy, and when the Otchakoff, battered to pieces and on fire, sank with the cruiser Dnieper and a transport, Lieut. Schmidt, who was mortally wounded, surrendered the mutinous squadron, and the mutinous sailors on shore hauled down their flags to the Brest and Bielowstock Regiments.

The Listo says that the conspiracy which led to the mutiny, went on under the noses of the officers, and that even Vice-Admiral Birileff, the Minister of Marine, who was at Sebastopol a fortnight ago, suspected nothing. The sailors waited until they were assured of the support of the troops, most of whom, however, refused to go over to the mutineers when the die was cast.

During the first three days the mutineers were orderly. They sent delegates to the shopkeepers requesting them not to close, as there would be no disorders, and asking the inhabitants not to leave the city. They also sent out patrols with instructions to arrest the rascals who were seeking to take advantage of the situation. In all their demonstrations the mutineers intentionally sang the national hymn in order to prove that the only traitors were those who refused to satisfy their demands.

#### CZAR'S GUARDS ARRESTED.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—The most alarming indication of the spread of disaffection in the army, extending even to regiments near the person of the Emperor, was given in the arrest at Tsarskoe-Selo on Thursday of a number of soldiers belonging to the Yellow Cuirassiers of the Guard, the Hussars of the Guard, and the Life Guard riflemen for presenting a series of petitions, including one against the use of troops for police purposes.

The regiments in question are those which have been specially selected by Gen. Trepoff to guard the Emperor and his family. They have been counted upon as being loyal to the last, ready even to be torn to pieces in defence of his Majesty, like the Swiss Guards of Louis XVI. Their arrest, however, although not for open sedition, shows how the lever of discontent is working, even within the precincts of the Imperial Park at Tsarskoe-Selo.

The incident gave rise to almost alarming rumors in St. Petersburg, including one to the effect that the Emperor actually had been attacked, and that a Grand Duke had been wounded while defending him, but assurance is given by a member of the imperial entourage at Tsarskoe-Selo that this is untrue.

#### NAVAL BATTALIONS DISARMED.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—The newspapers say that, owing to their disquieting attitude, the naval battalions have been deprived of their arms and ammunition. The troops at Nijni-Novgorod have been forbidden to attend meetings. The non-commissioned officers of the disciplinary battalion at Varonezh have refused to perform their duties. The reservists at Dvinsk have resolved not to take the oath, if called to the colors.

#### PANIC IN ODESSA.

A despatch from London says:—Private advices received in London from Odessa tells of a most interesting situation there. While there

the skin grew, leaving a discharge from the bone and ducts of the eyes to be treated.

An old Accrington lady says that Dr. Fenwick cured her of cancer in three months. She describes the remedy as a dark liquid which was applied with a brush.

#### FOUR WARSHIPS A YEAR.

#### Estimate of Admiralty—Big Reduction to Be Made.

A despatch from London says: An official memorandum issued by the Admiralty states that as the result of recent reforms the next estimates for the navy will show a reduction of \$7,500,000 beyond the reduction of \$17,500,000 made last spring. The Admiralty considers that the present strategic requirements will necessitate the building of four large armored ships annually. It also remarks that "however formidable foreign shipbuilding programmes appear on paper, we can always overtake them in consequence of our resources and power of rapid construction."

Lord Cawdor, First Lord of the Admiralty, however, accompanies this explanation by warning the public that a reduction in estimates cannot be continued in future years if foreign countries make unforeseen developments in their shipbuilding programme.

#### FEARED LONDON MOB.

#### Why British Parliament Buildings Are on the Thames.

Strategic reasons determined the location of the British houses of Parliament, where they stand to-day on the banks of the Thames. When the old houses were burnt down early in the nineteenth century, and the task of rebuilding was faced, there was a proposition to establish them on or near the site of St. James' Palace. The Duke of Wellington resolutely put down his foot on the proposal. "With a vast and growing population such as yours in London," he said, "you must never make it possible that you can be surrounded. You must build your Houses of Parliament upon the river, so that the means of ingress and egress are safe, and that the populace cannot exact their demands by sitting down around you."

#### HERE'S A REAL HUSBAND.

#### Risked Death Rather Than Disappoint His Wife.

A despatch from Vancouver, B.C., says:—In order not to break his promise to his wife George Keene faced death many times in the bleak, snowy wastes of the arctic that separate Fairbanks from Dawson. He tramped alone from the Alaska gold camp to the capital of the Canadian Yukon, without even snowshoes. He walked over the ice of the Yukon River and escaped death so many times during the trip that he scarcely realizes the danger he has come through. He left Fairbanks with two bundles of newspapers and to these he owes his life. With them he was able to start fires quickly, without them he would have frozen to death. The trip was made solely because his wife was at Dawson expecting him on the last steamer before navigation closed. He missed that boat and, therefore, set out on foot.

#### RAILWAY SHOPS BURNED

#### P. E. Island Railway a Sufferer to Extent of \$60,000.

A despatch from Charlottetown, P. E. I., says: Fire in the Prince Edward Island Railway yards on Wednesday night destroyed the car shop and blacksmith shop, with almost all the contents, including passenger coach, box car, flanger patterns, tools, etc. The loss will be over \$60,000. A large number of men will be thrown out of employment. The round house and the freight shed being threatened, the engines and freight were removed. Heavy rain aided the firemen in extinguishing the flames.

\$4.40 to \$4.60; winter wheat prices, \$4.25 to \$4.50; straight rollers, \$4 to \$4.10; do in bags, \$1.85 to \$1.95; extras, \$1.65 to \$1.75.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, in bags, \$17; shorts, \$20 per ton; Ontario bran in bulk, \$14.50 to \$15; shorts, \$20; milled mouille, \$21 to \$24; straight grain mouille, \$25 to \$27 per ton.

Rolled Oats—Per bag, \$2.55; cornmeal, \$1.45 to \$1.50 per bag. Hay—No. 1, \$8.50 to \$9; No. 2, \$7.50 to \$8; clover, mixed, \$6 to \$6.50, and pure clover, \$6 per ton in car lots.

Cheese—Prices unchanged at 12½c to 12½c for Ontario and 11½c to 12½c for Quebec.

Butter—Choice creamery quoted at 23½c to 23½c; second grades, 22½c to 23c.

Eggs—25c for selected, 20c for No. 1 candied and 21c for Montreal limited.

Provisions—Abattoir dressed hogs are unchanged at \$8.50, but country dressed are firmer, and are bringing from \$8 to \$8.25.

#### BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, Dec. 5.—Flour—Steady. Wheat—Nominal. Corn—Steady for choice grades, easy for soft corn; No. 2 yellow, 50c; No. 2 corn, 48½c. Oats—Firm; No. 2 white, 35c; No. 2 mixed, 33½c.

#### CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Dec. 5.—A fairly good trade was doing in all lines of cattle at the Western Market this morning. The run was not very large, but the demand for choice cattle was active in all lines.

Export Cattle—Choice are quoted at \$4.25 to \$4.60, good to medium at \$3.60 to \$4.10, others at \$3.75 to \$3.85, bulls at \$3.50 to \$4 and cows at \$2.75 to \$3.50.

Butcher Cattle—Picked lots, \$4 to \$4.50, good to choice \$3.75 to \$3.90, fair to good \$3.20 to \$3.60, common \$2.50 to \$3, cows \$2 to \$2.75, bulls \$1.75 to \$2.25, and tanners \$1.75 to \$2.50.

Stockers and Feeders—Short-kept feeders at \$3.60 to \$4, good feeders at \$3.40 to \$3.65, medium at \$2.50 to \$3.30, bulls at \$2 to \$2.75. Good stockers run at \$2.80 to \$3.30, rough to common at \$2 to \$2.70, and bulls at \$1.75 to \$2.50.

Milk Cows—The range of prices offering is quoted unchanged at \$30 to \$60 each.

Calves—Quotations are \$2 to \$10 each and 2c to 5½c per pound.

Sheep and Lambs—Sheep are quoted unchanged at \$4 to \$4.25 for export ewes, and \$3 to \$3.50 for bucks and culls. Lambs are quoted at \$5 to \$5.65.

Hogs—Selects are quoted at \$6 per cwt. and lights and fats at \$5.75.

#### EIGHTEEN MINERS DEAD.

#### Explosion One Thousand Feet Under Ground.

A despatch from Diamondville, Wyoming, says: Eighteen miners lost their lives in an explosion on Friday night in the Diamond Coal and Coke Company's mine. Miners believe that a "blow out" shot caused the explosion which wrecked the mine. The shock of the explosion was felt all over the town, rocking buildings so violently that their occupants ran outdoors. The explosion occurred one hundred and ten feet underground and 3,000 from the mouth of the shaft. Every man in the mine at the time of the explosion perished. It is believed that most of the dead are Englishmen.

#### BLASTS KILLING FISH.

#### Heavy Explosions in Detroit River Causing Havoc.

A despatch from Windsor says: Heavy blasting in the Detroit River has been destructive of all varieties of fish, and has disturbed the run of the white fish. Hundreds of fish come to the surface after every blast, and large numbers are picked up along the shores. Fisheries Inspector Parker will probably make special reference to this in his annual report.



## FLAME IN BALKAN STATES

Bulgaria and Roumania Likely to Fight Turkey.

A London despatch says:—While in official circles it is admitted that the powers do not expect the Sultan to yield as the result of the occupation of Mitylene, it was stated on Thursday that plans for the next step had not been definitely arranged, the other powers awaiting the British proposals.

The Foreign Office states that the British Government does not know exactly the extent of the coercion which the other powers are willing to employ, but it is certain that none of the powers is willing to resort to actual warfare in order to enforce the demands for the financial control of Macedonia.

This view of the situation makes it quite possible that demonstration by occupation may proceed somewhat indefinitely.

The present political situation in the United Kingdom naturally increases the reticence in official circles here, and as Great Britain is taking a lead, the movements of the demonstrating fleet may be delayed for some time pending the decision of the Cabinet concerning its resignation or the dissolution of Parliament.

The Government has received information through Sofia that the Macedonian Committee has issued what is practically an ultimatum. Unless the demonstration of the powers shall be carried to a successful issue, the revolutionaries are prepared to announce that they intend to create a situation which will be Turkey and Bulgaria.

certain to result in a war between Turkey and Bulgaria.

It is well known that Bulgaria has the revolution of 1903. An accord having been reached between Bulgaria and Roumania concerning Macedonia, these two Governments are now prepared to try conclusions with Turkey should the necessity of such action arise.

## STARTED FOURTEEN FIRES.

Incendiary Arrested by the Sarnia Police.

A Sarnia, Ont., despatch says:—The series of incendiary fires have been alarming citizens for the past fortnight, were added to on Saturday night to the extent of four more, and immediately prior to the last blaze one of the incendiaries was arrested. He confessed to eight of the fourteen fires, implicating two companions, who are now under arrest, but deny their guilt.

Last night's record commenced with the stables of William Johnston's grocery, which was fired at 9.30. An hour later an oil shed belonging to Randall Kenny, grocer, was lighted. Half an hour after midnight a third fire was found in the shed in the rear of John Langan's residence, Vidal Street.

A few minutes after this E. Servis, chief of police, arrested James Milne, aged 22, janitor of St. George's Episcopal Church and former fireman. He had been suspended and shadowed, and was practically caught in the act.

At 4 a.m. a fourth and particularly diabolical act was perpetrated in the burning of Wesley Watson's livery on Christina Street, showing that other men were still active. A man asleep in the building had difficulty in escaping.

Sunday morning Chief of Police Servis confronted Milne with the evidence of his guilt, and he made a full confession to Servis, ex-Mayor Sook and Mayor David Barr.

## ESCAPE TUBERCULIN TEST.

Rule Relaxed for Canadian Cattle for Chicago Show.

A Washington, D.C., despatch says:—The United States Secretary of Agriculture has issued a ruling that Canadian cattle may be tested for tuberculosis at the Chicago show.

## FLEET OF ICE-BREAKERS.

Mackenzie & Mann's Lake Superior Link.

A Sault Ste. Marie despatch says:—It is said that Mackenzie & Mann, the railway promoters, contemplate as one of the links in their scheme for a transcontinental line the placing on Lake Superior of a fleet of ice-breaking car ferries. The idea is to keep navigation open during the winter months between Port Arthur and Hatchawanning Bay, the latter a splendid harbor on Lake Superior, about thirty miles from the Soo.

Thus the company would have an almost direct line from Edmonton to Ottawa, for in connection with the proposition to place the car ferry service on Lake Superior is that of taking over the rights of the Manitoulin & North Shore Railway, which was one of the Clergue schemes.

The M. & N. S. Railway right of way is between Sudbury and Searchmont, on the main line of the Algoma Central Railway, a short distance north of the Soo. From Searchmont a line would be built in to Hatchawanning Bay.

It is stated that a fleet of car ferries could be placed in commission on Lake Superior at one-tenth of what it would cost to build a railway line around the north shore.

## JEERED PRINCESS LOUISE.

Hooting Mob Insults Daughter of Britain's King.

A London despatch says:—Edged on by the Social Democratic Federation, the unemployed mustered in strong force around the Church Army tents off the Strand on Wednesday and jeered and hooted the Princess Royal, the Princess Louise, Duchess of Fife, eldest daughter of King Edward, who performed the ceremony of opening the tents which were presented by the King and endowed with \$5,000 from Queen Alexandra's fund to house and feed great numbers of the unemployed, who are to chop firewood for this relief. Shouts of "Religious Sweaters" and "Curs their charity," greeted the Princess, and the crowds became so boisterous that large numbers of police had to be summoned to disperse them.

## PRISON FOR VOTING TWICE

Law Reaches Some of the Crooks in the New York Elections.

A New York despatch says:—Three men were sentenced to prison on Wednesday for illegal voting in the recent New York city and county elections. Albert Farrar and Thomas McCall were each sentenced to the penitentiary for one year, and Bartholomew Wallace was sentenced to the Elmira Reformatory. All were convicted for voting twice.

Samuel K. Ellenbogen, the City Marshal, who was convicted on Tuesday of perjury in connection with registration frauds in the recent elections was sentenced to not more than four years and six months, and not less than two years in the State prison.

## DYNAMITE EXPLODED.

Two Men Hurlled Through Air and Buildings Shattered.

A Quebec despatch says:—Over fifty pounds of dynamite in a shed at St. Romuald exploded on Wednesday afternoon, the shock hurling two men through the air, injuring them only slightly, however, and shaking every building along the south shore down as far as St. Joseph de Levis, and as far west as St. Nicholas, and breaking windows in many. The noise was heard in Quebec. The explosion badly wrecked some of the buildings nearby.

# BALFOUR CABINET OUT

## The Liberal Leader Called By the King

## Lord Roseberry Will Not Be In the Ministry--General Election Soon

London, Dec. 5.—The resignation of Prime Minister Balfour and the King's acceptance of it are officially announced. His Majesty has commanded Sir Henry Campbell-Banerman, the Liberal leader, to visit him this morning.

The Radical Daily News says that Liberal opinion has practically decided that the wisest course in all the circumstances is for Sir Henry to accept the King's request to form a Liberal Government and to appeal to the country as early as possible next year.

It is probable that the Liberal leader has already completed his Cabinet, though this must be left to surmise.

It may be stated as certain that Lord Roseberry will be entirely ignored in

the make-up of the new Cabinet and that John Morley will be one of the chief advisers of Sir Henry in drawing up the list of his official family which will be presented to his Majesty.

Mr. Morley himself is considered likely to go to the Indian Office, and it is probable that Herbert Henry Asquith will be Chancellor of the Exchequer. The Foreign Affairs portfolio will go either to Lord Elgin or Sir Edward Grey, though the latter is considered likely to be made Secretary of the Colonies. Aside from these there is a degree of uncertainty.

The meeting of the Privy Council, which was set for Wednesday morning, has been postponed to a later date.

## EMPEROR IS SATISFIED.

Marquis Ito Has Completed His Mission to Corea.

A despatch from Seoul, Corea, says:—Marquis Ito was received in a farewell audience on Tuesday by the Emperor. He left on Wednesday on a special train for Fusan, his difficult task of placating the Emperor of Corea having been accomplished. British Minister Jordan and former Chief of Customs J. M. McLeavy Brown also had a farewell audience with the Emperor on Wednesday. American Minister Morgan communicated with the foreign officers announcing his withdrawal from Corea and stating that Consul-General Padlock would have charge of American interests.

Japanese gendarmes or police are guarding the Imperial Palace and the residences of the Cabinet Ministers to prevent any attack upon them by objectors to the new Japanese-Corean agreement. The Emperor has been urged to repudiate the agreement and cause the assassination of the Cabinet Ministers who signed it.

## TEN THOUSAND FOR CANADA.

Big Emigration of the Salvation Army in England.

A despatch from London says:—Speaking to the Canadian Associated Press, Col. Lamb, chief of the Emigration Department of the Salvation Army, spoke enthusiastically of the prospect next year. "Last year we had 60,000 applicants and we sent out \$4,000; this year we expect an increased number of applicants and are making preparation to send out 10,000. Our first steamer sails on March 1, and we have chartered three steamers. We were offered inducements to go outside the conference."

## FLASHES FROM THE WIRE

The Very Latest Items From All Parts of the Globe.

### CANADA.

All attempts to release the stranded Bavarian this fall will be abandoned.

At Neepawa D. Coulter was fined \$300 for selling liquor without a license.

The expenditures of Winnipeg during the last fiscal year totalled \$2,898,567.56.

Halifax will organize a children's aid society on the lines of the one in Toronto.

Glencoe is negotiating with the Canada Flax Company to establish a factory in that town.

Canada's customs revenue for five months ending Nov. 30th show an increase of \$1,262,267.

The Grand Trunk Railway will spend \$6,000,000 in a new station and terminals at Montreal.

The cruise of the Government cruiser Canada to the West Indies last year cost over \$25,000.

Excellent specimens of gold and coal have been found about Fort St. John's, in the Peace and Finlay rivers.

Twenty thousand electors of Montreal have been disqualified municipally for non-payment of the water rates.

Queen Alexandra has sanctioned a plan to issue "The Queen's Christmas card," in aid of the unemployed fund.

Lord Roberts has resigned from the Committee of Imperial Defence, to organize the work of universal military training.

Archbishop Bruchesi of Montreal has issued a second warning to Montreal theatrical managers against immoral shows.

Sunday morning. Servis confronted Milne with the evidence of his guilt, and he made a full confession to Servis, ex-Mayor Sook and Mayor David Barr.

## ESCAPE TUBERCULIN TEST.

Rule Relaxed for Canadian Cattle for Chicago Show.

A Washington, D.C., despatch says:—The United States Secretary of Agriculture on Wednesday issued an amended order providing for the importation of Canadian cattle, sheep, and swine for exhibition purposes at the International Live Stock Exhibition at Chicago Dec. 16 to 23. The order exempts Canadian cattle from the tuberculin test, provided they are accompanied by a certificate from a Canadian official veterinarian, stating them to be free from disease, and that all such cattle not sold in the United States are to be returned immediately to Canada at the close of the exposition. Such cattle sold here will be subject to this test. All shipments are to be made direct to the exposition grounds.

## UNIFORM FRUIT BASKETS.

Niagara District Growers Adopt Recommendations.

A St. Catharines despatch says:—The adjourned meeting of the Niagara District Fruit-Growers' Association was held here on Saturday afternoon, to receive the report of the committee appointed to decide on the size and shape of uniform fruit baskets. The sizes decided upon were as follows:—Eleven quart baskets, eighteen and three-quarter by six and three-quarter at the bottom, with a depth of five and three-quarter inches. The six quart size to be fifteen and one-eighth by seven inches at the top, thirteen and one-half by five and five-eighths at the bottom, with a depth of four and five-eighths inches. It was also decided to do away with the leno covers as much as possible, and to use wooden covers.

## IMMIGRANTS TORTURED.

Lured on Oyster Boats and Finally Murdered.

A Philadelphia despatch says:—It was discovered on Wednesday afternoon that upward of five hundred immigrants within the last four years have been kidnapped and sent to torture on the oyster boats in Chesapeake Bay, and many of them are believed to have met their death on these boats. The full report of this discovery will unearth a tale of crime that has no equal in the story of shagbaling. Certain policemen are believed to be party to these crimes, and evidence, expected within a week, will show, it is said, that they winked at, connived at, shared in the graft. There is little doubt now that the bodies found in the Delaware from time to time, and designated by Coroners' juries as "found drowned," were those of men actually murdered on oyster boats.

## MYSTERY OF AN OLD SHOE

Bones of a Man's Foot Found in Northern Ontario Woods.

A Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., despatch says:—A shoe found twenty miles north of here in the woods, which contained the skeleton of a man's foot, has been brought to this city. No other sign of the body was left. It is believed to be part of the remains of some explorer who went into the woods nearly a century ago, as the oldest settlers say they cannot remember when that kind of shoe was manufactured, although they can remember one or two parties that wore them when they were boys. The sole is of wood, fastened to the uppers with wire. An iron rim runs around the sole and heel.

The Equitable Life has been ordered by the German Government to increase its premium reserves.

Romuald exploded on Wednesday afternoon, the shock hurling two men through the air, injuring them only slightly, however, and shaking every building along the south shore down as far as St. Joseph de Levis, and as far west as St. Nicholas, and breaking windows in many. The noise was heard in Quebec. The explosion badly wrecked some of the buildings nearby.

## FATAL SHIPPING SEASON.

One Hundred and Forty-Nine Lives Lost on the Lakes.

A Detroit, Mich., despatch says:—The Journal on Friday says 149 lives have been sacrificed, over 70 ships wrecked and a loss of nearly \$7,000,000 has been sustained in the three big storms on the great lakes this season. That this is the most disastrous season in the history of shipping on the lakes is beyond doubt.

## BIG FIRE AT WINNIPEG.

Brown Block on Main Street Destroyed.

A Winnipeg despatch says:—The Brown Block, Main Street, was destroyed by fire shortly before midnight, on Wednesday, the total loss being about \$150,000. The building, which was owned by the Misses Brown, of Winnipeg, was valued at \$40,000. The principal losers were Gilbert, Ridout and Co., carpet, \$60,000, insurance \$40,000; Adams and Morrison, boots and shoes, \$10,000; Porter's china hall, \$20,000.

## MONTREAL PORT REVENUE

Returns Show Increase of \$31,746 Over Last Season.

A Montreal despatch says:—During the season of navigation just closed the revenue of the Harbor Commissioners amounted to \$310,402.88, an increase of \$31,746.39 over 1904. Of the total received \$186,500 was from imports, an increase of \$18,500; from exports, \$79,500, an increase of \$7,500, and from local traffic, \$44,402.88, or an increase of \$7,746.39 over the preceding season.

## CHINA AND JAPAN.

Vital Items in the Negotiations Amicably Settled.

A Tokio despatch says:—The rescindment of martial law and the restrictions placed upon the liberties of the press have been passed by the Privy Council and will be promulgated within a few days. The vital items of the negotiations between China and Japan have been amicably settled.

## CUSTOMS REVENUE JUMPS.

Nearly Half a Million More Than This Time Last Year.

An Ottawa despatch says:—The Customs revenue of the Dominion was nearly a half a million more for the month of November than for the same period last year. Collection were \$3,790,471, or \$432,204 over November, 1904; for the five months the revenue was \$19,106,300, or \$1,262,267 over the same period last year.

## PAROLE SYSTEM A SUCCESS.

Dominion Officer Says Men Released Are Doing Well.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. W. P. Archibald, Dominion Parole Officer, arrived in the city on Thursday, after visiting Toronto and important points in western Ontario. He reports that the paroled men are doing exceptionally well. Next week Mr. Archibald leaves on an extended tour to the Eastern Provinces, visiting Dorchester Penitentiary. In Halifax and St. John, N. B., Mr. Archibald will address several meetings on the subject of Canadian criminology.

Speaking to the Canadian Associated Press, Col. Lamb, chief of the Emigration Department of the Salvation Army, spoke enthusiastically of the prospect next year. "Last year we had 60,000 applicants and we sent out \$4,000; this year we expect an increased number of applicants and are making preparation to send out 10,000. Our first steamer sails on March 1, and we have chartered three steamers. We were offered inducements to go outside the conference steamship lines, but our steamers will be the Allan, Dominion, and C. P. R. The business of the department has increased so we have had to secure more commodious premises."

## CHLOROFORM MOTHER.

Miss Anna Hall's Method of Relieving Suffering.

A despatch from Cincinnati says: Miss Anna Hall, who recently attracted wide attention by advocating at a Philadelphia convention that persons hopelessly sick or suffering be chloroformed, wanted to practise her theory on her own mother, according to testimony given on Thursday at a hearing over the contested will of Mrs. Murcey Hall, Miss Hall's mother. Mrs. Simcoe, a witness, said, she had frequently heard Miss Hall beg the attending physician to let her administer chloroform to end her mother's suffering, saying that death was inevitable and it was cruelly to prolong her life. The doctor refused, saying: "You are a thousand years ahead of your time."

## SKELETON ADRIFT.

Bones of Indian Girl Float Ashore at Grand Marais, Michigan.

A despatch from Grand Marais, Mich., says:—A frail birch bark canoe containing the skeleton of an Indian girl has come ashore near here. The bones rested on a rich blanket and on the wrists were heavy silver bracelets. Indians fishing along shore buried the skeleton and expressed the belief that it was set adrift in the canoe in compliance with some of the religious rites of the red men.

## TWO BURNED TO DEATH.

Woman and Child Victims of Fire in Algoma Reserve.

A despatch from Little Current, Ont., says:—On Monday last a house occupied by an Indian in West Bay Reserve was burned to the ground, in a fire started by children playing with matches. The Indian and his wife were away, and an old woman was caring for three little children. One of them was upstairs, and not being able to find her way down, was burned to death. Neighbors rescued those in the lower part of the house, but the old woman was so terribly burned that she died a few hours afterwards.

## HEARSES BURNED IN FIRE.

Belleville Undertaker's Premises Burned.

Belleville, Ont., Dec. 4.—At an early hour this morning a large frame barn situated on Pinnacle Street, and used by Mr. B. E. Sillis, undertaker, was destroyed by fire. A fine team of black horses were cremated and two hearses were burned, in addition to harness, robes, etc. The loss to Mr. Sillis is estimated at \$1,600, and insurance \$1,300. Dr. Ross owned the building, and the loss is covered by insurance. There appears to be no doubt but that the fire was incendiary in its origin.

## LIKE THE KLONDIKE.

Great Excitement in Gold Fields on Straits of Magellan.

A despatch from Santiago de Chile, says: Great excitement prevails in the gold fields bordering on the Straits of Magellan. Many companies have been formed, and there has been a great opening of the field and washeries. The territory is said to be a second Klondike.

rates.

Queen Alexandra has sanctioned a plan to issue "The Queen's Christmas card," in aid of the unemployed fund.

Lord Roberts has resigned from the Committee of Imperial Defence, to organize the work of universal military training.

Archbishop Bruchesi of Montreal has issued a second warning to Montreal theatrical managers against immoral shows.

Five trustees of the Berlin, Ont. public schools have resigned because a majority of the board refused to dismiss a lady teacher.

Brantford Public School Board have asked the Council to submit a by-law to raise \$45,000 to build additions to schools.

The eastern holiday rush has begun from the North-west. Passenger traffic on the C. P. R. is unparalleled for this time of year.

A number of Hamilton capitalists are forming a new navigation company to run in opposition to the C. & O. line to Montreal.

A by-law authorizing the expenditure of \$145,000 for extending the water-works, will be submitted to London electors in January.

Fifty thousand export cattle and 20,000 cattle slaughtered in Canada have been shipped this year over the C. P. R. from the Province of Alberta.

D. A. Ansell, Mexican Consul-General at Montreal, points out that since the monthly service between Canada and Mexico was instituted shipments of wheat have become quite large.

Under Government control, the number of St. Lawrence pilots will be reduced, and every one will have to serve an apprenticeship of seven years as well as pass a strict examination.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

The British Admiralty propose building four large armored ships annually.

There is no material check in industrial activity in Great Britain says The London Times.

The proposed memorial in London to the colonials who fell in the Boer war will not be erected.

## UNITED STATES.

Two U. S. army officers have resigned to drill troops in the Chinese army.

Germany has succeeded in subduing the rebellious Hereros, in southwest Africa.

A rival to the mammoth cave of Kentucky has been found in Mexico. It has been penetrated several miles.

Mabel A. Williams, a senior at Wellesley College, drowned herself in the Charles River. She was affected by over study.

Min Yong Whan, a high Korean official, committed suicide because the Emperor refused to listen to a protest against the Japanese protectorate.

During the riots at Georgetown, British Guiana, the Governor and other officials were imprisoned in the public buildings till rescued by the police.

Charlotte Chamberlin, of Rutland Vt., feared her teacher at school so much that she wandered away into the woods and was found yesterday nearly frozen.

The anthracite coal operators will resist the future demands of the workers for an eight-hour day, union recognition and a minimum rate of day labor, and a strike may ensue.

Mrs. Annie O'Connor, 75 years old was struck by a New York suburban car and carried two miles on the tender before the motorman saw her. She was uninjured and gave him tongue-lashing for carrying her so far away.

Wallace W. White, Richwood, Vt., druggist, and his son Almon, a daughter Eva, were arrested charged with fatally poisoning Mary Legros, of St. Armand, Que., and others by selling wood alcohol to them.

## GENERAL.

Sergius Schevitch, exiled from Russia for complicity in a nihilist conspiracy, is pardoned.



# Ayer's

One dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral at bedtime prevents night coughs of children. No croup. No bronchitis. A

## Cherry Pectoral

doctor's medicine for all affections of the throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs. Sold for over 60 years.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for eight years. There is nothing equal to it for coughs and colds, especially for children."—Mrs. W. H. BRYAN, Shelby, Ala.

25c., 50c., \$1.00. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

## for Night Coughs

Keep the bowels open with one of Ayer's Pills at bedtime, just one.

## The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for insertion, will be charged 60 per line for each insertion, in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 100 per line each insertion.

## E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

## TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

### CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1903, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Montreal Weekly Herald...	\$1.00
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.65
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$1.80

Hon. Adam Beck endorses the office grab by spoilsmen in Toronto. At a political meeting he said he had done all he could for the party workers. In other words he had done what he could to fill the grafters, and still their maws were open.

THE Ontario Government must have wanted the new License Inspector in Toronto real bad, seeing the cost at which Mr. Purvis was elevated to the post. The full cost was known before he was appointed. To get him into his position it cost the loss of the services of Mr. Hastings with his twenty odd years' experience as an enforcer of

and brewers release their "tied-houses"? Or was it necessary, whatever the cost, to get out somehow from the advanced non-partisan, obey-the-law position in which the Toronto License board had taken their impregnable stand? Are people astray who reach this conclusion

### A NEGLECTED OPPORTUNITY.

It is not easy to say why, with the incentive to the production of pork so strong, the price obtained for the fattened animals so high, and the cost of rearing them so low, there should be such a scarcity of bacon hogs in Canada that the Department of Agriculture has found it necessary to direct a special inquiry into the subject.

There was never so keen a demand for Canadian bacon in the British market as there is to-day, and the packing establishments find the shortage of supply so great that they contemplate closing down their plants for a time.

Very moving and no doubt well-founded complaints were made before the Tariff Commission at the sessions here and in the cities of Ontario of the difficulty the farmer has in making his way in the world, the smallness of his revenue from the products he sells, and the largeness of his expenditure owing to the high price he has to pay for everything he buys for himself, family and his farm. Yet here within his reach lies a much neglected means for the augmentation of his income—a means, too, of augmenting it that involves little additional outlay, even were he to make up hog-raising on a fairly large scale, say one or two hundred animals a year—for he can himself produce practically all the feed they require.

It is a well-known fact, but it will bear repetition, if only to stimulate his Quebec brother, that in the districts of Ontario in which the farmers devote their attention and energies to hog raising, they are becoming rich.

One of the most singular features of the hog-raising pursuit is that the cheapest food produces the best results—so far as the export market is concerned. It is a mistake to feed the hogs with too much grain. The effect of it is the production of a bacon too fat for the Englishman's palate. Less expensive feeds, fodder, forage and roots are better and more effective. For animals thus fed the price realized at the present time is six dollars a hundred weight. For this market the hogs should neither be too old nor too young—from 175 to 200 lbs. are the best for packing purposes. These quadrupeds may not be objects of beauty in the farm-yards, but they bring wealth to the farmer.

### Deafness Cannot be Cured.

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### A Southern Reminiscence.

In "A Southern Girl in '61" Mrs. D. Giraud Wright describes the burial of the young hero, Latane, one of the most dramatic and touching incidents in the story of the Confederacy. He died leading a gallant charge.

"John Latane, a lieutenant in his brother's company, took charge of the body and, with a cart and driver, tried to return to Richmond. Finding this impossible, as the enemy were in pos-

## The Difference Between Expert and Unskilful Tea Blending

THE qualities of different teas prove that there is a distinct difference between expert Red Rose blending methods and the usual methods.

Several kinds of teas may be blended, but if unskilfully selected they will not combine to make a perfect blend; they will retain their original individual characteristics with their roughness and harshness emphasized.

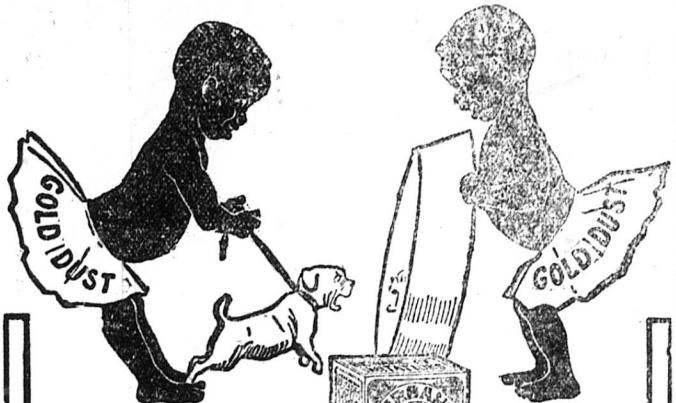
Such tea is bitter, poorly flavored in the cup (and there is much of it in bulk and package form on the market). It emphasizes the result of inexperience, lack of knowledge of combining qualities of different teas, imperfect blending, poor selection, and the hundred and one other causes of poor tea.

But my expert Red Rose blenders select the right grades of strong, rich Indian teas and delicate fragrant Ceylon teas, and produce Red Rose Tea with entirely new characteristics—a tea with that "rich fruity flavor"—a tea so exquisitely different and better than any brand of Ceylon alone, that no one who once tries it ever goes back to Ceylon again.

# Red Rose Tea is good Tea

T. H. Estabrooks  
St. John, N.B., Toronto, Winnipeg

"Let the GOLD DUST Twins do your work"



## The Dog and The Shadow

You remember the fable of the dog who dropped a real bone for its shadow which he saw in the water. "Bear in mind that all is not Gold Dust that glitters under the name of washing powder. Don't accept a shadowy substitute; get the real

## Gold Dust Washing Powder

with the Gold Dust Twins on the package."

OTHER GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST

Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oil cloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleaning bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE R. L. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q. Makers of FINE SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

## A FELINE DITTY

—ON—  
DIAMOND EYES

Albert College Belleville,

**The Envious Woman.**

The train had pulled out of the terminal, and the conductor was on his fare collecting tour. In one car there sat alone a woman dressed in deep mourning, her heavy veil having been lifted to allow a breath of air. When the conductor approached her the woman burst into tears.

As she cried as if her heart would burst the conductor asked her what was the matter. She sobbed this reply: "Ten years ago I took my first husband over this road to be cremated, five years ago I took my second husband on the same trip to the crematory, and now I am taking my third husband to be condemned to ashes."

Just then there were loud sobs heard coming from a seat on the opposite side of the car. The conductor turned and saw another woman crying. Approaching softly, he asked the weeping one, "What is the matter, madam?"

Taking her handkerchief from her eyes, the second in tears answered, "That woman has husbands to burn, while I can't get even one."

**The Senses of the Word.**

"She is a lady in every sense of the word," exclaimed Blifkins.

"Then she is the most remarkable woman that ever lived," replied Johnson.

"What do you mean? Aren't there plenty of ladies in the world?"

"Yes, but not in every sense of the word. For instance, if the woman is what you say, she is not only a woman of good family or of good breeding and refinement, but she is also, according to the Century Dictionary, 'a sweetheart (local United States); a slate measuring about sixteen inches broad by ten long; the calcareous apparatus in the cardiac part of the stomach of the lobster, the function of which is the trituration of food.' And if she is all that her fortune is made in the museum line."

After that it was noted that Blifkins usually pruned down the remark to "she is a lady" simply

**The Solan Geese.**

Richard Bell in his book, "My Strange Pets," tells of the solan geese, which in Great Britain in bygone days used to be salted and dried for human food: "Many years ago these dried geese found their way to the lowlands of Scotland and were used as an appetizer. A small portion when eaten before meals was supposed to tickle the appetite. In this connection I have heard a good story: A worthy farmer in the neighborhood gave a dinner party, and when the dinner was in progress he asked one of his guests if he would have 'another portion,' upon which the guest remarked, 'I think I will, as I eat a bit of solan geese afore I left hame and it has made me very hungry,' upon which his neighbor said, 'I dinna believe in these solan geese, for I eat a hall yin afore I cam' awa' and I dinna feel a bit the hungrier!'"

**The Books of Ancient Persia.**

We knew that the Moslems when they conquered Persia found in that country an innumerable quantity of books and scientific treatises and that their general, Saad Ibn Abi Oueccas, asked Caliph Omar by letter if he would allow him to distribute those books among the true believers with the rest of the booty. Omar answered him in these terms: "Throw them into the water. If they contain anything which can guide men to the truth we have received from God what will guide us much better. If they contain errors we shall be well rid of them, thank God!" In consequence of this order the books were thrown into the

**WHAT OTHER PAPERS SAY.**

**Toronto News.**

It will soon be dangerous for a grit to go into the parliament buildings. The lieutenant-governor will have to be careful. His record is bad, and the ward officers may condemn him at any time.

**Kingston Freeman.**

At the same time, many people fail to see where the bargain comes in for Premier Whitney in trading off three License Commissioners of superfine quality for one boss of trident disposition.

**Toronto Star.**

Tara's harp is not more mute than W. F. Maclean since North York bowled him over with its last word. What is the earth but a squeezed orange, anyway? What is human society but a blister raised by the sun? The stuffing is out of the duck. Nothing matters.

**Hamilton Herald.**

It would not be at all surprising now to see the spoils system introduced all along the line in the provincial service. The success of the Toronto party machine in forcing Mr. Whitney to surrender will make it very difficult for the government to resist similar attempts elsewhere.

**Windsor Record.**

When the Cabinet was formed, leaving out Gamey, Nesbitt, and one or two others of that stripe, it seemed as if Whitney had the resolution to shake the precious coterie whose conspiracy had lifted him into power, but he and his advisers are paying for their temerity. The Gamey-Nesbitt outfit will have what they want, or Whitney's official life will not be worth living.

**Fobcaygeon Independent.**

A social system that produces a few millionaires, and fills county poor houses with the aged and infirm, is a state of social rottenness lacking in sufficient sense to preserve individual independence, and self-reliance. The new Postmaster-General has grand opportunities to make a reputation for himself, and it is to be hoped that he will do something more than keep the mail bags in repair.

**They Worship Smallpox.**

"They worship smallpox in western Hindustan," said the missionary.

His auditors gave a gasp of horror.

"But don't misunderstand me. Don't get a wrong impression," he resumed. "I don't mean to say that they love smallpox and desire it. On the contrary, they loathe and fear it; hence their worship, a worship born of hate and terror."

"They have a goddess of smallpox. She has a cruel face, two mouths, four red hands. They pray to her regularly. Fresh flowers are always lying at her feet. A special priest tends her shrine."

"And much time and money are wasted on this goddess that might better be devoted to the purchase and application of some good pure vaccine virus."

**Shakespeare's Name.**

It has often been a puzzle to students of Shakespeare why his name is spelled in so many different ways. Shakespeare himself is said to have signed his name on different occasions "Shakspeare" and "Shakespere," and learned disquisitions have been written to prove which is the proper spelling. None perhaps was more amusing

# High Constable of Quebec

**After Suffering For 10 Years With Pain In The Back He Was Completely Cured By "Fruit-a-tives."**

**"Fruit-a-tives" cures diseased and irritated kidneys when all other treatment fails.**

The proof that "Fruit-a-tives" is the greatest kidney cure known to science is demonstrated by these tablets removing all pain in the back—making the kidneys healthy—and curing chronic constipation.

ST. HYACINTHE, P.Q., June 10th, 1905.

I have much pleasure in testifying to the great good which "Fruit-a-tives" have done me. I was a constant sufferer from severe constipation and severe pain in the back for the last ten years. I tried many kinds of pills and tablets and physician's medicines but the relief was only temporary. Not long ago



I tried "Fruit-a-tives" and now I am entirely well, no pain, no constipation and my stomach and bowels act naturally. I cannot say enough in praise of "Fruit-a-tives"—they are a grand medicine, mild as fruit in their action and easy to take. (Signed)

H. MARCHESSAULT,  
High Constable.

Do you know that every drop of blood in your body goes to the kidneys to get rid of some of the impurities?

When the bowels don't move regularly, the blood takes up poisons in the bowels and carries them to the kidneys. Then the kidneys get overworked—infamed. Then comes the pain in the back—headaches—constant desire to urinate—nervousness—sleeplessness.

"Fruit-a-tives acts directly on the Kidneys—cleans, heals and strengthens them—makes the liver give up more bile to move the bowels regularly—and stimulates the glands of the skin to increased action. These rid the system of all poisons and every trace of Kidney Disease disappears.

Fruit-a-tives have cured hundreds of cases of Kidney Disease by stimulating and healing the Kidneys. At all druggists or sent postpaid on receipt of price—50c. a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50



**Fruit-a-tives**  
or Fruit Liver Tablets.

Manufactured by  
FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED, Ottawa.



## S. Bond & Co's. Odessa.

We have just received a large shipment of New Dry Goods from Montreal and other places, all new patterns which we are offering at extremely LOW PRICES.

As we are in no combine and have no rents to pay we are prepared to compete with any General Store in Ontario,

We pay Highest Market Prices for all Farmer's Produce. We are paying today 24c to 26c for Eggs, and 20c for Butter, Fowl 7c, Chicken 8c, Turkey 14c, prices subject to Market Changes.

**Full Line of Groceries, Dry Goods, Patent Medicines, Boots and Shoes, Rubbers, always on hand.**

GIVE US A CALL.

**S. BOND & CO, - Odessa.**



...the new License inspector in Toronto real bad, seeing the cost at which Mr. Purvis was elevated to the post. The full cost was known before he was appointed. To get him into his position it cost the loss of the services of Mr. Hastings with his twenty odd years' experience as an enforcer of the law; it cost the loss of the License Commissioners with their zeal and the prestige which they brought to their work; it cost the loss of the News' and the Telegram's confidence in the Government, and that of several other newspapers in the Province; it cost the loss of that feeling of certainty in Premier Whitney that had possessed all Conservatives and had begun to manifest itself in some Liberals to their own disquiet.

It cost all this to get Mr. Purvis into the position of License Inspector, but they took him at the price. How is he going to repay the Government for what he cost? If he is going to be worth so much more than Mr. Hastings with three License Commissioners and two daily newspapers thrown in to boot, Mr. Purvis must be a valuable man, indeed. Is he going to be still more non-partisan than Inspector Hastings and Messrs. Flavell, Davidson and Murry put together? Is he going to be more strict still about making license-holders "keep hotel"?

# For Thin Babies

Fat is of great account to a baby; that is why babies are fat. If your baby is scrawny, Scott's Emulsion is what he wants. The healthy baby stores as fat what it does not need immediately for bone and muscle. Fat babies are happy; they do not cry; they are rich; their fat is laid up for time of need. They are happy because they are comfortable. The fat surrounds their little nerves and cushions them. When they are scrawny those nerves are hurt at every ungentle touch. They delight in Scott's Emulsion. It is as sweet as wholesome to them.

Send for free sample.



Be sure that this picture is the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

**Scott & Bowne**  
Chemists  
Toronto, Ont.  
50c. and \$1.00  
All Druggists

...the young hero, Latane, one of the most dramatic and touching incidents in the story of the Confederacy. He died leading a gallant charge.

"John Latane, a lieutenant in his brother's company, took charge of the body and, with a cart and driver, tried to return to Richmond. Finding this impossible, as the enemy were in possession of the country all around, he went to Westwood, the home of Dr. Brokenbrough, who was then a surgeon in the army. The enemy approached, and he, to avoid capture, was obliged to leave his brother's remains and escape on foot. Mrs. Brokenbrough sent for an Episcopal clergyman to perform the funeral ceremonies, but the enemy would not permit him to pass. Then, with a few other ladies, a fair haired little girl, her apron filled with white flowers, and a few faithful slaves who stood reverently near, a pious Virginia matron read the solemn and beautiful burial service over the cold, still form of one of the noblest gentlemen and most intrepid officers in the Confederate army. She watched the clouds heaped upon the coffin lid, then sinking on her knees, in sight and hearing of the foe, she committed his soul's welfare and the stricken hearts he had left behind him to the mercy of the All Father."

**Meaning of Surnames.**

Nearly all surnames originally had a meaning. They were descriptive of their owners. In a word, they were nicknames, like "Skinny" or "Shorty" or "Pud."

Peel is a surname that shows the original Peel to have been bald. Grace means fat, from the French "gras." Grant, from "grand," means big.

An Oliphant should be a clumsy and unwieldy person. This surname was "elephant" originally.

The Parkers were keepers of nobleman's parks. The Warners were warreners, or rabbit tenders. The Barkers prepared bark for tanning. The Laboucheres were butchers.

Bell meant handsome. Cameron meant crook nosed. Curtis meant polite. And Forster meant a forester. Napier a servant in charge of the table linen. Palmer a pilgrim. Wainwright a wagon builder. Walter a wall builder. Webster a weaver. Wright a carpenter.

**Substitutes For Tobacco.**

Sailors on long cruises sometimes exhaust their tobacco. Thence untold misery and many ingenious efforts to create a tobacco substitute. Tea and coffee make the best tobacco substitutes. They smoke freely in pipe or cigarettes, and their taste and aroma are not unpleasant. But they burn the mouth and rack the nerves. Rope yarn—the untwisted parts of rope and oakum—is smoked by sailors as a last resort. Bark, peeled from the hoops of salt beef and pork barrels, is also smoked when the limit is reached. These things smoke abominably, and the black fumes that they give forth from the sailors' mouths are always accompanied by oaths and imprecations. Yet many a desperate sailor has smoked them in the hope of appeasing his tobacco hunger.

**Can Throw It Straight.**

It is said that a woman never hits anything when she throws a rock, but she smashes the target when she throws a hint.—Dallas News.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

**GOLD DUST makes hard water soft**

**A FELINE DITTY**  
—ON—  
**DIAMOND DYES.**



My kittens three, were white and gray,  
'Twas hard to keep them clean;  
No matter how I worked each day,  
The kits looked very mean.

They'd go out in the morning clad  
So tidy and so trim;  
At night, they'd come home looking sad,  
With clothes so soiled and grim.

I could not keep them tidy, neat,  
One hour of the day  
When they were in field or street,  
With other cats at play.

I then procured the DIAMOND DYES,  
And made a dye bath hot,  
And to my kittens great surprise,  
I dipped them in the pot.

To-day, my kittens all are dressed  
In Black so rich and deep;  
I mourn no more, and now am blessed  
When'er I roam or sleep.

The moral of my song is plain,  
To women bright and wise;  
If you would pleasure, profit gain,  
Just use the DIAMOND DYES.

**Pleasures of the Table.**

Helio Galahus surpassed Vitellius as far as Vitellius surpassed Lucullus in the art of expending vast sums upon the pleasures of the table. According to Lampridius, he cost the government for each of his dinners more than \$180,000 in our money! This statement almost transcends belief. At one of his banquets was served an entree consisting of the brains of 600,000 ostriches, quickly followed by another of broiled heels of an incalculable number of tender young camels! In the days of Shakespeare good digestion probably waited on appetite. Dining was a matter of fact business, and dinners were so lacking in the variety of dishes that an appetite was a necessity. In these days, as in the days of Vitellius, an appetite is a superfluity. Among the high lives it is satiated, dull, dead, wornout. Special dishes are invented to tickle and awaken it. Lucullus, Vitellius and Helio Galahus are among the great departed, but their memory lives, and even in this day and generation they have their imitators.

**Consideration.**

Duke McGlucke—Why do you call your dog Feathers? Count Noaccount.—Because I dislike to call him down.

Don't express a positive opinion unless you perfectly understand what you are talking about.

**Albert College Belleville, Ont.**

Business School founded 1877.  
Practical and thorough. Five complete courses. Many graduates occupying important places as book-keepers and shorthand reporters.

\$37.00 pays board, room and tuition, electric light, use of gymnasium and baths, all but books laundry, etc., for 10 weeks—longer time at same rate. Special reduction to ministers, or to two or more entering at same time from same place. A specialist in book-keeping, who is also an expert penman, and a specialist in shorthand in constant attendance. The teachers in the literary department also assist in the work. The high character of the College is a guarantee of thoroughness. New Commercial Mail one of the finest in Ontario.

Catalogue with specimen of penmanship FREE.

PRINCIPAL DYER, D.D.,  
Belleville, Ont.

**Local Agent wanted**

At once for "Canada's Greatest Nurseries" for the Town of Nanapanee and surrounding country, which will be reserved for the right man.

START NOW at the best selling season and handle our NEW SPECIALTIES on Liberal Terms.

Write for particulars, and send 25c for our Handsome Aluminum Pocket Microscope (a little gem) useful to:

- Farmers in examining Seeds and Grains.
- Orchardists in examining trees for insects.
- Gardeners in examining Plants for insects.
- Teachers and Scholars in studying Botany and every body in a hundred different ways.

STONE & WELLINGTON,  
Fonthill Nurseries, (Over 800 acres)  
32-3 m Toronto, Ont.

**Coal Oil.**  
Kept in clean tanks both American and Canadian. Give us a trial the next time you visit.

**GREY LION STORES.**

**"Run Down System"**

—The solid parts of our bodies are continually wasting away, and require to be repaired by medical substances, that restore the lost vitality. There are only two methods of building up the run down system. You can consult the physician, or commence treatment with Dr. Slocum's famous remedy, "PSYCHINE." In all probability "PSYCHINE" will be the best doctor, and the cheapest in the end. Scores of medical men advise its use in the worst cases of decline and weakness. It is an invaluable tonic, pleasant to the stomach, builds up the run down system, strengthens the nerves, sets the liver right, cures dizziness and headache, creates appetite, and is an all round family medicine, used by thousands of men, women and children in every part of the Dominion. Ask druggist about it.

**GREATEST OF ALL TONICS**

**PSYCHINE**  
(PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN)

ALL DRUGGISTS—ONE DOLLAR—FREE TRIAL

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited  
179 King St. W. Toronto, Canada

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him in these terms: "Throw them into the water. If they contain anything which can guide men to the truth we have received from God what will guide us much better. If they contain errors we shall be well rid of them, thank God!" In consequence of this order the books were thrown into the water and the fire, and the literature and science of the Persians disappeared.—Notices et Extraits.

#### The Atmosphere.

The earth's sensible atmosphere is generally supposed to extend some forty miles in height, probably farther, but becoming at only a few miles from the surface of too great a tenuity to support life. The condition and motions of this aerial ocean play a most important part in the determination of climate, modifying by absorbing the otherwise intense heat of the sun and when laden with clouds hindering the earth from radiating its acquired heat into space.

#### All Against the Preacher.

Sydney Smith loved to tell a good story, and one that haunted his brain and tickled his sides for weeks was that of a tame magpie in a church that suddenly descended on the reading desk and strove to fly off with the sermon and of the desperate struggle that ensued between the bird and the preacher, the congregation all in favor of the bird.

#### Naturally.

Patient—Well, doctor, do you think I'm getting well all right? Doctor—Oh, yes. You still have a good deal of fever, but that doesn't trouble me. Patient—Of course not. If you had a fever it wouldn't trouble me.—Tales.

#### The Lost.

When a fellow has discovered that all his loose change has filtered through a hole in his trousers pocket it is nearly impossible to get him to accept the scientific proposition that nothing is ever lost.

#### A Wonderful Theory.

Gladys—I don't like this egg, auntie. It's not good. Auntie—Nonsense, dear! It was only laid yesterday. Gladys—Well, then, it must have been laid by a bad hen.

#### Still In the Future.

Cashier (coughing)—Pardon me, I did not catch your last name. Ethel (blushing)—I haven't caught it yet myself.—Cleveland Leader.

#### Similar Symptoms.

One—Are you certain that you love the girl? Tuther—Of course! Why, I can't sleep of nights for thinking about her. One—I get the same effect from my tailor's bills.

#### The Way to Success.

Success in industrial business nowadays is as simple as a fairy tale. The young man must find out how to kill the dragon—the dragon of competition.

"Facts are stubborn things" is an aphorism first used by La Sage in "Gil Blas." It has since become proverbial.

**Your Jeweler will vouch for the worth of an H. & A. S. gold-filled Watch Chain. He will replace a defective chain with a new one any time within the guarantee period—10, 15, 25 years.**

Send for the H. & A. S. Chain Book.

H. & A. SAUNDERS, King & John Sts., Toronto.

ments of Shakespeare why his name is spelled in so many different ways. Shakespeare himself is said to have signed his name on different occasions "Shakspeare" and "Shakespere," and learned disquisitions have been written to prove which is the proper spelling. None perhaps was more amusing than the "weather" reason given in 1851 by Albert Smith, who averred that he had found it in the Harleian manuscripts. It was as follows:

How dyd Shakespeare spell hys name?  
Ye weatherre mayde ye change, we saye,  
So write it as ye please.  
When ye some shone he mayde hys A,  
When wette he took hys E's.

#### Miles and Roads in Erin.

Irish miles are longer than American miles—in fact, eleven of them make fourteen of such as are measured in this country. American travelers soon find this out, and if they are disposed to complain of the character of Irish roads they learn that the Irish think it unreasonable of the stranger to expect both quality and quantity. To one such grumbler the answer was, "If the quality is inferior, we give you plenty of it, anyhow." To another visitor who complained of the narrowness of the road the retort was, "Well, what ye lose in the breadth ye gain in the length."

#### "Woodman, Spare That Tree."

"Woodman, Spare That Tree," was written by George P. Morris, the story being founded on an incident which occurred during a visit of this gentleman to the old homestead. It had passed into other hands, and the proprietor was about to cut down the fine tree, which had been planted by Morris' grandfather. The poet redeemed the tree for \$10, and the stately oak was thus spared.

#### St. Maurice.

St. Maurice, in Switzerland, is the name of a little station on the railway that leads up the Rhone valley from the lake of Geneva. The place gets its name as follows: Maurice was the officer second in command of the Thebaic legion, which the Emperor Maximian marched over the Alps in A. D. 302 to quell a rising in Gaul. At Octodurum (Martigny) the legion, every man of which was a Christian, was ordered to sacrifice to the Roman gods for the success of the expedition. Headed by Maurice, they refused, marched off to Agaunum (St. Maurice) and there were twice decimated to enforce submission. But they still refused, and finally the remainder were surrounded and cut down by the rest of the army.

#### Automatic Cooking Boxes.

Automatic cooking boxes were in general use among the Hebrews nearly 2,000 years ago. The Greek and Roman writers frequently refer to them. In his edition of "Juvenile," for example, Friedlander cites a commentator, who refers to "the Jews who a day before the Sabbath put their vlands hot into the cooking boxes, the pots being covered with napkins and wrapped about with hay, so that they may have warm food on the Sabbath."

#### Always In Evidence.

"I notice," observed Tuffold Knutt, "that people don't pay no taxes on the costliest things they's got."  
"How's that?" grunted Ruffon Wratz.  
"Well, f'r instance, if you wuz wuth even a million you wouldn't have to pay nothin' on that peach of a nose you've got."

#### Interested.

Nell—Mrs. Closeleigh is getting up a fair to help a poor widow pay her rent. Belle—I didn't know Mrs. Closeleigh was so philanthropic. Nell—She isn't. She owns the house the poor widow lives in.

**Shoes, Rubbers, always on hand.**

**GIVE US A CALL.**

**S. BOND & CO, - Odessa.**

#### The Start.

Judge—Were you present when the trouble started between the man and his wife? Witness—Yessir. I was at deir weddin', ef dat's whut ye' mean, sah.

#### The Only Safe Place.

"Can you lay this carpet so the children won't wear it out?"  
"Where shall I put it, madam—on the roof?"—Harper's Bazar.

#### Masculine.

Mrs. Hix—Mrs. June strikes me as being entirely too masculine for a woman. Mrs. Dix—Yes, indeed. Why, every time she has an ache or a pain she makes as much fuss about it as a man would.

#### Discretion.

First Lawyer—It seems to me you let that last witness down pretty easily in your cross examination. Second Lawyer—I had to. He is my taller, and I owe him a big bill.

**25¢**

**That Cough**

which ordinary remedies have not reached, will quickly yield to

**GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM**

It cures those heavy, deep-seated coughs—takes away the soreness—heals the throat—strengthens the lungs. None the less effective because it is pleasant to take. Just try one bottle and see how quickly you get rid of that cough. At your druggists. 25c. bottle.

**25¢**

**Removed the Growth.**

DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, ONT.

DEAR SIRS,—During year 1890-91 I was troubled with a large lump growing on the right side of my neck near the ear. Had consulted several physicians and used everything I could hear of, all to no use. Was told to use

**Douglas' Egyptian Liniment.**

I did, and before I had used half a twenty-five cent bottle was permanently cured. Since then I have used it for everything where outward application is required; am yet to learn of anything in reason that I cannot cure with it. No man has any idea of its value until he has used it; would not be without it under any circumstance

Respectfully yours,

NATHANIEL W. REID.

Enterprise P. O.



**THE SOUL OF THE KITCHEN**  
**A SOUVENIR RANGE**

A happy kitchen means often a happy home. All kitchens are happy when the **SOUVENIR RANGE** is used. Of simple construction and handsome appearance.

**SAVES TIME, TROUBLE, AND COAL BILLS.**

**THE DIRECT DRAFT DAMPER ALLOWS PERFECT & EASY CONTROL**

The Gurney, Tilden Company  
Manufacturers Limited  
Locations: Hamilton, Winnipeg, Toronto, Vancouver, Montreal

Our personal guarantee as well as that of the makers goes with every stove. We have Souvenir Ranges on view.

**BOYLE & SON, Agents.**



# It Is Wrong

To Suffer From a Germ Disease, When Liquozone is Free.

In the past few years, scores of diseases have been traced to germ attacks. They were thought to be due to other causes when old-time remedies were made. Can you not see why you don't get well, if you treat a germ disease with remedies that can't kill germs?

The remedy of to-day is Liquozone, and the first bottle is free. Its power is best told by a test. We ask you to try it, as millions have done, and learn what it means to you. Learn what this gas-made germicide can do.

## What Liquozone Is.

The virtues of Liquozone are derived solely from gases. The formula is sent to each user. The process of making requires large apparatus, and from 8 to 14 days' time. It is directed by chemists of the highest class. The object is to so fix and combine the gases as to carry into the system a powerful tonic-germicide.

Contact with Liquozone kills any form of disease germ, because germs are of vegetable origin. Yet to the body Liquozone is not only harmless, but helpful in the extreme. That is its main distinction. Common germicides are poison when taken internally. That is why medicine has been so helpless in a germ disease. Liquozone is exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying; yet no disease germ can exist in it.

We purchased the American rights to Liquozone after thousands of tests had

been made with it. Its power had been proved, again and again, in the most difficult germ diseases. Then we offered to supply the first bottle free in every disease that required it. And over one million dollars have been spent to announce and fulfill this offer.

The result is that 11,000,000 bottles have been used, mostly in the past two years. Today there are countless cured ones, scattered everywhere, to tell what Liquozone has done.

But so many others need it that this offer is published still. In late years, science has traced scores of diseases to germ attacks. Old remedies do not apply to them. We wish to show those sick ones—at our cost—what Liquozone can do.

## Where It Applies.

These are the diseases in which Liquozone has been most employed. In these it has earned its widest reputation. In all of these troubles we supply the first bottle free. And in all—no matter how difficult—we offer each user a two months' further test without the risk of a penny.

Asthma  
Abscess—Anemia  
Bronchitis  
Blood Poison  
Bowel Troubles  
Coughs—Colds  
Consumption  
Contagious diseases  
Cancer—Catarrh  
Dysentery—Diarrhea  
Dyspepsia—Dandruff  
Eczema—Erysipelas  
Fever—Gall Stones  
Gout—Gout  
Gonorrhea—Gleet  
Hay Fever—Influenza  
La Grippe  
Leucorrhea  
Malaria—Neuralgia  
Piles—Quinsy  
Rheumatism  
Scrofula—Syphilis  
Skin Diseases  
Tuberculosis  
Tumors—Ulcers  
Throat Troubles

Also most forms of the following:  
Kidney Troubles  
Liver Troubles  
Stomach Troubles  
Women's Diseases  
Fever, inflammation or catarrh—impure or poisoned blood—usually indicate a germ attack.  
In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing remarkable results.

## 50c. Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on a local druggist for a full-size bottle, and will pay the druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to let the product itself show you what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it today, for it places you under no obligations whatever.

Liquozone costs 50c. and \$1.

## CUT OUT THIS COUPON

Fill it out and mail it to The Liquozone Company, 458-464 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

My disease is.....  
I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.

A B D.....  
1 2 3 Give full address—write plainly.

Note that this offer applies to new users only.  
Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

## BY-LAW NO.

PASSED THE DAY OF  
A.D., 1905.

A By-law to authorize the construction and installation by the Town of Napanee, of an Electric Light Plant, and the purchase of the necessary land and the erection of the necessary buildings therefor, and to provide for the issue of debentures of the said Town to the amount of \$35,000.00, and to raise the sum required therefor.

Whereas it is advisable that the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Napanee, should construct an Electric Light Plant for the Town of Napanee, not to exceed in cost the sum of \$35,000.00.

And whereas in order thereto it will be necessary to issue debentures of the said municipality for the sum of \$35,000.00 as hereinafter provided (which is the amount of the debt intended to be created by this By-law) the proceeds of the said debentures to be applied to the purpose aforesaid and to no other.

And whereas it is desirable to issue the said debentures at one time, and to make the principal of the said debt repayable by yearly sums during the period of thirty years, being the currency of said debentures; said sums, being of such respective amounts that the aggregate amount payable in each year for principal and interest and in respect of said debt shall be as nearly as possible equal of the amount so payable in each of the other twenty-nine years of said period, as shown in Schedule "A" hereto annexed.

And whereas the total amount required by "The Municipal Act" to be raised annually by special rate for paying the said debt and interest as hereinafter provided is \$2,024.05

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Town of Napanee according to the last revised Assessment Roll is \$1,691,750.

And whereas the amount of the existing debenture debt of the said Municipality is \$38,982.70 whereof no amount of principal and no amount of interest are in arrear.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Napanee enacts as follows:

1 The Municipal Council of the said Town of Napanee shall expend a sum not exceeding the sum of \$35,000.00 in the construction and its allation of an Electric Light Plant for the said Town of Napanee, and for the purchase of the necessary

	Principal	Interest	Total
1906...	\$ 624 05	\$1400 00	\$2024 05
1907...	649 01	1375 04	2024 05
1908...	674 97	1349 08	2024 05
1909...	701 96	1321 09	2024 05
1910...	730 10	1293 95	2024 05
1911...	759 32	1264 23	2024 05
1912...	789 63	1234 43	2024 05
1913...	821 22	1203 83	2024 05
1914...	854 06	1169 90	2024 05
1915...	888 22	1135 83	2024 05
1916...	923 75	1100 30	2024 05
1917...	960 71	1063 34	2024 05
1918...	999 13	1024 92	2024 05
1919...	1039 08	984 97	2024 05
1920...	1080 66	943 39	2024 05
1921...	1123 89	900 16	2024 05
1922...	1168 88	855 22	2024 05
1923...	1215 60	808 45	2024 05
1924...	1264 22	759 83	2024 05
1925...	1314 78	709 27	2024 05
1926...	1367 88	656 67	2024 05
1927...	1422 06	601 99	2024 05
1928...	1478 95	545 16	2024 05
1929...	1538 18	485 92	2024 05
1930...	1599 64	424 41	2024 05
1931...	1663 63	360 42	2024 05
1932...	1730 16	293 89	2024 05
1933...	1799 42	224 63	2024 05
1934...	1871 34	152 71	2024 05
1935...	1946 21	77 84	2024 05

\$35,000.00

Take notice that the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which has been taken into consideration, and which will be finally considered and passed by the Council of the Municipality of the Town of Napanee (in the event of the assent of the electors being obtained thereto) on the 8th day of January, 1906, at 7.30 o'clock afternoon at the town Hall being after one month from the first publication in the Napanee "Beaver" and "Express" the date of which first publication was on the First day of December, A. D. 1905, and that on the day and at the hours and places therein fixed, for taking the votes of the electors the polls will be held.

W. A. GRANGE,  
Clerk.

Take notice that the following are the estimates of the intended expenditure under the foregoing By-law:—

Land.....	\$ 700 00
Power House.....	3300 00
Generators, Exciters & Switch-board.....	5480 00
Are Light Equipments.....	1475 00
Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Piping and Smoke Stack.....	12300 00
Poles.....	750 00
Cross Arms, Wire, Insulators, etc.	1500 00
Transformers.....	1500 00
Meters.....	1000 00
Labor.....	2000 00
Engineering.....	2000 00
Contingencies.....	2995 00

Total.....\$ 35000 0

W. A. GRANGE,  
Clerk.

Take notice that the applications on behalf of Alfred Knight and Sir Richard J. Cartwright to quash By-Law No. 718 of the Town of Napanee have been dismissed, but as a measure of precaution the Municipal Council of the Town of Napanee, deem it advisable to submit a new By-law to the electors, so that it will be available in case the said Alfred Knight or Sir Richard J. Cartwright appeal against the decisions given in the said applications.

And take further notice that it is intended by the Municipal Council of the Town of Napanee, to issue in all, for the purpose of installing the Electric Light plant, debentures to the amount of \$35,000.00 and no more, whether under By-Law No. 718, or under the By-law now advertised.

W. A. GRANGE,  
Municipal Clerk of the Town of Napanee.

## Winding Your Watch.

The old superstitious belief that you will change your luck if you stop winding your watch at night and wind it in the morning may have some slight basis in fact, according to a jeweler, who says that the morning is the proper time to do the winding. This is not only because the hour of rising is for the average man much more regular than that for retiring, but even the soberest and most orderly of men are apt to relax and prone to carelessness at bedtime, when more or less worn by the wear and tear of the day. In this condition the winding is apt to be done in a jerky, irregular sort of way or too far or not far enough. "Nine people out of ten wind their watches on rainy

## Diet and Digestion.

Abstemiousness in diet is very conducive to a good digestion. It is preferable to be a little underfed than at all overfed. Hence we come to one of the first causes of indigestion in the adult, too large a quantity of food. After an ordinary meal the food should all have left the stomach by the end of six or seven hours. If owing to an excessive quantity the stomach cannot deal with the amount some food remains in the stomach and ferments. This creates discomfort, pain, wind, nausea and perhaps vomiting, by means of which the abused stomach gets rid of its burden. If the sufferer is not thus fortunately sick the best thing he can do is to drink a large tumbler of lukewarm water, which will probably induce vomiting and so wash out the stomach. Half a tea-spoonful of bicarbonate of

soda added to the fluid will cause still more relief. During the next twenty-four hours the lightest diet, such as a little tea and dried toast, some boiled rice, a little arrowroot or corn flour, should be taken.

## Chotohazree at the Gymkhana.

In "Modern India" the author, William Eleroy Curtis, records his meeting with the word gymkhana and "ventures to say that nobody who has not been in India can guess what that means."

And if you want another conundrum, what is a chotohazree? It is customary for smart people to have their chotohazree at the gymkhana, and I think you would be pleased to join them after taking the beautiful drive which leads to the place. Nobody knows where the word was derived from, but it is used to describe a country club—a bungalow hidden under a beautiful grove on the brow of a cliff that overhangs the bay—with all of the appurtenances, golf links, cricket grounds, racket courts and indoor gymnasium, and everybody stops there on an afternoon drive to have chotohazree, which is the local term for afternoon tea and for early morning coffee.

## Thinking of the Cook.

Jones—What makes you think Snubbs is absentminded? Froyer—We went into an auction store yesterday. The auctioneer was shouting, "Going, going!" and Snubbs shouts: "Please don't go! I will give you \$5 a month more and have a girl to help you with the washing!"

## Advice to Young Men.

If the average young man would read the want ads, as closely as the baseball news he would find that he had as many "chances" as a first baseman.

**Vapo-Resolene**

Established 1879.

Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis  
Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria

Resolene is a boon to Asthmatics

CHRONIC BRONCHITIS is a long established and standard remedy for those cases indicated. It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is inhaled over the diseased surface of the bronchial tubes with every breath, giving prompt relief and treatment. Those of a consumptive tendency, or suffering from chronic bronchitis, find immediate relief from coughs and inflamed conditions of the throat.

Vapo-Resolene is sold by druggists and is held on receipt of price.

A Vapo-Resolene can be had in a bottle of

Resolene (the best of

Resolene) or in a bottle of

Resolene (the best of

Resolene) or in a bottle of

Resolene (the best of

Resolene (the best of



**HALL'S** VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

For Sale, 1000 lbs. of  
Herring, 1000 lbs. of  
Mackerel, 1000 lbs. of  
Haddock, 1000 lbs. of  
Cods, 1000 lbs. of  
Sardines, 1000 lbs. of  
Tuna, 1000 lbs. of  
Salmon, 1000 lbs. of  
Trout, 1000 lbs. of  
Pike, 1000 lbs. of  
Bass, 1000 lbs. of  
Perch, 1000 lbs. of  
Crabs, 1000 lbs. of  
Shrimp, 1000 lbs. of  
Lobster, 1000 lbs. of  
Clams, 1000 lbs. of  
Mussels, 1000 lbs. of  
Oysters, 1000 lbs. of  
Scallops, 1000 lbs. of  
Squid, 1000 lbs. of  
Cuttlefish, 1000 lbs. of  
Octopus, 1000 lbs. of  
Starfish, 1000 lbs. of  
Sea Urchins, 1000 lbs. of  
Jellyfish, 1000 lbs. of  
Coral, 1000 lbs. of  
Sponges, 1000 lbs. of  
Shells, 1000 lbs. of  
Pearls, 1000 lbs. of  
Gemstones, 1000 lbs. of  
Metals, 1000 lbs. of  
Clothing, 1000 lbs. of  
Furniture, 1000 lbs. of  
Electronics, 1000 lbs. of  
Books, 1000 lbs. of  
Toys, 1000 lbs. of  
Garden, 1000 lbs. of  
Tools, 1000 lbs. of  
Automobiles, 1000 lbs. of  
Aircraft, 1000 lbs. of  
Ships, 1000 lbs. of  
Boats, 1000 lbs. of  
Yachts, 1000 lbs. of  
Houses, 1000 lbs. of  
Land, 1000 lbs. of  
Water, 1000 lbs. of  
Air, 1000 lbs. of  
Fire, 1000 lbs. of  
Earth, 1000 lbs. of  
Sun, 1000 lbs. of  
Moon, 1000 lbs. of  
Stars, 1000 lbs. of  
Planets, 1000 lbs. of  
Galaxies, 1000 lbs. of  
Universe, 1000 lbs. of  
Everything.

If the average young man would read the want ads, as closely as the baseball news he would find that he had as many "chances" as a first baseman.

# HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

Renews the hair, makes it new again, restores the freshness. Just what you need if your hair is faded or turning gray, for it always restores the color. Stops falling hair, also.

# DR. HENNEQUIN'S INFANT TABLETS

Mrs. R. J. Ego, Ardara, Ont., Says:  
"When baby was seven months old she got very ill with indigestion and constipation, and kept getting worse, until doctors had all hopes for her recovery. All medicines failed to have any effect. We received a sample package of Hennequin's Infant Tablets. I had not much faith in them, as I had tried so much, but concluded to try them. We gave her one-half one Tablet, and that day we noticed a change for the better. I at once sent for a box; we used them, and the results are most astonishing. We used five boxes, and baby has been a well child for some months, and is fat, hardy, and cheerful. I do not feel safe without them. I cannot speak too highly of what I know has saved my baby's life, and I wish all mother's whose babies suffer as mine was, to try them. Enclosed please find 44 and for which please mail to my address 5 packages."

**DR. HENNEQUIN'S INFANT TABLETS.**  
Destroy worms, assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach, procure healthy and natural sleep, relieve teething trouble, allay feverishness, cure indigestion, diarrhoea, constipation, colic, etc., stop walking in the sleep and frightened awakening from sleep, cure fits, etc. Beyond price for children affected with weak health. Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets do not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic properties. 25c per package—postpaid to any address. Send \$1 for 5 boxes and if, after using part or all of one box, you wish your dollar back, you can have it by mailing us the remaining four boxes. We cannot be responsible for money unless sent by P. O. Order, Money Order, or Registered Letter.  
DOUGLAS & CO., Napanee, Ont., Can.  
Wholesale Agents for Canada.

## Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.  
No. 26 Taking effect Nov. 1st, 1904.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.					Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.				
Stations.	Miles.	No. 12.	No. 14.	No. 6.	Stations.	Miles.	No. 14.	No. 41.	No. 6.
Lve Bannockburn	0	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	Lve Deseronto	0	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Albion	0	6:15	1:40	5:00	Arr Napanee	9	7:20	1:00	5:00
Queensboro	8	6:25	1:50	5:10	Lve Napanee	9	7:10	1:10	12:15
Bridgeport	14	6:40	2:05	5:25	Strathcona	15	8:05	1:20	13:30
Arr Tweed	20	6:55	2:20	5:40	Newburgh	17	8:15	1:30	14:40
Lve Tweed	20	7:00	2:25	5:45	Thomson's Mills	18	8:20	1:35	14:50
Stoco	21	7:10	2:35	5:55	Camden East	19	8:30	1:40	15:00
Larkspur	21	7:25	2:50	6:10	Arr Yarker	23	8:45	1:55	1:05
Maybank	23	7:40	3:15	6:30	Lve Yarker	23	9:00	2:00	1:15
Brantville	27	7:55	3:35	6:55	Galbraith	25	9:20	2:20	1:35
Tamworth	40	8:15	3:55	7:15	Moscow	27	9:30	2:30	1:45
Camden	46	8:25	4:05	7:25	Mudlake Bridge	30	9:35	2:40	1:55
Camden East	46	8:35	4:15	7:35	Enterprise	32	9:45	2:50	2:05
Mudlake Bridge	48	8:45	4:25	7:45	Wilson	34	9:55	3:00	2:15
Stoco	51	8:55	4:35	7:55	Tamworth	38	10:00	3:05	2:20
Camden	53	9:05	4:45	8:05	Brantville	41	10:10	3:20	2:35
Camden East	53	9:15	4:55	8:15	Maybank	45	10:25	3:40	2:50
Yarker	59	9:25	5:05	8:25	Larkspur	51	10:45	4:00	3:05
Queensboro	59	9:35	5:15	8:35	Stoco	55	11:00	4:15	3:20
Thomson's Mills	60	9:45	5:25	8:45	Arr Tweed	58	11:15	4:30	3:35
Newburgh	61	9:55	5:35	8:55	Lve Tweed	58	11:20	4:35	3:40
Strathcona	62	10:05	5:45	9:05	Bridgeport	64	11:35	4:50	3:55
Albion	63	10:15	5:55	9:15	Queensboro	70	12:05	5:20	4:25
Napanee	69	10:25	6:05	9:25	Allans	73	12:20	5:35	4:40
Lve Napanee	69	10:35	6:15	9:35	Arr Bannockburn	78	12:40	5:50	4:55
Deseronto	78	11:30	6:55	10:25					

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.					NAPANEE TO DESERONTO and PICTON.				
TRAINS		STEAMERS		Arrive	STEAMERS		TRAINS		Arrive
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive		Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive	
Napanee	Deseronto	Deseronto	Picton		Picton	Deseronto	Deseronto	Napanee	
12:15 a.m.	3:35 p.m.	7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.		6:00 a.m.	7:30 a.m.	9:40 a.m.	10:10 a.m.	
3:35	6:55				10:00 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	12:05 p.m.	
6:35	8:15						1:45	2:10	
1:35	10:55	1:40 p.m.	3:10 p.m.				12:50 a.m.	1:10 a.m.	
3:10 p.m.	4:50	5:30 p.m.	7:00 p.m.		4:00 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	2:50	3:10	
6:30	7:10						6:00	6:20	
4:40	6:55	7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.				7:00	7:20	
6:35	8:35						7:20	7:40	
8:15									

(Daily. All other trains run daily Sundays excepted.)

WALTER RATHBUN, President. H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent. D. A. VALLEAU, Asst. Superintendent.

and no amount of interest are in arrears.  
Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Napanee enacts as follows:  
1. The Municipal Council of the said Town of Napanee shall expend a sum not exceeding the sum of \$35,000.00 in the construction and installation of an Electric Light Plant for the said Town of Napanee, and for the purchase of the necessary land, and the erection of the necessary buildings therefor, and for the purpose of raising the said sum, debentures of the said Town to the amount of \$35,000.00 as aforesaid in sums of not less than \$100.00 each shall be on date and be issued on the day of the final passing hereof, and shall be payable on the first day of November of the year 1906, and on the first day of November of each of the next succeeding twenty-nine years, at the office of the Town Treasurer of the said Town of Napanee.  
2. Each of the said debentures shall be signed by the Mayor of the said Town of Napanee, or by some person authorized by By-law to sign the same, and by the Treasurer of the said Town of Napanee, and the Clerk shall attach thereto the Corporate Seal of the Municipality.  
3. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of four per centum per annum, computed from the first day of November, 1905, payable yearly at the office of the Town Treasurer, of the said Town of Napanee, on the first day of November in each and every year during the currency thereof.  
4. During the currency of the said debentures, there shall be raised annually by special rate, on all the rateable property in the said Town of Napanee, the sum of \$2,024.05, for the purpose of paying the amount due in each of the said years for principal and interest, in respect of the said debt, as shown in Schedule "A" attached thereto.  
5. This By-law shall take effect on the day of the date of the final passing thereof.  
6. The votes of the electors of the said Town of Napanee, shall be taken on this By-law on Monday, the first day of January, A.D. 1906, commencing at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon and continuing till five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, by the following Deputy Returning Officers, and at the following places, that is to say:—  
West Ward No. 1, at Frank Kinkley's residence, C. W. Bowen, D. R. O.  
West Ward No. 2, at Clapp's store, Geo. Vainaline, D. R. O.  
Centre Ward, No. 1, at Town Hall, Charles Walters, D. R. O.  
Centre Ward, No. 2, at E. B. Hemstreet's residence, Patrick Gleeson, D. R. O.  
East Ward, at Perry's Woollen Mill office, James Perry, D. R. O.  
7. On Saturday, the 30th day of December, A.D. 1905, the Mayor of the said Town of Napanee, shall attend at the Council Chamber at twelve o'clock noon to appoint persons to attend at the various polling places aforesaid, and at the final summing up of the votes by the Clerk on behalf of the persons interested in and promoting or opposing the passing of this By-law, respectively.  
8. The Clerk of the Council of the said Town of Napanee shall attend at his office in the Town Hall, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of Tuesday, the second day of January, 1906, to sum up the votes for and against the By-law.  
Dated at the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_  
Mayor, Clerk.

## SCHEDULE "A".

Referred to in the foregoing By-law showing how the amount of \$35,000.00 thereby required to be raised annually by special rate is apportioned.

Stations.	Miles.	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.
Lve Deseronto	0	7:00	12:40	5:00
Arr Napanee	9	7:20	1:00	5:10
Lve Napanee	9	7:10	1:10	12:15
Strathcona	15	8:05	1:20	13:30
Newburgh	17	8:15	1:30	14:40
Thomson's Mills	18	8:20	1:35	14:50
Camden East	19	8:30	1:40	15:00
Arr Yarker	23	8:45	1:55	1:05
Lve Yarker	23	9:00	2:00	1:15
Galbraith	25	9:20	2:20	1:35
Moscow	27	9:30	2:30	1:45
Mudlake Bridge	30	9:35	2:40	1:55
Enterprise	32	9:45	2:50	2:05
Wilson	34	9:55	3:00	2:15
Tamworth	38	10:00	3:05	2:20
Brantville	41	10:10	3:20	2:35
Maybank	45	10:25	3:40	2:50
Larkspur	51	10:45	4:00	3:05
Stoco	55	11:00	4:15	3:20
Arr Tweed	58	11:15	4:30	3:35
Lve Tweed	58	11:20	4:35	3:40
Bridgeport	64	11:35	4:50	3:55
Queensboro	70	12:05	5:20	4:25
Allans	73	12:20	5:35	4:40
Arr Bannockburn	78	12:40	5:50	4:55

Nickle plated tea and coffee pots, trays, &c. at MADOLE & WILSON.

**FITS CURED**  
If you, your friends or relatives suffer with Fits, Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, or Falling Sickness, write for a trial bottle and valuable treatise on such diseases to THE LEIBIG CO., 179 King Street, W., Toronto, Canada. All druggists sell or can obtain for you.

# FITS CURED

LEIBIG'S FIT CURE

the average man much more regular than that for retiring, but even the soberest and most orderly of men are apt to relax and prone to carelessness at bedtime, when more or less worn by the wear and tear of the day. In this condition the winding is apt to be done in a jerky, irregular sort of way or too far or not far enough. "Nine people out of ten wind their watches on going to bed," said the jeweler, "but if they would do it when they get up, at some regular point in the process of making their toilet, they would do it much better."

**Curious Almshouse.**  
The most curious almshouse in England is St. Mary's hospital at Chichester. There eight old ladies live actually in the church, which is a fine old building dating from 1680. It was originally a monastery, but when Queen Elizabeth came to visit there she turned it into an almshouse to endure as long as almshouses exist. The old ladies have two neat little rooms each down the sides of the main church, with windows looking out on the garden. They have each a coal supply, a kitchen range, water and gas. At one end of the church is the chapel, where daily services are held. The choir stalls are beautifully carved old oak, the original seats that the monks used. The church stands in a quiet little square.

**Too Serious.**  
While a great many persons probably take themselves too seriously, entertaining an altogether exaggerated opinion of their ability and worth, not many nowadays go to the extreme length of the German whom the English poet Coleridge met at Frankfurt. He always took off his hat when he ventured to speak of himself. Were this practice to become general what a number of people would be permanently bareheaded!

**Boarding a Hansom.**  
Have you ever noticed the right way to get into a hansom when two people are riding? Few persons know what to do. In nine cases out of ten the one who enters first seats himself on the off side. But this is wrong. If, on getting in first, you take the near seat, your companion can then enter in ease and comfort, which otherwise he could not.

**To Waterproof Canvas.**  
Scientific American gives this recipe for waterproofing for canvas: Soft soap dissolved in hot water and a solution of iron sulphate added. The sulphuric acid combines with the potash of the soap and the iron oxide is precipitated with the fatty acid as insoluble iron soap. This is washed and dried and mixed with linseed oil.

**Cured Beyond All Question.**  
There were cures for drunkenness in the early days of this country, and from this account in the New York Gazette of May 7, 1772, we are told of a treatment that cured one patient beyond all possible question: "On Saturday last Mr. Montany's negro man, who had misbehaved himself and was a remarkable drunkard, was sent to Bridewell and underwent the usual discipline of the house for such offenses—viz, a plentiful dose of warm water and salt to operate as an emetic and of lamp oil as a purge, in proportion to the constitution of the patient. Of these he took about three quarts of the one and two and a half spoonfuls of the other; also a gill of New England rum, which operated very powerfully, attended with a violent sickness which obliged him to lie down, and between 8 and 9 at night he was discovered to be dead. He died of excessive drinking, co-operating with discipline and medicine. Mr. Dobbs, the operator, was innocent of his taking off."



## COUNTY COUNCIL.

### SECOND DAY.

Council met at 9 a.m., pursuant to adjournment. Members all present. Warden in the chair.

Minutes of 28th inst. were read and confirmed.

Warden announced to Council that the action against Councillor Brydon had been dismissed with costs, and Councillor Brydon fully vindicated.

A communication from Inspector of Prisons, re House of Refuge, was read and filed.

Mr. Baker, as County representative, reported proceedings at meetings of Ontario Municipal Association.

Communication from F. Burrows, P.S.I., showing distribution of Poor School grant, was read and filed, same to be inserted in minutes.

Communication from F. Burrows, P.S.I., as to Continuation class grants, Bath, \$100; No. 2, Kaladar, \$15.00, was read and filed.

Communication from Secretary Bath Public School, asking for \$100 grant, filed.

Moved by Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Creighton, that Bath Board of Education be paid \$100, and No. 2, Kaladar School Board \$15 grants re Continuation classes. Carried.

Communication from County Clerk County of Waterloo, with memorials to Government re erection of sanitarium, was read and filed.

Communication from County Clerk County Norfolk, with memorials to Government, re proposed amendment County Council Act, was read.

Moved by Mr. Clyde, seconded by Mr. Bogart, that the memorials be signed by Warden and Clerk, and placed in the hands of M. L. A. for Lennox and Addington, to be presented at the next meeting of the Local Legislature. Carried unanimously.

Communication from Chairman of Railway committee of Legislative Assembly, was read and filed.

Communications from County Clerk County Leeds and Grenville, re increasing Government grants to Public Schools, was read and filed.

Communication from Carswell County, re index to Municipal Act, etc., was read and filed.

The following account was ordered to be paid, A. E. Paul, \$4.95.

The following accounts were referred to the County Property committee to report, P. E. Vanluven \$13.00, Henry's Book Store \$11.55.

An account of H. A. Baker, as County delegate at Ontario Municipal Association, \$15, was presented.

Moved by Mr. Bogart, seconded by Mr. Paul, that the account be paid. Cd.

Mr. Miller asked for the yeas and nays. Yeas—Bogart, Brydon, Paul, Clyde, Woods, Hall—6. Nays—Creighton, Miller—2.

County Treasurer's account, \$7.90, was ordered to be paid.

Moved by Mr. Bogart, seconded by Mr. Clyde, that the account of Albert McKim, \$5.50, re repairs on Baird's bridge, be paid. Carried.

Messrs. Dunwoody and Patterson, members of the Newburgh Board of Education, were heard, as to request for grant. On motion, the requisition was referred to the Finance committee.

Mr. Baker gave notice of the introduction to-morrow of a By-law to appoint auditors.

On motion the Council adjourned till 1.30 p.m.

Council resumed at 1.30 p.m.

Communication from S. Gibson, Registrar, re Odessa Abstract Index Book, was read and referred to Finance committee to report.

Messrs. Dr. Simpson and A. Chinnick, of Napanee Poultry Association, appeared before the Council, and asked for grant.

Moved by Mr. Bogart, seconded by Mr. Hall, that the Association be granted \$50. Lost.

Moved by Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Woods, that the grant be \$25.00. Lost.

Moved by Mr. Bogart, seconded by Mr. Paul, that grant be \$35. Lost.

Moved by Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Woods, that grant be \$25. Carried.

An account of expenses of Councillors attending at Belleville, on 29th inst., \$23.40, was presented, and on motion was referred to the Finance committee to report.

After a lengthy discussion of the County Roads By-law, Council adjourned till to-morrow at 10 a.m.

### THIRD DAY.

Council met at 10 a.m., pursuant to adjournment. Members all present. Warden in the chair.

Minutes of yesterday were read and confirmed.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid, G. S. Hinch, caretaker, for having wood cut, etc., \$5.25; Jas. Richardson, \$5.00; Irvine Vainalstine, \$2c; G. B. Joy, \$3.00.

Mr. Baker presented his account as Chairman County Property committee, \$13.50, which on motion was ordered to be paid.

Moved by Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Creighton, that the minutes for the year 1905 show the total amount re-

## The Hand That Wards Off Coughs, Colds, Grip And Restores Nervous, Dyspeptic Catarrh Wrecks.



**L**IKE A DEMON grip has crossed the country, leaving behind scores of physical wrecks.

Victims of catarrh of the head, catarrh of the throat, catarrh of the lungs, catarrh of the stomach, catarrh of the kidneys, catarrh of the pelvic organs, are to be counted by hundreds of thousands.

Grip is epidemic catarrh, and sows the seed of chronic catarrh within the system.

This is so true that few grip sufferers are able to make a complete recovery until they have used Peruna.

Never in the history of medicine has a remedy received such unqualified and universal eulogies as Peruna.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

For making an abstract index for the Village of Odessa, as Mr. Gibson offers to take \$600 in addition to \$200 already received by him as a clear receipt, we would recommend that \$600 be paid to him. On motion the report as amended was adopted, and the committee rose and reported.

Warden resumed the chair. On motion the report of the committee was adopted.

Mr. Baker presented first report of County Property committee, which was read and referred back to the committee for amendment. Mr. Baker again presented the report, which was on motion adopted.

On motion rule 38 was suspended in order that By-law appointing auditors might receive its 2d reading.

### La Grippe Victims Restored by Pe-ru-na.

Miss Alicia Newell, 6 Stanley street, Montreal, Can., charter member Societe Francis Bienfaisance, writes:

"We had a siege of la grippe in the family and I, as well as some of my friends, was a victim of the malady.

"Three bottles of Peruna assisted me to complete recovery, and some of my friends regained their health by even less.

"La grippe, as a rule, leaves one debilitated and nervous, but I noticed in every case where Peruna was used, the recovery was not only complete, but the medicine seemed to infuse new life and vigor."—Alicia Newell.

### President La Pharmacie Latonluse Recommends Pe-ru-na.

Mr. J. A. Goyer, President La Pharmacie Latonluse, 1033 St. Denis street, Montreal, Can., writes:

"I can highly recommend your inestimable preparation, Peruna, to all those who suffer from the bad after-effects of la grippe.

"Two bottles of Peruna have brought to me a complete cure of that sickness, and it has acted as the best tonic for the system that I have ever experienced."

—J. A. Goyer.

### Prostrated With Grip—Cured by Pe-ru-na.

Miss J. A. McGibbin, 871 William street, London, Ont., writes:

"I was prostrated with the grip last winter and it left me with a severe bronchial affection and catarrh of the larynx.

"The doctor's prescriptions seemed powerless and I was going from bad to worse, until I was advised to try Peruna.

"I took four bottles and it entirely removed the complaint. Words cannot express my appreciation for the good that Peruna did for me."—J. A. McGibbin.

A bridge has since been built, with eighty-one passengers, was upset, and only one passenger, named Hugh Williams, was saved. On the same date, in the year 1785, was upset another boat, containing about sixty passengers, of whom all perished excepting one, whose name was Hugh Williams. On Aug. 5, 1820, a third boat met with the same disaster, with twenty-five passengers only, and all perished with the exception of one, whose name was Hugh Williams.

### Boulevard and Esplanade.

Both "esplanade" and "boulevard" are military terms by origin. The original "boulevard" was a bulwark or horizontal part of the rampart, and an "esplanade" was originally the glacis or slope

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Minutes of yesterday were read and confirmed.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid, G. S. Hinch, caretaker, for having wood cut, etc., \$5.25; Jas. Richardson, \$5.00; Irvine Vanaalstine, \$2.25; G. B. Joy, \$3.00.

Mr. Baker presented his account as Chairman County Property committee, \$13.50, which on motion was ordered to be paid.

Moved by Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Creighton, that the minutes for the year 1905 show the total amount received by each member of this Council for sessions, committees, delegations, deputations, etc., as the minutes are incorrect on page 46 year 1905, showing H. A. Baker to receive only \$15.00, for attending the Trustees' Association at Toronto, when he really received \$16.85. Lost.

Mr. Miller asked for the yeas and nays. Yeas, Creighton and Miller, 2; Nays, Bogart, Baker, Brydon, Paul, Clyde, Woods, Hall, Martin, 8.

Mr. Paul gave notice of introduction to-morrow of By-law to designate roads to be assisted by the County in incorporated villages and other municipalities not included in County Road system.

Messrs. Gibson and Hooper, representing Children's Aid Society, Nanapanee, were heard in reference to a grant. Moved by Mr. Baker, seconded by Mr. Hall, that a sum of \$25 be made to Nanapanee Children's Aid Society. Carried.

Account of Warden Martin as to expenses, etc., as delegate to Toronto, \$18.45, was received, and on motion was ordered to be paid.

Mr. Baker presented By-law to appoint auditors, which was read first time.

Mr. Bogart presented first report of Roads and Bridges committee, which was read and adopted.

On motion Council adjourned till 1.30 p.m.

Council resumed at 1.30 p.m.

Mr. Hall produced first report of Finance committee. On motion Council went into Committee of the Whole on the report, Mr. Hall in the chair. On motion the report was ordered to be read clause by clause. Clause one was read and on motion was adopted. Clause two was read. Moved by Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Clyde, that clause be adopted. Moved by Mr. Martin, seconded by Mr. Woods, that the clause be amended by inserting the sum of \$18.55 in lieu of \$17.50. Cd. Clause three was read. Moved by Mr. Martin, seconded by Mr. Brydon, that the clause be amended by inserting the resolution adopted by the committee, and which has been omitted by the secretary of the committee. Carried. Clause four was read, and on motion was amended so as to read as follows, "The account of S. Gibson, of \$908.80



**THE FARMER REAPS** what he has previously sowed. The human body reaps likewise the natural crop of weakness, pain and death if the seeds of disease have been sown by bad habits of carelessness in eating, sleeping and when you need a little help.

**Nature's remedy** that do not roughly stimulate but gently quicken the action of Nature's functions in a natural way. Nature's laboratory furnishes the following plants which enter into the manufacture of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery: Golden Seal root, Queen's root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot and Mandrake root.

If in doubt as to your trouble or needing advice, you can consult, free of charge, Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician at the Invalids' Hotel and Sanatorial Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. All letters are considered confidential and answers bearing correct medical advice returned in securely sealed envelopes.

"I suffered for nearly eight years," writes Philip A. Patch, Esq., of Mobile, Ala., Deputy Sheriff, "with malaria, which poisoned my entire system and deprived me of my vitality. I was cured in three months by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I know it was largely due to neglect and I paid little attention to my trouble until I became so run-down and weak that I was glad to do something at once to regain my health. I began to feel better within four days after I used the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and after using nearly a bottle, I was restored to my usual health, feeling better than for years."

The most valuable book for both men and women is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. A splendid 1008-page volume, with engravings and colored plates. A copy, paper-covered, will be sent to anyone sending 31 cents in one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of mailing only. Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Cloth-bound, 50 stamps.

County Property committee, which was read and referred back to the committee for amendment. Mr. Baker again presented the report, which was on motion adopted.

On motion rule 38 was suspended in order that By-law appointing auditors might receive its 2d reading.

Council went into Committee of the Whole. Mr. Baker in the chair, and on motion By-law was read clause by clause. Clause 1 was read. Moved by Mr. Martin, seconded by Mr. Miller, that the blank be filled in with the name of W. J. Shannon, of the Town of Nanapanee. Carried. Clause 2 was read and moved by Mr. Bogart, seconded by Mr. Brydon, that the blank be filled in with the name of John T. Grant, of the Town of Nanapanee. Carried. Moved by Mr. Paul, seconded by Mr. Clyde, that the blank be filled in with the name of E. O. Clark, of the Town of Nanapanee. Clause 3 was read. Moved by Mr. Creighton, seconded by Mr. Brydon, that the blank be filled in with the sum of \$30.00. Carried. On motion the Committee rose and reported. The By-law was read 2d time and blanks filled in. Warden resumed the chair, and on motion the report of the committee was adopted.

Rule 38 was suspended. In order that By-law might receive its 3d reading. On motion the By-law was read 3d time, numbered 205, signed by the Warden and Clerk, sealed and finally passed.

Moved by Mr. Bogart, seconded by Mr. Paul, that the Warden and Councilors Woods, Miller, Paul and the mover be a committee to consider the matter in question, and report to-morrow morning. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Bogart, seconded by Mr. Brydon, that the usual annual grants of \$25.00 to Warden and Chairman of County Property committee, be made. Carried.

Moved by an amendment by Mr. Creighton, seconded by Mr. Woods, that the Warden receive \$25.00, and that the usual grant of \$25.00 to Chairman of County Property committee be reduced to \$11.50, he having already received to \$15.50, as committee services on account of said County Property committee. Lost.

Mr. Creighton asked for the yeas and nays on the amendment. Yeas, Creighton, Miller, and Woods, 3. Nays, Bogart, Brydon, Paul, Clyde, Hall, Martin, 6.

Moved by Mr. Bogart, seconded by Mr. Clyde, that G. S. Hinch, caretaker, be paid the sum of \$10 for extra services. Carried.

On motion Council adjourned till to-morrow at 9 a.m.

**FOURTH DAY.**

Council met at 9 a.m., pursuant to adjournment. Warden in the chair. Members all present.

Minutes of yesterday were read and confirmed.

Moved by Mr. Bogart, seconded by Mr. Baker, that the Warden, Mr. Clyde and the mover, be a committee to enquire into the workings of County Roads, amount of money to be expended, machinery to be purchased, and a full information of interest and benefit to the County regarding this question, and report at January session. Carried.

Pay list was read. Moved by Mr. Baker, seconded by Mr. Brydon, that the pay list as read be approved. Cd. Moved by Mr. Creighton, that the pay sheet as presented, which is as follows, W. A. Martin 5 days, H. A. Baker 5 days, James Brydon 7 days, Geo. Woods 5 days, Thos. Clyde 4 days, S. Paul 5 days, M. C. Bogart 5 days, W. Hall 5 days, J. C. Creighton 4 days, N. B. Miller 4 days, should be reduced as follows, W. Martin 4 days, H. A. Baker 4 days, James Brydon 4 days, Geo. Woods 4 days, Thos. Clyde 4 days, S. Paul 4 days, M. C. Bogart 4 days, J. W. Hall 4 days, J. C. Creighton 4 days, N. B. Miller 4 days, as the Council adjourned one day. Lost.

On motion the foregoing resolutions were ordered to lay on table for half an hour. In order for introduction of By-law to amend By-law 160. Mr. Miller asked for the yeas and nays on last motion. Yeas, Bogart, Baker, Brydon, Paul, Clyde, Woods, Hall, Martin, 8. Nays, Creighton, Miller, 2.

On motion rule 38 was suspended in order to introduce By-law to amend By-law No. 160. Mr. Miller asked for the yeas and nays on foregoing motion. Yeas, Bogart, Baker, Brydon, Paul, Clyde, Woods, Martin, 7. Nays, Creighton, Miller, 2.

Mr. Bogart introduced By-law to amend By-law 160, which was read 1st time. Rule 38 was suspended in order to give By-law its 2d reading in Committee of the Whole. Council went into Committee of the Whole. Mr. Brydon in the chair. Mr. Miller asked for yeas and nays on said motion to go into Committee of the Whole. Yeas, Bogart, Baker, Brydon, Paul, Clyde, Woods, Martin, 7. Nays, Creighton, Miller, 2.

By-law on motion was ordered to be read clause by clause, and blanks filled. Clause 1 was read. Moved by Mr. Martin, seconded by Mr. Paul, that clause be amended by inserting the word "and following" inserted in lieu thereof, "That each County Councilor shall be entitled to the sum of \$2.50 for each day necessarily spent in attending any regular or special sessions of this County Council, and also one

per diem and mileage allowance as provided for regular sessions. Carried.

On motion committee rose and reported clauses 1 and 2 of By-law No. 160 repealed, and blanks filled in. Warden resumed the chair.

On motion the report of the committee was adopted. Mr. Miller asked for the yeas and nays on adoption of the report. Yeas, Bogart, Baker, Brydon, Paul, Clyde, Woods, Martin, 7. Nays, Creighton, Miller, 2.

Rule 38 was suspended in order to give By-law its 3d reading.

Moved by Mr. Paul, seconded by Mr. Clyde, that the By-law to amend By-law No. 160 be now read 3d time, numbered, signed by Warden and Clerk, sealed and finally passed. Cd. By-law was read 3d time, numbered 206, signed by the Warden and Clerk, sealed, and finally passed.

Mr. Miller asked for yeas and nays on adoption of the report of the committee to motion of Messrs. Baker and Paul, which was ordered to lay on table. Yeas, Creighton, Miller, 2. Nays, Bogart, Baker, Brydon, Paul, Clyde, Woods, Hall, 7.

Moved by Mr. Paul, seconded by Mr. Woods, that the Warden now leave the chair, and that Mr. Woods take the chair. Carried.

Mr. Woods took the chair.

Moved by Mr. Bogart, seconded by Mr. Clyde, that the members of this Council have much pleasure in extending to our esteemed Warden, W. A. Martin, Esq., their sincere thanks for the very courteous and gentlemanly manner as well as the impartiality shown by him in the discharge of his duties as Warden for the year 1905. Carried unanimously by a standing vote, and singing "For he's a jolly good fellow."

The Warden replied heartily, thanking the Council.

On motion, Mr. Woods left the chair, and the Warden resumed the same.

The minutes of the day were read and confirmed, on motion of Messrs. Bogart and Baker.

Council adjourned to meet at the call of the Warden.

**A number of good second hand, Cook and Heating stoves, for sale.**  
**MADOLE & WILSON.**

**Won His Promotion.**

The Duke of Clarence, afterward William IV., once received a very adroit and humorous hint which he took in very good part. He was visiting Portsmouth and inspecting the ships there when it happened that his guide over the "seventy-fours" was an aggrieved and battered lieutenant who had waited for promotion many years in vain. He seemed despondent and forgotten. As this man removed his hat to salute royalty the duke observed that he was bald and said jestingly: "I see, my friend, that you have not spared your hair in your country's service."

"Why, your royal highness," was the quick answer, "it's a wonder I have any hair left, for so many young fellows have stepped over my head."

The duke laughed and made his inspection of the fleet, but in a few days his Portsmouth guide received an appointment as captain.

**The Mentone Man.**

An almost perfect skeleton was found in a cave at Mentone, France, March, 1872. It showed its owner to have been a tall, well formed man, with an average skull and a facial angle of eighty-five degrees. The antiquity of this skeleton, known as the Mentone man, is undoubted. His bones are associated with those of the cave lion, cave bear and other extinct animals. All the bones were in place, surrounded by flint implements and the remains of animals which the man probably had killed. Twenty-two perforated teeth, which may have formed a chaplet, lay by his head. These bones, with the Dutchman's skull found in a cave near Engis, are the oldest specimens known of human remains and go far to prove that prehistoric races were well furnished with brain power.

**A Triple Coincidence.**

A correspondent of the London Standard relates the following triple coincidence, taken from an old manuscript diary, dated 1842, in which a relative quotes from an "old journal": "In the year 1604, on Dec. 5, a boat on the Menai (Menai strait, in north Wales) crossing that strait, over which

On Aug. 3, 1820, a third boat met with the same disaster, with twenty-five passengers only, and all perished with the exception of one, whose name was Hugh Williams."

**Boulevard and Esplanade.**

Both "esplanade" and "boulevard" are military terms by origin. The original "boulevard" was a bulwark or horizontal part of the rampart, and an "esplanade" was originally the glaciis or slope of the counterscarp of a fortified place. A writer 200 years ago noted that the word boulevard was "now chiefly taken for the void space between the glaciis of a citadel and the first houses of a town," hence its extension to other "void spaces" suitable for promenading. The old French "esplanade" was defined by Cotgrave as "a planing, leveling, evening of ways," from Latin "explanare," to smooth or flatten out, whence the English words "explain" and "explanation."

**Exact Reasoning.**

Here is a bit of exact reasoning on the part of a little schoolgirl. The teacher wished to impress the idea of the wrong of idleness. He led up to it by asking who were the persons who got all they could and did nothing in return. For some time there was silence, but at last the little girl, who had obviously reasoned out the answer inductively from her own home experiences, exclaimed, with a good deal of confidence, "Please, sir, it's the baby!"

**JOYS OF MATERNITY**

**A WOMAN'S BEST HOPES REALIZED**

**Mrs. Potts Tells How Women Should Prepare for Motherhood**

The darkest days of husband and wife are when they come to look forward to childless and lonely old age.

Many a wife has found herself incapable of motherhood owing to a displacement of the womb or lack of strength in the generative organs.



**Mrs. Anna Potts.**

Frequent backache and distressing pains, accompanied by offensive discharges and generally by irregular and scanty menstruation indicate a displacement or nerve degeneration of the womb and surrounding organs.

The question that troubles women is how can a woman who has some female trouble bear healthy children?

Mrs. Anna Potts, of 510 Park Avenue, Hot Springs, Ark., writes:

My Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"During the early part of my married life I was delicate in health; both my husband and I were very anxious for a child to bless our home, but I had two miscarriages, and could not carry a child to maturity. A neighbor who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advised me to try it. I did so and soon felt that I was growing stronger, my headaches and backaches left me, I had no more bearing-down pains, and felt like a new woman. Within a year I became the mother of a strong, healthy child, the joy of our home. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly a splendid remedy, and I wish every woman who wants to become a mother would try it."

Actual sterility in woman is very rare. If any woman thinks she is sterile, let her try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free to expectant or would-be mothers.



# THE HUNGER OF AGES

## No Wonder Christ Used the Figure of Hunger and Thirst.

"Blessed are they which do hunger and thirst after righteousness, for they shall be filled.—Matt., v.; 6.

This is the central beauty; in a measure it embraces all the others, for every virtue they inculcate is included in righteousness. But it is often rejected as impracticable because fanciful teachers who substitute subtle definitions for simple duties have twisted its plain words until righteousness is made something so unreasonable as to be repulsive to a right mind. As a matter of fact, it means no more than rightness; the hunger and thirst for righteousness is but the earnest, supreme desire and endeavor to be right and to do right at all times, the appetite for the right.

Theological righteousness may mean some strange imputed quality laid on a man like a cloak to cover his real condition or a bill of health given to a sick man. But men who live next to real things care nothing one way or the other for theoretical rightness; they want the real article. And a right man will not be satisfied to have even the Most High think of him as being perfectly right when he knows he falls far short of it. He would rather be the faltering pursuer of actual rightness than the possessor of a hypothetical, ascribed perfection.

### THE GREAT TEACHER

cares nothing about imaginary virtues; he praises those who ardently seek the real ones. He knows that in the market of character cash alone is currency; here you cannot draw checks on some other person's deposits. To him it is better by far to die facing the right than to live in smug content with borrowed merits. This world will never be content with a gospel that offers only vicarious virtues; at its heart it knows too well its need of the genuine usable ones; it has at least the dormant faculties for an appetite of rightness.

And all this world story is but a record of the struggle for rightness. All human progress is but its fruitage. In every age there have been glorious souls who have made this passion a thing that glowed in their lives and became a light to their day. In every man the divine discontent that divides him from the animal is the sign of this desire in

some form; it shows man seeking to find more perfect, more nearly right relations with the things about him. As the things about him come to include God and heaven and things unseen, so will his search for rightness become wider and deeper and more spiritual. Every form of spiritual aspiration, every religion, no matter how uncouth and strange, is still the soul of man seeking right relations to the infinite.

What a glorious thing is this passion for the right; what visions it has seen, what strength it has given to their realization. It is the great tide that, moving restless and resistless in our bosoms, has carried us on toward God. We cannot but believe it is born of him. It does not originate in man, for it disturbs his peace, it stirs him from sloth, it spurs him to new and often unwelcome endeavors. It ever holds before him the shining possibility of a perfect being in

### A PERFECT WORLD.

Literal appetites have been the motives back of the world's struggle for physical rightness; yet these cravings have not been more general or more forceful than those of the soul. But for hunger and thirst man would have lived in perfect content with the form and facts of life as he found them; progress, all that we call civilization, would not have been.

Man is happy in proportion as necessity compels him to heed these cravings. So is it in the moral world; the struggle has been our salvation. To cease to strive for rightness is to cease to live. Individually and nationally they are happy who accept the rigorous climate of lofty ethical ideals, who are not content to take life as they find it, but who seek to cultivate flowers and fruits of paradise on the sterile, rocky soil of the human heart. This is the life that Jesus shows, the life that seeks and finds the truth, that with passionate ardor seeks right relations both with his fellows and with his Father. Out of the fullness of experience, in the midst of his own struggle he encourages all who strive; they shall be satisfied. No ideal, no noble passion, no glorious sacrifice, no honest endeavor for the right was ever in vain; the soul finds itself in seeking the supreme good.

representative men of the nation in its civil, religious, and social life.

14. They found written in the law.—It is not unlikely that Ezra himself directed their attention to that which they now discovered.

How that Jehovah had commanded by Moses—The passages in the Pentateuch which relate to the Feast of Tabernacles in the seventh month are the following: Exod. 23. 16; Lev. 27. 39-43; Num. 29. 12-38; Deut. 16. 13, 15. The particular commandment here referred to is given in Lev. 23.

15. Palm branches, and branches of thick trees—Compare Lev. 23. 40. "And ye shall take you on the day the fruit of goodly trees, branches of palm trees, and boughs of thick trees, and willows of the brook; and ye shall rejoice before Jehovah your God seven days."

16. The water gate—Just south of the temple inclosure, so called because the path leading from the virgin's spring (Gihon) entered the city here. It was a common sight to see water carriers passing in and out at this gate.

Gate of Ephraim—So called because the road passing through this gate

## SOME PECULIAR TRADES

### INSTRUMENTS OF TORTURE MADE IN BIRMINGHAM.

Swiss Dogs Are Trained as Smugglers, and Do Their Work Well.

One of the most peculiar trades imaginable is that of the manufacture of instruments of torture. These are manufactured in large quantities in Birmingham and other towns, and they can be bought in London. In the catalogue of the firm who trade in London can be found the prices of disciplines of knotted cords and steel, of hair shirts, and of crosses with protruding spikes. Although such things in the twentieth century may sound strangely mediæval, yet the trade in them proves that there is a decided want for such articles.

Birmingham also carries on the peculiar trade of idol-making. Large quantities of idols are made for sale in Africa. In addition there is the manufacture of man-traps, those terrible engines 74 inches long from end to end and about 3 feet high. These will catch a man above the knees, and it requires two men to set the traps owing to a strong spring which is fixed at either end. Any person caught in one of these traps is naturally held a close prisoner.

### RABBIT FUR FOR HATS.

A curious industry is that of pulling the hair out of rabbit skins, and making it into the felt that is used in the manufacture of ordinary bowler hats. The best kinds of hats require more rabbit fur than the inferior, while the bluer the hair the more suitable it is for the purpose.

First of all the rabbit skins are dried, and the hair is pulled out by a staff of girls. This fluffy stuff is then treated by a patent process which makes it into a sort of felt. In such manufactories dogs and ferrets are kept in order to cope with the rats, which are extremely fond of rabbit skins.

One trade is concerned with the conversion of top hats into nosebags. Many discarded silk hats have the brims removed, and after loops of string are added they form excellent nosebags for costermongers' donkeys.

There is a trade which is concerned in the manufacture of mahogany coffins for cats. These coffins are well-made boxes fitted with locks and keys, and are lined inside with white cotton-wool. Lovers of animals make such trades fairly remunerative.

### GRUESOME GLUE.

One of the most gruesome of modern trades is that of turning soldiers into glue. At Holland is a manufactory at which are landed cargoes of animal and human bones destined for conversion into glue. It is stated that a recent consignment of these bones came from the Far Eastern battlefields, and it is even asserted that rags of uniform still adhered to them.

The authorities have now interfered, and forbidden the terrible freights to be unloaded, except at night, owing to the danger to the public health. The men who are engaged in the work are paid at extra rates.

A fairly paying trade is that which is interested in turning dogs into smugglers. These intelligent animals are trained to carry dutiable articles across the frontier, and they are also taught to distinguish the difference between Italian and Swiss uniforms. During the last three months no fewer than 270 of these Swiss smuggling dogs have been shot by Italian Frontier Guards.

An unique trade is that of printing Bank of England notes. Every day some 60,000 Bank of England notes of various values are printed

## YOUNG FOLKS

### TIME ENOUGH.

Two little squirrels, out in the sun, One gathered nuts, the other had none.

"Time enough yet," his constant refrain, "Summer is still only just on the wane."

Listen, my child, while I tell you his fate; He roused him at last, but he roused him too late, Down fell the snow from the pitiless cloud, And gave a little squirrel a spotless shroud.

Two little boys in a school-room were placed, One always perfect, the other disgraced.

"Time enough yet for my learning," he said, "I will climb, by and by, from the foot to the head."

Listen, my darling: Their locks have turned gray, One as a governor sitting to-day; The other, a pauper, looks out at door Of the alms-house, and idles his days as of yore.

Two kinds of peoples we meet every day:

One is at work, the other at play, Living uncared for, dying unknown— The business hive hath ever a drone.

Tell me, child, if the squirrels have taught The lesson I long to impart to your thought, Answer me this and my story is done, Which of the two would you be, little one?

### "NOW-AND-READY."

Rhoda's father used to call her little "Now-and-Ready," because she was so fond of having and of doing things "right this very minute." When the grown people planned along in January where they would go for the next summer vacation, Rhoda would lay out the big doll's traveling suit, and say, "Oh, please let's go away in July now." And if anybody mentioned Christmas, even though the garden were overflowing with roses, she was pretty sure to beg, "Why can't we go after holly wreaths right this very minute?"

One Saturday Rhoda went with her mother to help straighten up the attic. They looked all through the cedar chest, where the funny baby dresses were, and shook out little Great-aunt Amy's short-sleeved sprigged muslin.

Then over in a dark corner Rhoda spied a basket with a handle going over the middle like a high bridge, and a cover which opened on each side.

"It's hen eggs," said Rhoda. "No, it isn't hen eggs; it's quilt pieces. They belonged to my sister—"

"That's my Aunt Rhoda. I know her. She lives in the country, and brings sausage and apples when she comes to see us."

"Yes," said mother. "And once, a long time ago, there was to be a great fair in the town that was nearest to us. Our mother thought it would be a very nice thing for Rhoda to piece a quilt to put in the fair, while I was to bake some bread. Your poor Aunt Rhoda worked and worked; but there were so many butterflies to chase that summer, and the plum thicket was

## THE S. S. LESSON

### INTERNATIONAL LESSON.

DEC. 10.

Lesson XI. Reading and Obeying the Law. Golden Text, Luke 11.28.

### LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note—The Word Studies of this lesson are based on the Revised Version.

Intervening Events.—In the remaining verses of chapter 4, immediately succeeding the lesson passage for last Sunday, and in chapters 5 and 6, are recorded other difficulties which Nehemiah encountered in his work at Jerusalem. In unselfish devotion to the cause for which he had left his position of honor at the Persian court, this illustrious governor wisely thwarted every plot and plan the combined enemies of Judah set on foot to stop the work of the rebuilding the city and its walls, until finally the work was completed. The

and in chapters 1 and 2, are recorded other difficulties which Nehemiah encountered in his work at Jerusalem. In unselfish devotion to the cause for which he had left his position of honor at the Persian court, this illustrious governor wisely thwarted every plot and plan the combined enemies of Judah set on foot to stop the work of the rebuilding the city and its walls, until finally the work was completed. The completion of the strong defense of the city brought once more to the hearts of the long-discouraged inhabitants the sense of security, and with this returned all their former national pride and enthusiasm. At this point in the events Nehemiah appointed his brother, Hanani, as governor over Jerusalem and ordered that a census of the population be taken, that the record of genealogies might be corrected to date—"And my God put into my heart to gather to gether the nobles, and the rulers, and the people, that they might be reckoned by genealogy. And I found the book of the genealogy of them that came up at the first" (Neh. 7: 5). The account of this enrollment of the heads of families is given in chapter 7. This being done, the people gathered together into Ezra, the scribe and priest, and requested to be instructed once more in the book of the law of Moses, that they might by the character of their religious life as well as by their re-established integrity as a nation, be indeed "a peculiar people" again unto Jehovah. Ezra promptly complied with the wish of the people and chose for the first day of the reading of the law the first day of the seventh month, which was sacred from olden time as a day of solemn rest, "a memorial of blowing of trumpets, a holy convocation," known as the feast of Tabernacles.

Verse 8. And they read—Those chosen by Ezra mentioned in verses 1 and 7, together with Ezra himself. It is not clear from this verse whether these men read to smaller groups of people, simultaneously or whether they only read at a time, each in turn.

In the book, in the law of God—A book corresponding probably to our canonical books of the Pentateuch.

Distinctly—Probably referring to the clearness of utterance, though the word may be also rendered as in the margin of the Revised Version, "with an interpretation," in which case the following clause, and they gave the sense, would be in opposition with the word "distinctly."

They understood—The people who listened.

9. This day is holy—It was holy both because of being the first day of the new month, or new moon, and also because it was the day set apart in the law for the feast of trumpets (comp. Introductory Note).

The people wept, when they heard the words of the law—Humbled at the thought of the greatness of their sin and negligence in not having kept the law in the past.

10. Eat the fat, and drink the sweet, and send portions unto him for whom nothing is prepared—Some have thought that Ezra did not consciously choose this sacred feast day for the reading of the law; but his evident familiarity with the requirements of the law with regard to such feasts makes it seem probable that his choice of the day and season was a conscious choice (comp. Deut. 16: 14: "And thou shalt rejoice in thy feasts, thou, and thy son, and thy daughter, and thy manservant, and thy maidservant, and the Levite, and the sojourner, and the fatherless, and the widow, that are within thy gates").

For the joy of Jehovah is your strength—The word "strength" may be translated also "stronghold." By the "joy of Jehovah" is meant the joy of the people in Jehovah, rather than Jehovah's joy in the people.

13. The heads of fathers' houses of all the people, the priests, and the Levites—The delegation which gathered on the second day about Ezra to learn still more concerning the law of Jehovah thus included the re-

trees, and willows of the brook; and ye shall rejoice before Jehovah your God seven days."

16. The water gate—Just south of the temple inclosure, so called because the path leading from the virgin's spring (Gihon) entered the city here. It was a common sight to see water carriers passing in and out at this gate.

Gate of Ephraim—So called because the road passing through this gate to the north of the city led into the territory of Ephraim. The "broad places" of the respective gates were the open spaces of ground just inside the wall at these points.

17. Since the days of Joshua the son of Nun . . . had not the children of Israel done so—The statement does not mean, of course, that the Feast of Tabernacles had not been kept by the Jews at all during all these years, but rather that the detailed requirements of the law relating to the observance of the feast had not been carried out.

18. Solemn assembly—Or, "closing festival," as the marginal reading in the Revised Version translates.

For a fuller explanation of the Feast of Tabernacles and its significance, the student is referred to the Pentateuch references given in the note on verse 14 above.

## RUIN OF THE OLD WORLD

### ROMANCE CREATES SENSATION IN GERMANY.

War Cripples All European Nations and Japan and States Come on Top.

The latest German literary political sensation is a book, entitled "The Collapse of the Old World," by an anonymous author, who writes under the nom de plume of "Sea Star." The book, which is full of vivid pictures of a great war of the future, describes how the principal European powers will sacrifice their predominant position in the world, owing to an outbreak of war between Britain and Germany.

This war involves other countries, and in the general conflict France, Spain and Portugal support Britain, while Austria and Italy give their naval and military aid to Germany. Germany crushes the French army, and the German army overruns France, but the British fleet annihilates

THE GERMAN NAVY, sustaining terrible losses in accomplishing that feat.

Finally, Great Britain and Germany are obliged to abandon the struggle owing to its disastrous effects in all parts of the world.

The black and yellow races all over the earth rise. All Africa is in a turmoil; the Hottentots, under an Ethiopian missionary, are massacring and burning from Swakopmund to Bloemfontein, and the English and German inhabitants unite against the common foe.

The English are driven out of Egypt, and massacres of whites take place at Fez—where the Sultan of Morocco is also murdered—as well as in European Turkey. In China, Japan has incited the Chinese against the white population, and ghastly slaughters are reported from the interior.

### MANE-UP COMPLETE.

Japan and the United States of America become the two greatest powers, Italy and Austria are reduced to the rank of second-rate powers through the colossal losses which they have sustained in combating each other.

The author maintains, in short, that a war between Great Britain and Germany would simply result in losses to both combatants and great gains to America and Japan.

Russia, the only European power remaining neutral, is the only one which will retain first-class rank.

A more powerful argument for peace between Great Britain and Germany is inconceivable than this striking romance.

able articles across the ironer, and they are also taught to distinguish the difference between Italian and Swiss uniforms. During the last three months no fewer than 270 of these Swiss smuggling dogs have been shot by Italian Frontier Guards.

An unique trade is that of printing Bank of England notes. Every day some 60,000 Bank of England notes of varying value are printed, from the comparatively humble but popular five to the rare and majestic £1,000 note. In addition, the same machines print many thousands of postal orders as well. Four machines print the latter, each turning out 1,200 sheets an hour, and the paper is of such a size that ten postal orders are printed on each sheet. So it happens that in actual practice an average of about 400,000 orders of all denominations are struck off every day by the four machines. When all the machines are at work they cast £3,000,000 into the currency in a single hour.

### DEALING IN "ACCIDENTS."

One trade consists of dealing in accidents. One man who is engaged in this trade, Frederick Charles Battlebury, has sought damages for alleged accidents against no fewer than twenty-one persons and corporations in the course of three years, according to the evidence the police gave at the Old Bailey. His twenty-second attempt came to an unfortunate conclusion, because the judge inflicted a sentence of six months' hard labor. He was told for the future he must fight against this craving.

A somewhat similar trade is that which is carried on by Charles Brown, who was recently sent to prison for his trade. This man carried about with him a supply of crusts, and when he observed a likely-looking giver coming along he dropped a piece of bread to the ground. Then he would pick up the crust and devour it ravenously. It was seldom that this dodge failed to touch the heart of pity, and to bring forth a contribution.

Another trade is that of professional bailer. Evidence of the existence of this trade came out as a sequel to the flight of a Swiss charged with burglary. A man, Barnett Rotto, had been bail for him to the extent of \$250, and at the Worship Street Police Court, London, he was ordered to pay the \$250. A police-sergeant stated that Rotto was a professional bailer, and went bail for people who got into trouble in the West-end.

### FURNITURE TRACING.

Another man at West Ham was described as a "tracer." This man was in the employ of a furniture dealer, and his duties were to trace out customers whose weekly payments were overdue. Men who follow this trade of tracing either seize the goods or take the amount that is owing when they manage to run the man to earth.

A very remunerative trade is that of designer to the Easter Egg trade. Thirty chocolate makers this year turned out some \$200,000 worth of Easter eggs, which weighed something like 500 tons. In one of these factories the chief designer draws a salary of \$6,000. It will be seen what a profitable trade this is.

Another probably profitable trade is that which is carried on at South-wark. There several people hire out silk skirts, hats, and feathers to costermongers—"ladies" simply for a tolerably decent living in this way.—Pearson's Weekly.

### AN AUTHORITY.

Doctor (to Pat's wife, after examining Pat, who had been run down by an auto)—"Madam, I fear your husband is dead."

Pat (feebly)—"No, I ain't dead yet."

Pat's Wife—"Hush, Pat, the gentleman knows better than you."

"Yes," said mother. "And once, a long time ago, there was to be a great fair in the town that was nearest to us. Our mother thought it would be a very nice thing for Rhoda to piece a quilt to put in the fair, while I was to bake some bread. Your poor Aunt Rhoda worked and worked; but there were so many butterflies to chase that summer, and the plum thicket was so lovely to crawl through, that somehow September came round and found the quilt just half-done. So when you were a little baby, and we began to call you Rhoda, your aunt sent you the quilt pieces, and hoped that some day you would finish the big quilt."

"To send Aunt Rhoda for a Christmas present—right now, today?" asked Rhoda, her fingers fairly aching to pull out all the stacks of gay calico pieces and begin at once.

But mother shook her head. "Not yet, little daughter, not yet a while," she said.

But she took out some of the pieces and showed Rhoda how they went together—four of the littlest squares to make one big one, next to that a big pink one, and then four more little ones, to make a big one.

"Did you make your bread, mother?" the little girl asked, as they closed the basket and started downstairs.

"No, that was the queer part of it. When the fair-time came Rhoda and I both had—what do you think? Mumps!" And I couldn't cook. So poor grandma had nothing to show how clever her daughters were."

After dinner Rhoda disappeared, and mother was too busy to notice until Rhoda's father came home. Nobody knew where she was, so he started out to hunt for her.

Father was troubled, and as soon as he was troubled mother began to worry, and when mother worried Lawrence got scared, and the baby stopped laughing, and cried instead.

"I'll get the lantern," said father, and started to the attic three steps at a time, with a lighted candle in his hand.

In a minute they heard him give a shout, and his voice sounded so happy that they both ran after him, as many steps at a time as they possibly could. When they got there father was just gathering a bundle from the floor into his arms, and the candle was shining right on two fast-shut eyes and a head of tousled curls. All about were scattered quilt pieces, big and little, and Rhoda opened her eyes long enough to say, sleepily, "I must make Aunt Rhoda's quilt right this very minute."

And sure enough, when mother examined closely, she found that little "Now-and-Ready" had sewed in the afternoon nearly as much as the other Rhoda years ago had done in the whole long summer. It was not Christmas when the big quilt was sent away, all finished and packed neatly in white tissue-paper and with a little sachet bag—it was the twentieth day of November, just two weeks after it was taken out of the basket.

### PAY OLD SCORES.

"Mr. Deeply," said the hostess, "won't you oblige us with one more song?" "Oh, really!" replied the eminent vocalist, "the hour is late. I'm afraid my singing will disturb the neighbors." "Never mind that. They've got a dog whose howling disturbs me at night."

### NO MACHINERY.

"I understood you to say," complained the home-seeker, "that the house was a brownstone front."

"Oh, no," replied the slick real-estate man, "I merely said it was a brown front."

"Huh! it's nothing but plaster painted."

"True, but—er—it's all hand painted."

view and must could decid Hersc If we succe get t there C "Wi small along last. "On along ing, i time made were frozen in m fifteen "W no v Had woul and pack, we c and miles "Ti us fr el dc cold soldo low. "TY ing ( teen and could took meat const "Di dash ly w blind work limit "T Poin' schel clear the I had the t a t worn little "W and We v a blizz cable "F go u Phri Com river along kept exter "T



## BRAVED THE ICY WASTE

SEAMAN TRAVELED MORE THAN 3,000 MILES.

Went Over Arctic Ice With a Team to Get Help for His Companions.

Some fearless white man is in all probability preparing at this time to take one of the longest, loneliest and most arduous journeys imaginable, for the purpose of conveying to the outside world news of his companions on board the whalers icebound in the Arctic north or Bering Straits. When several whale ships were obliged to winter in the Arctic eight years ago, and the prospect of short rations disquieted the crews, two seamen, Tilton and Walker, started out on different routes to carry the story of their comrades' plight to civilization. Doubtless the same plan will be followed this year.

Few people have any conception of the magnitude of the undertaking voluntarily assumed by these men. One of the two was Charles H. Walker, third mate of the ship Orca. Between November 1, 1897, and some time in May, 1898, he traveled a distance estimated at 3,200 miles, almost without rest, behind a dog sled, most of the time without human companion.

For more than 2,500 miles he traveled over the frozen surface of the great rivers of the interior. He was practically

### WITHOUT FOOD FOR DAYS

at a time at several stages of his journey. Nothing but the necessity that the condition of the frozen whaling fleet should be reported led him to attempt the trip; nothing but an iron constitution, unyielding zeal and good fortune enabled him to fight his way through constant peril to safety. His own account of his exploit was substantially as follows:

"William Dryden, supercargo of the Orca, and man in charge of the whaling company's finances at Point Barrow, came to me on November 1st with the proposition of making the trip to San Francisco. He told me that the safety of the entire company depended on getting certain information to the officials at that place.

"Whether I went eastward to Herschel Island or westward to Point Hope for my provision supply for the trip made little difference. The question, 'would I go?'

"It was a hard matter to decide, but finally I said I would make the attempt. The eastern route to Herschel Island and then up the Mackenzie and down the Athabasca river seemed to me the most practicable route. After reaching Herschel Island I could get enough food. I thought, to last me until I should reach the first Hudson's Bay Company post, and from there on I could follow the line of posts that stretched through the Northwest Territory.

"Tilton had gone west to Point Hope, but none of us knew how he had fared. I selected five dogs from the big pack at Point Barrow, and, after much work, found two Indians who would accompany me to the first Hudson's Bay Company's post. They were young fellows, and good hunters.

"No provisions could be spared from the Point Barrow hoard — the supply there was too limited in view of the many mouths to feed and the many long mouths that must elapse before aid from outside could be expected to arrive—so we decided to shoot our way through to Herschel Island, 680 miles away. If we saw game, and the Indians succeeded in shooting it, we would get through. If we did not—well, there would be two natives and

ONE WHITE MAN MISSING

the frozen river made excellent traveling, and we covered the distance between posts—450 miles—in sixteen days. We had more grub at this stage than on the first relay, for at Herschel I was offered everything I needed, but on account of the distance we were compelled to depend somewhat on game short en route.

"At Fort McPherson I sent back the Indians and started on alone. I had letters to the Hudson's Bay Company agents, and only took enough food to last me between posts.

"From Fort McPherson I went across country on the Hudson's Bay Company trail to old Fort Good Hope, on the Mackenzie river. The distance was 300 miles, and I covered it in fourteen days. Provisions got rather short before Good Hope was reached, but I did not suffer much.

"The solitude of the long journey through the timber and up the snow covered Mackenzie was awful. I could cut down a few trees at night, build a fire and go to sleep. Thank heaven, I could sleep!

"There were many wild animals of various sorts, but I had no unpleasant experience with them. The sight of a traveler passing through their stamping ground in the dead of winter was too unexpected a happening for them to make any trouble.

"Upon reaching Fort Good Hope I was received in royal fashion by the company's agent, who provided me with provisions sufficient to carry me to the next station, Fort Norman, 200 miles farther up the river. I encountered bad, very bad, weather on that stretch, and it took me nine days to make it.

"At Fort Norman another supply of food was forthcoming. The next station was Fort Rigley, 180 miles distant. It took me eight days to reach that station.

"From there to Fort Simpson was a similar distance, but having better weather I covered it in seven days. The last post on the Mackenzie was Fort Providence, 175 miles above Fort Simpson. I reached it in 6½ days.

"After a good rest I said good-bye to my last Hudson Bay man in the Mackenzie river district and crossed to the Athabasca river. The Hudson's Bay Company's post at the mouth of the Hay river was the first one struck.

### ON THE ATHABASCA.

It was but 80 miles from Fort Providence, and I made the distance in two days.

"Then I pushed on to Fort Resolution, wiping out the 85 miles in two other days. The dogs were standing the trip excellently and were getting a fair supply of food.

"It took nearly five days to reach Fort Smith, 180 miles nearer home. Then there came a long jump of 200 miles to Fort McMurray, at the mouth of the Clearwater river. I performed that stage in six days—remarkably quick time, everything considered. This was the last stopping place on the Athabasca, although I continued down that stream a long distance, covering the 400 miles between McMurray and the company's post on Lac La Piche in nine days.

"From that point to Edmonton was the easiest part of the whole trip. I found posts and missions every few miles, and I made the distance, 175 miles, in six days. At Edmonton I left my dog team and went on to Seattle as fast as I could.

"There were few incidents in the trip, long as it was. It was simply hard work, and lots of it. Following a sled drawn by five husky dogs at the rate of from 30 to 60 miles per day is no soap. I would not undertake another trip like that one for a fortune.

"I suffered a great deal for lack of food on my way on the Athabasca.

## SHIP YARDS WILL MOVE

YARROW & CO. WILL LEAVE THE THAMES.

Ship-building Will Soon Cease at Port of London—Great Loss to District.

The once flourishing but now decaying trade of Thames shipbuilding is about to receive another serious blow by the transference of the large works of Messrs. Yarrow & Co. from Millwall to the north.

A spirit of despair entered hundreds of homes in the Isle of Dogs when Mr. Yarrow's definite decision to leave the island for either Tyne-side or the Clyde became known.

The firm has for some years been contemplating removal to the north, where the cost of shipbuilding is appreciably lower than in London, and the loss some months ago of a large contract from the Austrian Government, owing to the determination of the firm's men not to accept less than "time and a half" for the necessary night work, has compelled Messrs. Yarrow to decide upon leaving the Thames and spend about £200,000 on their new yard.

### BIG LOSS TO MEN.

The blow will fall heavily on many workmen's homes in Poplar, where the strain of a 12s. rate is proving almost insupportable.

The firm employs 1,200 men, and it is estimated that the removal will directly affect between 3,000 and 4,000 men, women, and children. It is probable that a proportion of the best of the skilled workmen will be transferred to the north, but the number who will find themselves unemployed will almost certainly exceed 1,000.

This will involve a loss in wages of not less than £60,000 a year, and something like ruin to many of the small shop-keepers in the Isle of Dogs.

The factors which have brought about the determination to leave the Thames are stated by Mr. Yarrow to be:

"Heavy rates in Poplar—about three times those on the Tyne.

"Higher cost of raw material—steel-plates and coal.

"Higher rate of wages in London.

"Time and a half for night work, as against time and an eighth, or time and a quarter in the north."

The cost of shipbuilding on the Thames is calculated as being 10 per cent. more than on the Tyne, largely owing to the fact that both the coal and the steel-plates have to be

### BROUGHT FROM THE NORTH.

Messrs. Yarrow's removal will reduce the number of large Thames shipbuilding firms to two—the Thames Ironworks at Blackwall and Messrs. Thornycroft's at Chiswick. Since the latter firm purchased a yard at Woodston, near Southampton, they have been transferring by degrees the building of larger boats and repair work to the southern port, and reserving their work at Chiswick for doing small marine engine, motor-car and waggon and general work.

The history of the past thirty years or more has been one of steady decline in Thames shipbuilding, due to the replacement of wooden ships by ships of iron and steel, which can be more economically built in the coal and iron districts of the north.

Famous firms, like those of Samuda's and Scott Russell's—the disappeared before the competition of the Tyne and the Clyde, and the extinction of shipbuilding on the Thames is prophesied as inevitable.

## KEEP NEWS IN WAR TIME

THE MATTER IS BEING DIS-

## HEALTH

### SICK-ROOM MEALS.

Although it is the function of the physician to indicate the general nature of the nourishment to be given to his patient, the responsibility for the proper feeding of the sick person devolves almost entirely on the nurse, and on her tact and judgment the success of the treatment will depend. Even when the food is correctly prepared, much attention to the manner of service is requisite in order to make it tempting to the invalid.

During illness the things that naturally stimulate the appetite, such as fresh air and exercise, are entirely lacking, so that every possible means must be used to render the idea of food as agreeable as possible. Chief among these is the care of the mouth and tongue. Unless these are kept scrupulously clean by the use of cleansing lotions, particles of fermenting food are retained, and give rise to much discomfort. This is especially true of milk, the administration of which should always be followed by a cleansing of the tongue with some such preparation as a mixture of equal parts of glycerin, lemon-juice and water applied with a cotton swab.

Before bringing in the meal the room should have been put in order as much as possible, the patient's hands and face sponged off, and the bedclothes and pillows freshly arranged. The tray itself should be decked with the prettiest china, the whitest and freshest linen and the brightest silver the household boasts. Very small portions only should be set before a sick person, for in this way a greater amount is likely to be eaten than if the weak appetite is appalled by the sight of well-filled plates.

In giving liquids to patients unable to sit up, the head should be raised by slipping the hand under the pillow, instead of directly under the head, as in this way the position is less constrained and swallowing is easier. The conventional sick-feeders with nozzles are usually disliked by patients, and in most cases fluids can be taken without much effort through a bent glass tube or from a tumbler only a third full. Here again the patient should not be presented with more than he is likely to drink, as a sick person feels a certain satisfaction in completely emptying his glass.

It is often a difficult question to decide whether or not to waken a sleeping patient for food. In most cases it is better to wait, but often a sufferer may be roused sufficiently to take a few swallows, and yet be able to drop off again and sleep all the more soundly for having received the nourishment.

### THE WAY TO KEEP YOUNG.

Keep in the sunlight; nothing beautiful or sweet grows or ripens in the darkness.

Avoid fear of all its varied forms of expression. It is the greatest enemy of the human race.

Avoid excesses of all kinds; they are injurious. The long life must be a temperate, regular life.

Don't live to eat, but eat to live. Many of our ills are due to over-eating, to eating the wrong things, and to irregular eating.

Don't allow yourself to think on your birthday that you are a year older and so much nearer the end.

Never look on the dark side; take sunny views of everything. A sunny thought drives away the shadows.

Be a child; live simply and naturally, and keep clear of entangling alliances and complications of all

from the Point Barrow board — the supply there was too limited in view of the many mouths to feed and the many long mouths that must elapse before aid from outside could be expected to arrive—so we decided to shoot our way through to Herschel Island, 680 miles away. If we saw game, and the Indians succeeded in shooting it, we would get through. If we did not—well, there would be two natives and

#### ONE WHITE MAN MISSING.

"We did take some bread and a small quantity of canned goods along, but not nearly enough to last.

"On November 1st we started out along the coast line. It was snowing, and kept snowing nearly all the time we were on the coast. This made that stage unduly long, for we were unable to cut across the deep frozen bays that indent the coast in many places to a depth of from fifteen to twenty miles.

"We could not see across, and had no way of keeping the direction. Had we ventured out on the ice we would probably have lost our way and wandered far out on the ocean pack. Had it been clear weather we could have crossed these reaches and thus saved several hundreds of miles.

"Terrible gales swept down upon us from the northeast, making travel doubly hard. It was extremely cold all the time, the thermometer seldom getting above 35 degrees below.

"The Indians had great luck killing deer, getting seven the first fifteen days out, but with three men and five hungry dogs to feed more could have been used easily. We took out the bones and kept all the meat, carrying it in our sled until consumed.

"During the last three days of the dash to Herschel we were practically without food. We pushed on blindly through the snow and cold, working the hungry dogs to the limit.

"Twenty-seven days after leaving Point Barrow we arrived off Herschel Island, and when the storm cleared made our way there, where the Pacific Steam Whaling Company had supplies. The worst stage of the trip was ended, but it had been a terrible strain. I was almost worn out, and the Indians were in little better condition.

"We were well taken care of there, and remained until December 16th. We would have started before, but a succession of snowstorms and blizzards made the start impracticable.

"From Herschel Island I decided to go up the Peel river to Fort McPherson, the nearest Hudson Bay Company's post. Traveling on the river was, of course, easier than along the coast line. The timber kept off the fierce wind to a certain extent and lessened

#### THE PIERCING COLD.

"The snow on the hard surface of

ramontion I left my dog team and went on to Seattle as fast as I could.

"There were few incidents in the trip, long as it was. It was simply hard work, and lots of it. Following a sled drawn by five husky dogs at the rate of from 30 to 60 miles per day is no snap. I would not undertake another trip like that one for a fortune.

"I suffered a great deal for lack of food on my way up the Athabasca and the Mackenzie. It was almost impossible to carry enough food to sustain self and dogs on some of the longer stages between posts. The little game I killed helped out wonderfully, but I pushed on at times with an empty stomach rather than to take time to hunt."

The men in peril were those to the west of Herschel Island, but fortunately Lieutenant Jarvis's rescue party reached the scene and relieved the situation before the refugees came to actual starvation.

#### POSES AS LONG-LOST ONE.

An Italian Family Victims of a Bold Deception.

Signor Enrico Baldini, a merchant of San Casciano, in Tuscany, went to Russia on business in 1877 and decided to settle in the Czar's dominions.

After the assassination of the Emperor Alexander II. his relatives received no news of him, and recourse to the authorities elicited merely the statement that he had "disappeared" having been, it was thought, compromised in the assassination of the Czar.

A month ago the members of the wealthy Baldini family were visited by a man who represented himself to be Enrico Baldini. Nobody could recognize him, but he gave such circumstantial details concerning his identity that all suspicions of his being an imposter vanished, and he was received with open arms. He decided to make his abode in San Casciano, and was heartily welcomed by his fellow-citizens.

To the surprise of everybody, the pseudo Enrico Baldini was the other day arrested as a clever swindler named Vendramini, "wanted" by the police. The members of the Baldini family and other residents of San Casciano strenuously opposed his arrest, as he had won great popularity. He still refuses to say how he became acquainted with the details concerning Enrico Baldini and his family, which ensured him such a cordial welcome in San Casciano.

#### A JOINER.

"It seems to me," said Mrs. Oldcastle, "that in these days there is no hope for the man who lacks initiative."

"I know it," replied her hostess. "That must be one reason why Joseph has such wonderful success. He gets initiated in something new nearly every week."

north. Famous firms, like those of Samuda's and Scott Russell's—the disappeared before the competition of the Tyne and the Clyde, and the extinction of shipbuilding on the Thames is prophesied as inevitable.

## KEEP NEWS IN WAR TIME

THE MATTER IS BEING DISCUSSED IN ENGLAND.

How to Control War News as the Japanese Did It In the Late War.

The control of news in war time is being discussed in England. The value of secrecy to a belligerent nation is of vital importance. Every one realizes what an advantage Japan had by keeping the whereabouts of her armies and her ships unknown to the world. Tokio was the silent city of the war. The news that came over the cable told only only of results. In fact, the censor went so far as to refuse the confirmation of some results. For example, it was not until after the battle of the Sea of Japan that Tokio announced the sinking of the battleship Yashima by a mine while blockading Port Arthur. The Yashima went down on May 15, 1904, but it was not until June 1, 1905, that Tokio blandly bulletined: "The necessity for secrecy no longer existing, the Navy Department announces the loss of the battleship Yashima," etc. Of course the news agencies had reported the loss of the Yashima from Chinese ports long before that, but the silence of Tokio was an example of her control of the issue of war news. In St. Petersburg the correspondents were given a free hand, and column after column of speculative matter was cabled from the Czar's capital during the engagements of Liao-Yang and Mukden, while telegraph editors the world over waited for the official bulletin of Japan which told who won. Not how it happened, but what happened.

#### QUESTION IN LORDS.

In the House of Lords recently Lord Ellenborough brought up the question of the English Government taking steps to control the dissemination of news in case of an emergency. He pointed out that millions of pounds are expended yearly for maintenance of cavalry for land service and scouts and cruisers for sea service whose chief business during war would be to ascertain what the enemy was doing, and asked if it was not desirable to take steps that would prevent the issue of such news as would inform an enemy of England's warlike proceedings. Considering the success of the Japanese he suggested that the laws and proclamations of Japan bearing on the subject be transmitted to both House of Parliament, so that the public could study the question as to whether England's laws needed alteration.

#### CONVEYED TO ENEMY.

Lord Ellenborough called attention to the fact that the Times recently mentioned a number of cases in which information was conveyed by British newspapers to an enemy who made full use of the knowledge thus obtained. No legislation on this subject was possible, he said, without the support of the press; and he hoped that other periodicals would follow the example of the Times, the Morning Post and the Globe and declare their intention of supporting a movement in favor of the solution of these problems.

The first object of a newspaper is to present the events of the world accurately and intelligently at the earliest possible moment. Yet nothing could be more absurd than war without censorship. The correspondent realizes that he is on a war footing, and is willing to work under such restrictions as are sane and just. The manner in which the suggestion to enforce in London a war the restrictions that were put upon correspondents by Kitchener in the Sudan and South Africa will be awaited with interest.

Don't live to eat, eat to live. Many of our ills are due to over-eating, to eating the wrong things, and to irregular eating.

Don't allow yourself to think on your birthday that you are a year older and so much nearer the end.

Never look on the dark side; take sunny views of everything. A sunny thought drives away the shadows.

Be a child; live simply and naturally, and keep clear of entangling alliances and complications of all kinds.

Cultivate the spirit of contentment; all discontent and dissatisfaction bring age furrows prematurely to the face.

Form a habit of throwing off before going to bed at night, all the cares and anxieties of the day—everything which can possibly cause mental wear and tear or deprive you of rest.

#### HEALTH IS A HABIT.

Health is really a habit—that of living right. If we get into the right habit of living we shall have little trouble in keeping ourselves in good condition, physically and mentally.

Once good habits are established the benefits derived from them will prove so delightful that there will be no temptation to fall back into the old habits. Get into the habit of breathing properly. It is just as easy to breathe deeply as not. Expand the lungs and fill them full of air as often during the day as you think of it.

But good physical habits are not all. The mental habits must be regulated. If you are in the habit of talking about every little ill, pain or ache, stop it at once, and talk health instead. Speak kindly of your body, think that every organ is in perfect order, doing its work naturally. Don't think that you have to tell somebody every time your head aches, or your heart palpitates, or your stomach refuses to digest some horrid food you have forced upon it. There are so many other things to talk about.

#### TO CURE NAIL-BITING.

Nail-biting arises from nervousness, as we all know. This disagreeable manifestation of the complaint should be taken in hand vigorously as soon as the first symptoms are observed, otherwise the habit will remain till the child develops into man or woman. By teaching children to take care of their hands you naturally impress upon them that the nail should always be well cut. There must be no irregular cutting or tearing, leaving the uneven edges. Then, when a child commences to bite its nails, you have a very powerful moral antidote; point to the jagged edges or to the repulsive shortness of the nails, and ask if that is in accordance with the ideas of neatness and care which you have been teaching. The effect will be very great, more especially as the culprit, being nervous, is highly sensitive.

#### MAKING UP FOR LOST TIME.

Mrs. Tungay—You can't imagine how convenient I find it to have a telephone in the house. I don't see how we ever managed to get along without it.

Her Husband—Yes, I can imagine, without any trouble, how convenient you find it. I tried nine times to call you up to-day, and every time you were busy talking to somebody else.

#### STRENUOUS INTERVIEW.

With a look of intense sadness on his face the young man limped into the parlor.

"Well," queried the anxious maid, "what did papa say?"

"Words cannot express it," answered the youth, as he hurriedly crawled into his overcoat, "but his argument gave me a pain."



PLAYING DOCTOR.

Billy—Gentlemen, before we begin to operate, if you will hold the patient's hands and feet, I'll get that four cents out of his right-hand pocket.



# THE CHANGES IN RUSSIA

## A REVOLUTION HAS ACTUALLY TAKEN PLACE.

Wholesale Massacres Would Have Succeeded Had People Been Crushed.

Revolution is not only possible in Russia. The revolution has happened. With the Czar's great proclamation conceding the four freedoms, subjecting the legislative and executive powers, either immediately or indirectly, to Parliamentary control, and creating a Constitutional Cabinet, with Count Witte at its head, the Russian people reached with one stride what it probably required every other civilized nation centuries to secure, writes a St. Petersburg correspondent.

It is undoubtedly true that there will be many setbacks. But as a general proposition the movement must be forward instead of backward. Take, for instance, a single case in point. Poland's demand for autonomy was conceded so far as Russia could probably make the concession, granting a new viceroy to rule over that disturbed and unhappy land. Count Beckendorff, who now represents Russia at the Court of King Edward, is regarded as a fairly good man for this important position. It is said that he has imbibed many liberal views while in England and America, and his appointment is of a character which would pacify the masses and make them believe that something better is to follow. A complete restoration of Poland to the Poles is, of course, unlikely. First of all, it would imply concert of action by the three nations that divided it—Austria, Germany and Russia. However willing Russia might be to end the distractions that threatened in that quarter, it is not likely that the Emperors of Austria and Germany would yield even to a popular demand in the matter of the restoration. About the best that can be hoped for the Poles is treatment on a par with that of the peasantry itself.

### CZAR ACTED MODERATELY.

Never again could it be said that history does not have an influence upon the affairs of men. The French revolution has certainly had its effect upon both the Czar and the people. So far as the autocracy is concerned, even at the worst, when urged on by the Grand Dukes, the Czar has refused to yield entirely to the bureaucracy. Probably there has never been an hour when order could not have been restored within one week in all parts of the Empire if the Czar had been willing to order a wholesale shedding of blood. The Grand Dukes know this, and this is one of the reasons why they have persisted and insisted that the Czar should maintain a show of force. The Czar was in a position of cruel difficulty—a position such as was fatal to Charles I. and Louis XVI. Nicholas II. descended from the steps of an autocratic throne at least with his hands stretched out to his people. Practically he has given civic liberty to his subjects—all classes receive the franchise, and the Duma, or National Assembly, is to have the right of determining the conditions of the new constitution.

### PASSIVE RESISTANCE WON.

Though it has been stated that up to the present time there has never been an hour when the Czar could not by wholesale slaughter have put an end to all outbreaks, and established order throughout his Empire, this statement is proved only of the present. The future was full of perplexity. The return of the troops from Manchuria was certain to establish a new order of things, because the minds of these men had been broadened by travel. Added to this was the fact that the Czar had suffered a loss of prestige in his conduct of an unsuccessful war. And already, even before the return of the soldiers from the Orient, the passive resistance movement in Russia

order and such as the civil magistracy of every free nation exists to suppress.

### THE WORST CRIMINALS.

Prison Chaplain Says They Are Often Teetotalers.

"Some call me the friend of the under dog, which is perhaps the reason I was asked to conduct a mission at the Convict Prison on Dartmoor with the benediction of the Bishop of London."

With these words the Rev. J. Cartmel-Robinson, vicar of St. Michael and All Angels, Bedford Park, London, W., prefaced a most interesting account of his recent visit to the well-known penal establishment.

What struck Mr. Cartmel-Robinson very forcibly was that drink contributed very little to the downfall of those that he met. "Many of the worst cases were teetotalers," he added.

One convict, who reminded him of Pickwick, had spent forty years in prison, and was an old burglar. But he "had no grudge against society that punished him." Still he acknowledged that he would at once resume his old pastime if released, and would add to the forty years of sentences if necessary. Another, more violent being, clothed in an untearable canvas suit, had tamed a little mouse, which in a small box lined with cotton wool he proudly showed his visitor, remarking, "I think I should die if anything should happen to it"—recalling the case of the convict tried by Lord Brampton for murdering a warder, who had ruthlessly slaughtered the prisoner's pet mouse and only friend.

He told also of a convict who possessed £70,000, and had taken a great fancy to a companion in misfortune about to leave. He asked the chaplain's assistance to settle \$5,000 on the other man in order to give him a new start, he feeling sure that no return to the path of crime would be made.

"You once asked me to marry you. I said 'No.' Perhaps if you asked me again it would be different," wrote a noble-hearted girl to a convict bearing an honored name. From his prison cell he proposed, and on his release the chaplain married the couple, whose life is now one of happiness and uprightness.

### DRINKING IN ENGLAND.

Decreased Consumption of Wines, Spirits and Beer.

It is well known that the climate of the British Isles is more favorable to the consumption of alcoholic stimulants than our climate. We expect the British to drink more per gullet than we do, and they have always lived handsomely up to our expectations. We have liked the statistics of British drinking because they make us seem temperate by contrast. They are falling off a little in this particular. This year's report, like that of several years immediately preceding it, tells of decreased consumption of wines, spirits, and beer. Either our cousins are feebler than they were and cannot carry so much rum, or they are wiser than they were and do not Rant so much, or they are poorer and cannot buy so much. At any rate, they drink less of most things. There is an increasing demand for port wine of a modern sort, considerably lighter than the port that in the last century gave most solvent Englishmen the gout, and, among spirits, brandy is as much drunk as ever. In that there seems to be evidence of a disposition to substitute grape products for grain products, which is a gain to sentiment and very likely to health.—Harper's Weekly.

### HOW TO REPAIR A FENCE.

Jones kept fowls, whereas Dixon kept a garden. Jones did not think much of Dixon's garden, and Dixon's opinion of Jones's fowls it is not within the scope of this journal to print.

# SOME REMARKABLE FADS

## "CURES" WHICH ARE WORSE THAN THE DISEASE.

One Doctor Says Do Not Wear Boots—Another Advises Sleeping on a Plank.

"Faith cure," "will cure," "water cure," "mud-cure," and the curative system of the Christian Scientists, which consists in denying the existence of disease, have all apparently come to stay. But queerer health crazes even than those have had and are having their day all over the world.

The bootless health craze was started some years ago by a French doctor named Unterberger. According to Dr. Unterberger, rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, and scores of other complaints were caused by the wearing of boots, which absorb and retain damp. Better, he said, to get the feet wet and dry them on entering the house than to wear damp boots all day. The doctor practised what he preached by going about the streets of Versailles in his bare feet.

Another French doctor invented the oil cure. Owing to the wearing of clothes and modern sedentary habits, the skin failed to secrete oil as Nature intended. It was necessary to rub in oil all over the body at least twice a week. The doctor invented an oil spray and a rubbing machine, which saved his patients much time.

### THE MILK-CURE CRAZE.

In Russia the koumis or mare's-milk cure for consumption led to a milk-cure craze. Milk, said its initiator, a doctor named Mosoleff, was the only hygienic animal product. It should be used for washing, cookery, and food.

Bread and all forms of farinaceous dishes should be made with milk instead of water. Everyone should drink at least two quarts of milk a day, sipping it without intermission between meals. Dr. Mosoleff started a milk-cure sanatorium in the province of Samara, but failed in a year.

The plank bed was indispensable to health in the opinion of Herr Brehmer, of Leipzig. Feather, hair, and even cork mattresses, he said, concealed germs and dirt. He recommended his patients to sleep on a polished table with nothing but a thin sheet beneath them and a sheet and an eider-down covered with washable leather above.

Brehmer, sleeping in this Spartan way, lived to the age of ninety. The first few nights of the plank bed, he admitted, were uncomfortable, but the patient soon got over this, and awoke fresh and vigorous in the morning.

### A TORTURE CURE.

A much less harmless fad than this was the torture cure for which a Russian named Rodkevitch was last summer sentenced to nine months' imprisonment. Rodkevitch's theory was that "pain should be cured homeopathically"—in other words, a toothache could be removed by applying a still stronger pain to the feet or hands.

Rodkevitch succeeded in getting a sufferer from rheumatism to allow his feet to be slowly toasted over a big spirit-lamp. At the trial the patient deposed that while undergoing the torture his rheumatic pains were not felt, but that they returned immediately afterwards.

A system akin to this was the tussing cure of Signor Tedescho, of Milan. Pain and disease, he reasoned, result from the deposition of injurious waste products in the tissues. A good shaking would set in motion blood currents which would remove these products. Tedescho tossed his patients in blankets, and seemed to have really cured several persons.

### SMEARING WITH SOOT.

The breath cure of Dr. Lini, of Cracow, in addition to being nasty, seems in flat defiance of the laws of physiology. Lini maintained for years that sick persons could be cured

# THEY HANGED THE BAKER

## CURIOUS FACTS ABOUT BREAD-MAKERS.

Punishments for Short Weight—Pillory and Gibbet for Unfair Dealing.

In the early days of public bread-making and selling, between six and seven centuries ago, it was usual to employ women to distribute the loaves. As payment for their labor the baker gave an extra loaf for every 12 and this piece of bread could either be sold or kept as the woman pleased. Thus arose the idea of a baker's dozen being thirteen, says Pearson's Weekly.

Another fact concerning these female bread-carriers and sellers is that no loaves were taken back if they were cold. Apparently, this regulation was passed for the purpose of stimulating the activity of the female sellers and preventing dawdling or idleness.

To conclude the account of feminine connection with the making and disposal of bread it may be mentioned that the word "lady" is said to be derived from a compound Saxon word meaning "distributor of bread." Women were naturally the household bread-makers, as they are to-day in remote rural districts, and they also distributed it to dependants and others.

### BAKED AT STRATFORD.

The fact that bread was sold in open market in olden times is still impressed upon the minds of those who pass along the well-known metropolitan thoroughfare, Cheapside. "Bread Street" marks the spot where the bakers brought their wares from the bakeries at Stratford and offered them to the public. It is supposed that Stratford was chosen on account of its proximity to Epping Forest, which extended much nearer to the City of London than it does at present; the bakers could obtain fuel cheaply from the forest!

And here it may be mentioned that "Cheapside" has no reference to the sale of goods at exceedingly low prices. "Cheap" comes from an old word meaning to sell, and Cheapside was that side of the City where goods were mainly sold.

From the earliest times the baker has been hedged about by rules and regulations, and with the fear of heavy penalties ever before his eyes. The baker, in short, has always had a warm time, both literally and figuratively.

### NO BUTTER ALLOWED.

Not only in London, but in Manchester and many other places in the country have by-laws been passed against him. One of those, which sounds somewhat curious nowadays, was to the effect that no butter shall be used in the making of bread! A subsequent law enacted that no suet should be mixed with the flour. Later on it was ordered that no butter, cream, or suet should be used for the making of cakes! This last enactment appears to go a little too far.

For some reason not apparent, the baker seems to have earned the reputation of being a deceiver at a very early date. On all hands we find laws directed against short weight and adulteration. The probability is that bread was so important an article of food that people feared the least interference with quality and weight, and their fears often made them see defects where none existed. Of course, there are black sheep in every flock, and the baking fraternity was no exception; the delinquencies of a few had the effect of confirming the general impression, and the whole of the trade suffered accordingly.

It was in the year 1307, close on six centuries ago, that the London Company of Bakers received power to examine all bread within a twelve-mile radius of the City of London, with the further power of inflicting punishments.

### A NECKLACE OF LOAVES.

this statement is proved only by the present. The future was full of perplexity. The return of the troops from Manchuria was certain to establish a new order of things, because the minds of these men had been broadened by travel. Added to this was the fact that the Czar had suffered a loss of prestige in his conduct of an unsuccessful war. And already, even before the return of the soldiers from the Orient, the passive resistance movement in Russia had undoubtedly reached a point at which opposition to it was impossible unless the old bureaucracy had been prepared to face a massacre greater by far than the Grand Dukes would have insisted could have extinguished the fires of rebellion up to a few weeks ago—a massacre greater by far than any known in the world's history. It was a careful consideration of subjects like these which undoubtedly moved the Czar, despite the fact that he must have known that he could have crushed out disorder in the twinkling of an eye—it was a careful consideration of the future rather than the present or the past which induced Nicholas II. to grant to his people the political liberties promised.

**WILL THE DYNASTY FALL?**  
The interesting problem at the present time is whether the concession does not come too late to save the present dynasty. Much depends upon how the troops act upon their return from Manchuria. If they are satisfied that the old order of things has passed away, and that a new era is at hand for Russia, they may count the losses in the Japanese war as being worth all that they cost. On the other hand, if they should add their forces to the revolutionists, the throne, already tottering, must fall. It is possible that the good sense of the average Russian peasant may enable him to see that all that he lost for the empire in his fighting in Manchuria has been won for himself by the series of strikes which demonstrated the strength of the Russian revolutionary organizations in St. Petersburg during his absence. A year ago, probably—certainly before the war—this grant of freedom might have secured this position of the Czar for an indefinite period. To-day everything has been changed, and the agitators, who have once felt their feet, may not rest content even with concessions which appear on paper at least enormous and unprecedented.

**THE CRITICAL MOMENT NOW.**  
Apparently Russia stands now at the golden moment of constructive compromise, when everything depends upon establishing a sane equilibrium between autocracy and anarchy. But so evenly balanced are the forces of the Empire to-day that a thing like the return of the disappointed soldiers may sweep the Empire into chaos. Much depends upon the determination of educated opinion in Russia to rally round a constitutional throne, to strengthen the hands of a constitutional Prime Minister, to make the fullest use in a responsible spirit of the parliamentary privileges now conquered. What dynamite could not do the economic weapon of a general strike accomplished. Europe itself paused in dumb amazement before the colossal sight of the power that has been overthrown. The four freedoms granted—freedom of the person, freedom of speech in the press and upon the platform, freedom of meeting, and, above all, freedom of conscience, show how far the old Russia is differentiated from the new. Gone is the censorship. Abolished are arbitrary arrests, exiled by administrative order. Cossack dragnnades, the police invasions of private dwellings. Political exiles to Siberia and burial alive in the "stone bags" of Schlossberg have become like the terrors of nightmare remembered in daylight. Under the terms of the Czar's proclamation religious persecution is as dead as the Inquisition. Force is not to be employed henceforth against opinion, but solely and fitly against all acts menacing to public

position to substitute grape products for grain products, which is a gain to sentiment and very likely to health.—Harper's Weekly.

#### HOW TO REPAIR A FENCE.

Jones kept fowls, whereas Dixon kept a garden. Jones did not think much of Dixon's garden, and Dixon's opinion of Jones's fowls it is not within the scope of this journal to print. The fence was dilapidated, and a long, wordy warfare had waged as to who should repair it. Dixon had repaired it last; but Jones declined to do so now. His chickens were getting too plump on Dixon's good garden stuff for him to interfere. Then the gardener resorted to strategy. He erected a row of nests in his garden, put a nest-egg in each, and after a few days the hens found them out. Then Dixon put a nice "New-laid eggs for sale here" notice in his window, and a beautiful basket of eggs beside it. Within two hours of Jones reading the notice the fence was repaired.

#### SMALL FAVOR.

"Where are yez goin', Moike?" asked Mrs. O'Swiggs, as her husband prepared to go out after supper. "Oim ather goin' t' McNutt's wake," replied O'Swiggs. "Well, it's wan shmall favor Oim askin' av yez," continued Mrs. O'Swiggs, "an' that do be t' git toight enough t' come home by tin o'clock."

#### WHAT HE DIDN'T SAY.

Green—"I thought you said that fellow Skinem was as good as his word?" Brown—"That's what I said." Green—"Well, he lied to me about a business transaction." Brown—"But I didn't say his word was any good."

#### THE THREE ELEMENTS.

"Professor," asked the inquisitive student, "are the three elements, fire, water and wind, political elements?" "No," replied the professor, "but the political elements are somewhat similar." "What are they?" queried the student. "Fire-water and wind," replied the man of wisdom, winking the other eye.

#### SUCH IS LIFE.

And so they were married. The day after the parson had collected his fee the newly elected freight-payer said: "Darling, you certainly have lovely teeth." "I'm so glad you like them, dear," rejoined her bridelets. "They were a Christmas present from grandma three years ago."

#### NOTED FOR MEANNESS.

Two men were talking about a neighbor who was noted for his "meanness," when one exclaimed: "Why, he's so all-fired stingy that he won't laugh at a joke unless it's at somebody else's expense!"

#### WITHIN CALL.

Pecksniff—"Yes, my dear sir, whenever I am tempted I say, 'Get thee behind me, Satan!'" Wiseman—"Yes, but I notice you're careful not to let him get too far behind."

#### A SCHEME.

"So Gailoy really had to pay Miss Pertman \$10,000 for breach of promise, eh?" "Yes, and now he wants to marry her for her money."

#### MORE THAN INTEREST.

Prisoner—"I confess I embezzled from my partners, but I was always a hard worker. No one took more interest in the firm than I did." Judge—"Nor more capital. Four years."

#### IN PHYSIOLOGY CLASS.

Teacher—"What element in sugar is necessary to the human body?" Pupil—"Sand."

result from the deposition of various waste products in the tissues. A good shaking would set in motion blood currents which would remove these products. Tedesco tossed his patients in blankets, and seems to have really cured several patients.

#### SMEARING WITH SOOT.

The breath cure of Dr. Lini, of Cracow, in addition to being nasty, seems in flat defiance of the laws of physiology. Lini maintained for years that sick persons could be cured by inhaling the breath of these perfectly healthy.

He employed sturdy peasants and hary navvies to breath into a complicated apparatus which was connected by tube with his patient's nostrils. The peasants and navvies were liberally paid, as it was part of the doctor's theory that they sacrificed some of their vigor for the benefit of the patient.

In Bavaria the soot was once almost as fashionable as is the mud-cure to-day. It was based upon the slender foundation that the pure carbon of which soot is composed is the chief constituent of organic substances. Hypochondriacs smeared themselves with soot, drank sooty medicines, and even ate meat basted with a mixture of soot and dripping. Color cures of various kinds are still being experimented with by serious scientists. The queerest on record is that of Dr. Simon. Every disease, argued the doctor, has a "preventive color" and

#### A "CURE COLOR."

The preventive color of diphtheria is blue, and anyone who has been in contact with a diphtheria sufferer should spend the following twenty-four hours in a blue-papered room, lighted through blue glass. The curative color is green, and the patient already attacked by the disease should be at once removed to a green room (not in the theatrical sense).

Some complaints required a combination of colors. For nerve breakdown three days' confinement in a yellow-papered room, with red windows, was an infallible cure.

The fright cure is recommended by an Austrian doctor named Lehmann for St. Vitus's dance. Give the patient a fright by telling him that the house is on fire, said the doctor. Next night send a sham burglar into his room. Dash cold water on him while he's asleep on the third night. And so on.

He will gradually steel himself to meet unpleasant surprises, while realizing that no harm will befall him; and the resulting will-exercise will so strengthen his nerves as to cure his complaint.

#### DARKNESS OR LIGHT.

The sun cure has gained admittance into regular therapeutics. The darkness cure is practised so far by only one doctor. Dr. Sorg, a practitioner of Posen, claims to have cured dipsomaniacs by this system. The patient is kept in a dark room for three days, and, of course, forbidden all kinds of work or relaxation. He then gets a week of light and ordinary life, being watched, however, to prevent him relapsing into drink.

Then follow three days more of darkness; and this regime continues for two months. Dr. Sorg's theory is that these sudden changes of life cause a complete resolution in the patient's physical system and eradicate all his tastes, vicious or otherwise. He mentions that one man whom he cured of drink at the same time lost his taste for cycling, in which he had been an enthusiast.—Pearson's Weekly.

#### IN THE DARK.

"Yes," said Luschman, "I'd like my house all right, except for one thing. I guess you'll have to fix that."

"What is it?" asked the architect. "Several times lately I've nearly broken my neck reaching for another step at the head of the stairs when I've come home late, so I guess you'd better put an extra step there."

baking fraternity was no exception; the delinquencies of a few had the effect of confirming the general impression, and the whole of the trade suffered accordingly.

It was in the year 1307, close on six centuries ago, that the London Company of Bakers received power to examine all bread within a twelve-mile radius of the City of London, with the further power of inflicting punishments.

#### A NECKLACE OF LOAVES.

If the examining official found shortage of weight or inferiority of quality, the baker was liable to have his whole stock confiscated and given to the poor of the parish. If the poor had suffered through the man's unfair dealing, they benefited by his detection.

A stay in the pillory with a loaf or two dangling from his neck like an exaggerated necklace—that was one form of punishment. The gibbet was another; and let us hasten to say of this what Mark Twain has said of the music of a celebrated composer—namely, that it is not so bad as it sounds!

It was not a hanging matter in the ordinary sense; it was the suspension of the offender in a basket or a cage over a muddy pool, the said basket or cage being worked by means of a rope running over a pulley attached to a beam. The only way to escape was to jump from the basket into the dirty water and run through the angry mob. If a cage were used, the wretched man had no such chance; he was lowered again and again into the filthy water till the authorities considered that he had been sufficiently punished!

#### VERY HEAVY PENALTIES

including confiscation of his entire property and banishment, were inflicted upon those guilty of aggravated offences.

Among the forms of "adulteration" is one that strikes us as most droll. This was to place a piece of iron in the dough and cover it with crust! It hardly seems worth the trouble, and we must suppose that it was not a common form of adulteration.

In this connection it is curious to note an expression which is still common among the poorer classes: this is to describe a very tough crust as being "as hard as iron." The quaint reply given to this complaint is indicative of ancient origin; it is, "T's harder where there's none!"

Brown bread, which is now being so strongly recommended, was the most usual kind in ancient times. That white bread was not a common commodity we gather from the affecting story of Little Tommy Tucker, who was promised white bread and butter for his supper clearly as a treat. One of the laws affecting the baker was that which precluded him who baked brown bread from touching the white variety, and equally forbade the baking of brown by the white baker!

The price at which bread was to be sold was also regulated; it was fixed according to the rate at which flour was sold.

#### THE MISER.

A small church was sadly in want of general repairs, and a meeting was being held to raise funds for that purpose.

The minister having said that to do the work \$500 would be required, a very wealthy—and equally stingy—member of the congregation rose and said he would give one dollar. Just as he sat down a lump of plaster fell from the ceiling and hit him upon the head, whereupon he rose hastily and called out that he had made a mistake—he would give fifty dollars. That was too much for an enthusiast present, who, forgetful of everything, called out fervently, "O Lord, hit him again!"

#### HAS TO.

"The wild goose is one of the bravest of creatures." "How do you make that out?" "Because, no matter what happens, it is sure to die game."



# BOYCOTT VERY SERIOUS

## BLOW AT BRITISH PRESTIGE IN INDIA.

Merchants Have Countermanded Order for English Goods.

The trouble between Lord Curzon and Lord Kitchener has been forced to the background by the boycott of English-made goods, growing out of the partition of Bengal, says a Calcutta letter. The peculiarity about this particular boycott is that it is not confined to the Province of Bengal, which is naturally the most affected by the partition, but it is spreading over the entire Indian Empire. The principal native newspapers are constantly appearing in mourning, and with black borders, the Bengali colleges have been closed and re-opened, and closed and re-opened again, until one scarcely knows where to find them in this matter of education. At Mawaree, the merchants, who are enormous distributors of Manchester piece goods, have countermanded orders, and declared sales practically stopped. It is too early as yet to decide just what the effect will be upon the manufacturers and exporters and importers, but if the movement continues to spread, it will be the greatest blow which English prestige has received in Southern Asia since the Sepoy rebellion.

The idea of a trade boycott appears never to have entered the Oriental mind until the recent trouble between the United States and China, when the refusal to purchase American goods was used with telling effect against the Americans. But, if directed against British trade in India, it gives promise of being a thousand times more powerful and dangerous, because of the enormous volume of trade between India and Great Britain, as compared with the trade between the United States and China, and because of the intimate relations existing between the native princes of India and the Imperial forces at London.

### THE PRINCE'S VISIT.

The policy of the Indian Government has been freely subjected to criticism in this matter of the partition of Bengal, and a great deal of nonsense has, of course, been thrown out on both sides. But a serious mood has succeeded the discussion of these troubles, which, for a time, proceeded along the lighter vein. For instance, there was a Bengali editor as well known as Mr. Mitra, late of the Deccan Post, who dismissed the arguments against partition as "a farrago of nonsense." According to Mr. Mitra, the Bengali will not be "a farthing the worse for the change in person, reputation, or pocket." But now it appears to be agreed that as a result of the savage boycott of British-made goods by the natives from princes to peasants, the only thing which can save trouble of the most serious kind is the visit of the Prince of Wales. And this "trump card" will be played by the Government of Great Britain and Ireland and the Government of India with consummate skill.

### WHY DIVIDE PROVINCE?

Two lines of opposition to Lord Curzon's decision appear to permeate the serious part of the discussion regarding the partition of Bengal. One is that any change in the administration of Bengal was unnecessary. The other is that, even admitting its necessity, it was certainly unwise. The assertion is repeatedly made that the burden of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been actually heavier in the past than it is at the present time, because facilities of communication have transformed the Province, and there is no district now which the Lieutenant-Governor cannot reach in a single day.

# REVENGE IN CRUEL FORM

## THE SPITEFULNESS OF DISAPPOINTED BRIDES.

Exhibitions of Feeling That Are Foolish and in Bad Taste.

There are two persons whom some women, however charitable they may be in other directions, can never forgive—the man who, having won their love, turns his back indifferently or contemptuously on it, and the rival who supplants them; and sooner or later they will find some way of avenging the wrong.

Such a lady, some twenty years or so ago, was supplanted in the affections of her fiancé, a leading merchant of Pittsburgh. The lady cherished her grievance against her successful rival as long as she lived; and when she died a short time ago she left a will bequeathing \$550,000 to her old lover on condition that he survives his wife or divorces her. If he marries again he is at liberty to leave the money to his second spouse, but he can only enjoy the fortune when death or divorce has freed him from his present wife. The gentleman, however, will have nothing to do with the money under such conditions. "I am perfectly happy with my wife," he says, "and don't think there is any prospect of getting a divorce"; while the wife treats the whole matter as a

### A HUGE JOKE.

and declares laughingly that millions could not wean her husband from her.

There is no limit to the vindictiveness and perverse ingenuity of some of these losers in the matrimonial race. It was only the other day that we read of a jilted woman driving with some friends to the wedding of her faithless lover in a mourning coach. The whole party were dressed in deep mourning, and, taking their seats among the wedding guests, punctuated the service by a liberal use of handkerchiefs. Not content with this mock exhibition of woe, the vengeful lady sent to each of the young couple's friends a deep-edged mourning card in memory of the dead honor of her former lover.

In another recent case the lady (for curiously enough, it is almost always the lady who vents her spitefulness in these singular ways) had all the love-letters of her faithless swain sumptuously bound, and sent the volume on the wedding-morning to the bride who had taken her place. This interesting manuscript volume contained the following dedication: "To Mrs. S. — with Miss B.'s compliments, in the hope that she will devote a few hours of her honeymoon to reading these records of a past folly of her husband."

The worst that one can say of such exhibitions of feeling as these is, perhaps, that they are foolish and in bad taste, however richly deserved by the false lovers; but there are women whose

### LOVE OF REVENGE

is not so easily gratified. Some years ago a north-country doctor was pursued with such vindictiveness by a lady whom he had jilted that he was ultimately driven to suicide. She had discovered a dishonorable episode in his early life, the public knowledge of which would have meant professional and social ruin; and, under threats of disclosure she compelled him to leave the town where he had worked up a lucrative practice.

Not content with this punishment, she pursued him from one place to another, until in despair he defied her to do her worst. She then made his secret public, with disastrous results. His patients deserted him, society turned its back on him; and the unfortunate doctor put an end to his miseries by suicide.

In another case known to the writer a lady whose charms were scorned proved equally relentless, only in this case it was her rival who was the victim. She had discovered that

# A WOMAN WAS THE VICTIM

## ASSININE FEATURE OF THE BRITISH LAW.

Sentenced to be Hanged for Murder of Husband Who Committed Suicide.

With black cap on head a British judge has solemnly pronounced sentence of death on an old woman for the murder of her husband whom she did not murder and to complete the farcical tragedy a British chaplain has solemnly invoked the mercy of God on her "guilty soul," which was not guilty says a London correspondent. And all this with the full knowledge that she did not commit the crime for which she was convicted and that she will never be hanged for it. In a condemned cell the aged victim of legal cruelty, whose sad plight has evoked expressions of the deepest sympathy from all classes, is awaiting the exercise of the crown's prerogative of mercy. After a brief period of imprisonment she will probably be released to eke out what remains of her wretched existence branded as a murderer. Judge and jury are agreed that she should never have been convicted. But they had no other recourse than to conform to a stupid and antiquated law which ought long ago to have been repealed.

### MRS. MABEL SEDDON'S STORY.

is one of the most pitiful that has ever been told in the grim old Bailey court. She was 65 years old and her husband was 78. They had been married twelve years. After their marriage they started a confectionery shop at Staines. For a time they were fairly successful. Then trade fell off and they moved to a shop in Mortlake. There things went from bad to worse. The husband's health failed. When quarter day came round they had not enough money to pay the rent. Death or the workhouse seemed to be the only alternative open to them and they chose death, but the husband alone found it.

"We decided," said Mrs. Seddon at the inquest on his body, "that we had better both leave this world together." After passing a sleepless night worrying over their lot black despair gripped her. "I can't stand this any longer," she said to her husband. Rising from the bed she went to a cupboard and took from it a bottle containing a liniment composed of belladonna and aconite which had been used to relieve her husband's pain. It was marked poison. She drank half its contents. Then she said to her husband, "There is nothing for us but this or the workhouse. Are you going to take your share?"

"Yes," replied the man, and, snatching the bottle from his wife's hands he drained what remained of the poison.

Mrs. Seddon then sought her sister-in-law, who lived in the same house, told her what they had done, and besought her to see to it that they were saved the ignominy of pauper burial. Then she returned to the bed and lay down by her husband's side,

### TO DIE WITH HIM,

she thought. But the poison worked slowly. As in duty bound, the sister-in-law told the police what had happened. The police removed the couple to the workhouse, which they had so dreaded. There the doctors did their best to prevent them escaping from it by death—as in duty they were bound to do. They saved Mrs. Seddon's life, but her husband, more fortunate, succumbed.

There followed, of course, a coroner's inquest. The jury brought in a verdict of suicide while temporarily insane. Then the police arrested Mrs. Seddon and charged her with the murder of the man who, according to the coroner's jury, had committed suicide. Paradoxical as it sounds, the law justified that charge. For the law declares that if two persons conspire to commit suicide and one



\$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

# Sunlight Soap

is a perfect cleaner and will not injure anything.

Best for all household purposes, Sunlight Soap's superiority is most conspicuous in the washing of clothes.

Common soaps destroy the painted or varnished surfaces of woodwork and take the color out of clothes.

Even the daintiest linen or lace, or the most delicate colors may be safely washed with Sunlight Soap in the Sunlight way (follow directions).

Equally good with hard or soft water.

Your money refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

# IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

## NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

The National Anthem was first sung in public in 1740.

There are fifty-four theatres and forty-four music halls in London.

A Bedford draper has been fined, with costs, £2 8s. for selling as linen shirt fronts which were not so.

It is claimed that 8,000 persons have been converted by the Torrey-Alexander Mission in Sheffield.

There are said to be 3,000 unlet houses in Sheffield, and proprietors

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FEAR A MILITARY DESPOTISM.

One thing which has caused alarm among the petty principalities is the fact that Great Britain for the first time in her history, perhaps, appears to be aiming at the integrity and the autonomy of a Province. Heretofore there has been a hedge-podge of governments in India. The Home Office at London has simply taken things as they found them, and governed them in accordance with the apparent wishes of the people. In some ways it is doubtful whether a wider measure of home rule has ever been extended to millions of people than was accorded the people of India. It is not too much to say, that if Great Britain had found a republic in any of the Provinces, the republic would have been allowed to remain. The fear is everywhere expressed that the military government which appears to be planned for India in the future will mean the centralization of all government in the hands of what will practically amount to a military despotism. And this, too, despite the fact that Lord Curzon, Lord Kitchener's rival, is held to be responsible for the partition of Bengal. But it is events and tendencies of the times which the editors of the native newspapers appear to be studying, rather than the character of the men themselves.

One suggestion has been put forward, that the present administration of Bengal should be superseded by that of a Governor and Council on the plan of the presidencies of Madras and Bombay. This suggestion is defended on the ground that this would be a progressive measure of administrative reform, and would satisfy the patriotic aspirations of the people, so far as the maintenance of the integrity of Bengal is concerned.

VICEROYSHIP HAS SUFFERED.

One thing is certain—Lord Viceroyship has been clouded not only by the troubles with Lord Kitchener, but by this attempt to carry out a measure which is certainly the most unpopular undertaken in years. The reference of Sir Henry Cotton to "the close of his brilliant career," as referring to Lord Curzon, certainly appears to be pitched in a key truly funeral. It is felt here that it is no wonder that the health of Lord Curzon broke under the strain. After the most popular administration of affairs as Viceroy ever known in India, he finds himself forced into a quarrel with the native population of India over the partition of Bengal, and the Home Government, instead of standing by him, as might have been expected, in his quarrel with Lord Kitchener over the attempts to make the Government of India more centralized, and to inject more iron, elects to sustain Kitchener as against Curzon. The friends of Lord Curzon say that for a long time past he has been between the devil and the deep sea, and without very much shore room either, and he feels that in leaving India he is not leaving India for India's good—that he is not even leaving India for the Empire's good, but that he is leaving India for Curzon's good, no matter what the future may have in store for him.

"Say, Bob, how could you have the nerve to tell that screeching Miss Bird that she's a beautiful singer?" "Nerve, my boy. Look at her! Surely, I'm not to blame if she thought I mean her voice."

where he had worked up a lucrative practice. Not content with this punishment, she pursued him from one place to another, until in despair he defied her to do her worst. She then made his secret public, with disastrous results. His patients deserted him, society turned its back on him; and the unfortunate doctor put an end to his miseries by suicide.

In another case known to the writer a lady whose charms were scorned proved equally relentless, only in this case it was her rival who was the victim. She had discovered that this lady, who, as the bride of one of the richest men in the place, was received with open arms in local society, was the daughter of a small shopkeeper and sister of a man who was serving a term of penal servitude for forgery, and this information was much too good to be kept to herself under the circumstances.

Gradually, by indirect means, the news became public property, and the unhappy bride's social fabric came tumbling about her ears. When she was not actually "cut" by her neighbors she was treated with the utmost frigidity, until her life became so unpleasant that her husband was at last compelled to

LEAVE THE TOWN.

But never perhaps has revenge taken a more subtle or cruel form than in the following case. A lady in a Midland town had been deserted by her lover in favor of a rival, and vowed that some day, however long she might wait, she would have her revenge. For years she concealed her resentment so effectually that she became the chief friend of her former lover and his wife, and the god-mother of their only son. This boy, who was the idol of his parents, grew up full of promise and it was not until he reached manhood that the long-cherished scheme of vengeance was put into execution.

With the help of a disolute nephew of the lady the young fellow was thrown into the company of a young woman of attractive exterior, but of very questionable character; and in spite of the entreaties of his parents he married her. From that moment his life was wrecked; the woman proved to be a confirmed drunkard and a disgrace to her husband, who in despair of reforming her, and ruined both socially and professionally, put an end to his life only a few months ago.—London Tit-Bits.

WOULD SEEK THE REMEDY.

Biffkins—"I wish I could get rid of this horrible toothache!" Sniffkins—"When I have it I get rid of it very simply. A kiss from my sweetheart, and it's gone." Biffkins—"Is that so? Do you mind telling me her address?"

from it by death—as in duty they were bound to do. They saved Mrs. Seddon's life, but her husband, more fortunate, succumbed.

There followed, of course, a coronor's inquest. The jury brought in a verdict of suicide while temporarily insane. Then the police arrested Mrs. Seddon and charged her with the murder of the man who, according to the coroner's jury, had committed suicide. Paradoxical as it sounds, the law justified that charge. For the law declares that if two persons conspire to commit suicide and one survives that survivor is guilty of murder.

The evidence at the trial made it clear that it was not a case of murder—that is, according to common-sense notions. But the law was equally emphatic that it was murder and the judge told the jury that they would have to stand by the law. The jury reluctantly brought in a verdict of guilty, adding a strong recommendation to mercy. And the judge reluctantly sentenced the woman to death. He said it was the saddest case he had ever tried. His opinion of the law which compelled him to impose a sentence that was utterly abhorrent to his notions of right and justice he kept to himself, for in a court of justice the most stupid law must be treated as

SOMETHING SACRED.

"We did not want to find the woman guilty," said one of the jurymen, after the trial was over, "but after what the judge told us we could not do otherwise. Of course, we knew that the woman would not be hanged, and, of course, the judge knew it, too, when he pronounced sentence of death upon her. In this case the law is certainly 'an ass,' and it is absurd to retain it on the statutes."

One of the council who took part in the trial said to the writer: "The case reveals a flaw in our law which certainly ought to be amended. It is absurd to put a person who is merely technically guilty on trial for his or her life. A housebreaker who smashed a window with his fist, the flying glass from which fatally injured anyone, would be technically guilty of murder. So would a man who shot at a fowl which did not belong to him and accidentally killed a man."

UNSATISFACTORY START.

Gusher—"Man is born to make mistakes." Lusher—"That's right. I made a sad one the day I was born." Gusher—"What was that?" Lusher—"I cried for milk and learned afterwards there was whiskey in the house."

Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

The National Anthem was first sung in public in 1740.

There are fifty-four theatres and forty-four music halls in London.

A Bedford draper has been fined, with costs, £2 8s. for selling as linen shirt fronts which were not so.

It is claimed that 8,000 persons have been converted by the Torrey-Alexander Mission in Sheffield.

There are said to be 8,000 unlet houses in Sheffield, and proprietors are at their wits' end what to do.

Brighton races this year yielded a profit of about £1,200, which will pass into the corporation treasury.

Seventy-six years as a chorister is the remarkable record of George Arnold, of Bosham, Sussex, who several months ago completed his 86th year.

The deepest graving dock in the United Kingdom has just been completed at Southampton, and will be formally opened at the end of the present month.

The value of goods exported from Bradford to America during nine months of this year amounted to £2,857,376, being an increase of £1,170,849 over last year.

Leaving out of consideration the telephone and telegraph, the capital invested in Britain in electrical industries represents a not less sum than £230,000,000 sterling.

One of Lord Rosebery's hobbies is the collection of books. He is something of a poet himself, and will, on occasion, turn out impromptu verses for the amusement of his friends.

Mr. Robert Wilson, who has consented to become mayor of Darlington for the ensuing year, commenced life as a newsboy at the Darlington station of the old Stockton and Darlington Railway in 1869.

The British Empire numbers 400,543,713 citizens. The recent completion of the Cape census enables the total to be made up. The 11,876,745 square miles of which the Empire consists contains about 26 inhabitants per square mile.

Mr. John Macpherson, of Ocklam Road, North Kensington, London, is in his 105th year. Mr. Macpherson, who is an Inverness man, has just had his parliamentary vote allowed by the revising barrister. He is entitled to boast that he is the oldest voter in the kingdom.

"HARMSWORTH SELF-EDUCATOR."

First English Periodical Firm to Publish in Canada.

The latest, and according to all accounts, the best of any publication that Sir Alfred Harmsworth has ever had aligned to do with, has been selected as the first publication of that famous publishing house to be printed and published in Canada. At the same moment that the announcement is made in England that the Harmsworth periodicals are paying 40 per cent. dividend this year, is made public the fact that a number of the Harmsworth men have commenced publishing from the James Building in Toronto. Mr. Murray is in charge of operations and he describes the Harmsworth Self-Educator as being really the most remarkable publication of its kind ever attempted. He says that every possible subject upon which a man or woman can need information is included within its pages, being a practical guide to all professions and trades with the last word upon all arts and sciences in addition to teaching six languages, shorthand, typewriting and all the practical details of everyday life at home, school or at work. The publication will be sold in semi-monthly parts for fifteen cents each, costing altogether less than eight dollars.

TOO LATE.

"You're dreadfully untidy again, Mary. I don't know what the baker will think of you when he comes." "The baker don't matter, 'in. The milkman's bin."



THE RUSSIAN IDEAL OF FREEDOM.





## CHRISTMAS FOOTWEAR

Our Christmas Footwear is very attractive. Come in now and pick out a pair of Ladies Dorothy Dodd and Empress Shoes. Nothing will please Sister or Mother better.

Dorothy Dodd Shoes = \$3.75  
Empress Shoes, = \$2.50, \$3.00  
and \$3.50

The J. J. Haines Shoe House,  
Napanee, Belleville and Trenton.

## NONESUCH FLOUR PREMIUM.

Mr. J. R. Dafeo, the manufacturer of the well known Dafeo's Nonesuch Flour, begs to advise his customers and the public generally, that a PREMIUM CUP will be found in every fifth one hundred pound bag, and in every fifth fifty pound sack, and one in every tenth twenty-five pound sack of Nonesuch.

These Cups are intended to advertise the Flour and are neatly gotten up with enameled bottom, and will be found very convenient and useful to every house wife for handling her flour, and when needed flour you will find it will profit you to ask for Dafeo's Nonesuch.

Mr. Dafeo also manufactures a Manitoba Patent Flour, second to none, also Choice Corn Meal and Buckwheat Flour, and all kinds of feed.

He is also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of grain, and solicits your patronage.

**J. R. DAFOE,**

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE.

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES

Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office. 5y

A. S. ASHLEY,

.....DENTIST.....

## Suitable Gifts for Men and Boys

Nothing is more acceptable to the average man or boy than a useful present something he can wear.

An Overcoat, a nice pair of Gloves or Mitts, a stylish Hat or a good warm Cap, a good suit of Underwear, a nice Print Shirt, a swell Tie or Neck Scarf.

We carry an immense stock of suitable presents for Men and Boys, and cordially invite Ladies to come and see what we have before making their Christmas purchases.

**J. L. BOYES,**

The Reliable Clothier.

Rings, Rings, Rings.

The ladies ring, the mans ring, a ring for every one AT SMITH'S.

An Immense Stock.

We were this week looking through Mr. A. E. Paul's stock of Christmas goods. His stock is so great that he has been obliged to extend his store back by taking out the partition at rear of store, making the store now 125 feet long. This is filled to overflowing with the finest line of goods he has ever shown. A call will prove his claim to being the leader for Christmas.

Evangelistic Services.

The interest in these services is still retained. Sunday last found the Hall filled "not much room for more." Evangelist Pinches addressed the audience from Pas. 16. 11, which was divided into Past, Present, Prospect. Only one Path, Jesus, who said I am the Way. The need of coming by that way that we might be found in His presence for Eternity. Then while men are bending all energies to obtain the prospect in view while in this world so many alas think lightly of what is their prospect for Eternity, it must be Heaven or Hell, there is no half-way house with God. This week was announced to be the last of the meetings which are expected to close on Sunday next when the Evangelist will speak to men at 3 p.m. also at 7 p.m. for all.

Coal Oil.

Canadian and genuine American.  
MADOLE & WILSON.

Chains, O yes, that wear. The most famous make of chain which has stood the test of years already. R. Simmons & Co., gold filled. It would do not wear a new chain given instead.

F. CHINNECK, Agent.  
Napanee.

James McLeod.

One of the oldest and most respected residents of Richmond township died at his residence near Selby on Thursday evening of last week. Deceased had attained the ripe old age of ninety-three years and seven months, and death resulted after but a couple of weeks of impaired health. Deceased was born in London, Eng., and came to Canada forty years ago. He taught school in the early days of his residence here. A family of seven children survive. They are: Arthur and Andrew on the homestead; Daniel in Watertown, and Rev. J. H. McLeod, of Milverton, Ont. His three daughters are Mrs. Allan Pringle, Miss Jessie at home, and Miss Ellen in Watertown. Deceased was a worthy

Found.

In the yard at the back of McIntosh's Store, a pair of pants. Owner may have same by applying to Chief of Police, and paying for this notice.

Lecture Postponed.

The Lecture advertised under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society E. M. church has been postponed until later in the month. A date suiting the convenience of Rev. Mr. Emsley will be announced in the next issue of this paper.

FLOWERS FROM DALE ESTATE.

Choice variety of fresh cut flowers from the famous Dale Estate Florists always on hand. Special orders delivered in twelve hours direct from the green-house. Fine assortment of Holly and green for Christmas decoration. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

HOLLIEFORD.

The children of the Methodist Sunday school are busy practicing for a Christmas entertainment.

The Public School trustees have engaged Miss Ethel Davy as teacher for next term.

Mr. McCullough has the contract of hauling felspar from the mines to Hartington.

Messrs. J. G. Walker and Bert Ewing were among those, who attended the concert at Sydenham on Tuesday night.

Mr. Harry Porter, who was a guest at Mr. M. Trousdale's last week has returned home.

Mr. Will Jamieson is a frequent visitor in the village.

Mr. and Miss Stover, Wilton, and Mr. and Mrs. Burley, Watertown, are at Mr. Wm. Trousdale's.

B. S. Davy spent Sunday evening at J. D. Redmond's and Mr. Hughes, Petworth, at Geo. Smith's.

Miss Hattie Carslake has returned after a visit with her sister at High Falls.

Rev. Mr. Service took tea at Mr. Jas. Walker's on Tuesday.

Mrs. A. Collins is visiting her daughter Mrs. T. Clow, of Inverary.

Mr. and Mrs. Medcalf and Miss Martha Swerbrick, spent Sunday at J. D. Redmond's.

Mr. and Miss Wilson and Miss Martin called on Mr. J. Walker, on Sunday.

The latest styles in Hand Bags and Purses for Christmas gifts, at prices to suit all purchasers, at The Medical Hall. Call and see them.

CAMDEN EAST.

The venerable Archdeacon Carey, M. A., Rector of St. Paul's Church, Kingston, will speak at the annual Missionary meetings to be held in the Parish of Camden East on Sunday, December 10th, at St. John's church, Yarker, 10.30 a.m.; Camden East, 3 p.m.; Newburgh 7 p.m. Collections for the Mission Fund of the Diocese of Ontario All are welcome.

A Severe Test.

Don't ask a girl to marry you after dark when she is dressed fit to kill. Call on her, and when you leave inadvertently drop a glove on the piano. Return for it the next morning at 9 o'clock. If she comes to the door with one shoe and one slipper on, her hair done up in curl papers, dressed in an old Mother Hubbard, our advice is to take to the woods. But if she appears in a neat house dress, her hair done up and a rose in the top of her hair, grab her quick.

Winning Ways.

The people who win their way into the inmost recesses of others' hearts are not usually the most brilliant and

**Barristers, etc.**  
**MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES**  
 Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office. 57

**A. S. ASHLEY,**  
**.....DENTIST.....**  
**34 YEARS EXPERIENCE**  
 Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods Store, Napanee.

# NOTICE.

## PLYMOUTH COAL!

I now have a full stock of the Celebrated Plymouth Coal on hand.  
 Also a good grade of Pea Coal.  
 Special Discount for Cash.  
 Steam Coal and Blacksmith Coal also on hand.

**CHAS. STEVENS,**  
 1st Office, West Side Market Square

**It's Up to You**  
 To Buy a  
**XMAS GIFT**

You'll see the good things at  
**Smith's Jewellery Store**  
 New lines in Ebony, Bronze Goods, Leather, Cut Glass and China,  
 Also everything in the Jewellery line. Our assortment is much larger than in former years.

No occasion to order  
 out of town.

**OUR GREAT SPECIALTY**  
 —IS—  
**UNDERWEAR.**

We have the Goods. The best lines of the best makers.

Range from  
**50 Cents to \$2.50**  
 per Garment.

Our Prices are Right.

We guarantee them to be as low as you can find. Money back for any cause of dissatisfaction.

**A. E. LAZIER.**  
 Lonsdale Woolen Mills.

The Model School pupils held a very successful "At Home" in the West Ward school on Tuesday evening.

Don't forget that now celebrated Regina works in a gold or filled case for a Xmas present.

**F. CHINNECK'S Jewellery Store.**

The Fireman's oyster supper proved to be a success both financially and otherwise. A large number of people were in attendance and the programme and refreshments all that could be desired.

A meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Tuesday, Dec. 12th in the Western Methodist church parlor at 3 p.m. The report of the delegate to Prov. convention will be given. L. Anderson, Sec.

Jas. Gordon starts this week by Bay of Quinte R. R. till after Xmas, being in Yarker, Thursday and Friday and in Napanee on Saturday; next week he will be in Newburgh, Monday and Tuesday the 11th and 12th; Tamworth, Wednesday and Thursday; Enterprise, Friday and Saturday.

**Horse Blankets.**  
 See our stock before you buy.  
**MADOLE & WILSON.**

**NAPANEE POULTRY, PIGEON, AND PET STOCK ASSOCIATION.**

Marked success continues to be the lot of the Association and a first-class Poultry Show for January 16, 17, 18, is now an assured thing. Donations of Silver and Bronze Medals. Silver spoons and cash specials continue to come in as well as letters of good will and promise of exhibits of poultry from many outside sources.

The Town and country canavases is not finished, yet but if any such in sympathy with this big undertaking feel so inclined Geo. T. Walters, or A. F. Chinneck will be pleased to receive membership fees.

The Secretary is getting very favorable reply regarding a dressed poultry market for Napanee next year which can be realized if sufficient financial support is forthcoming from the county to enable the society to push forth all its opportunities. A government lecturer will be here one of the days of the shows to lecture and advise on poultry raising for profit.

It may not be generally known but as a fact this will likely be the only poultry show held in Eastern Ontario this year as the other show usually held is not likely to have its new building ready in time, at Ottawa.

The County council unanimously gave a grant of \$25.00 but still more money is needed as the show will be in size just in proportion to the money collected as so much expense has to be incurred the first year.

**Something Nice for Breakfast.**  
 Graham flour ground from selected white wheat, farina, buckwheat flour, Canada flaked, life chips, gold dust corn-meal, flaked wheat, cracked wheat, split peas, pot barley, flaked rice, etc., etc.  
**THE COXALL CO.**

Carving Knives in cases, special low prices Dinner Knives and forks the best goods to be had at **BOYLE & SON.**

Following are the Short Courses at The Ontario Agricultural College, 1906.

- DAIRYING**  
 1. Dairy School, Long Course, for Factory, Cheese, and Butter-makers,—January 2nd, to March 23rd, 1906.  
 2. Course for Dairy Instructor,—April 2nd to April 7th, 1906.  
 3. Milk Producers, Milk Inspectors, and Milk Dealers, April 10th to 20th, 1906.  
 4. Summer Course for Butter and Cheese Makers, May 1st to September 30th 1906.  
 Stock Judging and Seed Judging, including the Determination of weeds and weed seeds, January 3rd to 20th, 1906.  
 Poultry raising, January 8th to February 3rd, 1906.

**Just What.**  
 The question now is what to buy for Christmas. Call at Smith's Jewellery store and the question can be settled. Every article they sell this Christmas is neatly boxed.

See the dainty Christmas packages of Lowney's and Hayler's Chocolate Bon Bons at **WALLACE'S.**

Bath Room Fixtures, Towels Bars, Soap and Sponge Holders, nice goods. Good enough for any room, at **BOYLE & SON.**

but a couple of weeks of impaired health. Deceased was born in London, Eng., and came to Canada forty years ago. He taught school in the early days of his residence here. A family of seven children survive. They are: Arthur and Andrew on the homestead; Daniel in Watertown, and Rev. J. H. McLeod, of Milverton, Ont. His three daughters are Mrs. Allan Pringle, Miss Jessie at home, and Miss Ellen in Watertown. Deceased was a worthy citizen, respected by all with whom he was acquainted. He was a devoted member of the Anglican church. His wife predeceased him about four years ago. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon to the Eastern Cemetery, Napanee.

**Fancy Clocks.**  
 A large assortment of fancy gold clocks and jewel cases, for ladies, at  
**SMITHS JEWELLRY STORE.**

Any girl will appreciate a bottle of good perfume from **WALLACE'S** for Xmas.

**A Musical Treat.**  
 The appearance here of the LaDell Concert Company on Tuesday, December 12th, at the Napanee Opera House will be a rare musical treat. Miss LaDell has associated with her the very eminent violinist, George Fox, and an excellent soprano, Miss Emily Frances Scott. Miss LaDell, as an entertainer, has few equals on the concert platform to-day. Her magnificent stage personality and her versatility in depicting the grave or gay of life have won for her the most eulogistic encomiums. Miss LaDell is no new-comer but has spent several years perfecting her art until now she holds an enviable reputation that extends from ocean to ocean.

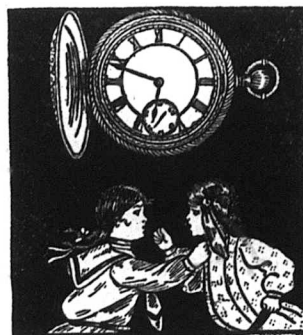
George Fox, the solo violinist, is to-day without a peer on this side the water, in fact some of the critics have gone so far as to place him in rank with Musin, Kubelik, and other world famed artists. He has such complete mastery over his instrument that the critics term him "the genius of the violin." Emily Frances Scott, the soprano, has, in addition to an unusually attractive stage presence, a remarkable voice—a voice that is particularly pleasing in the upper register and is as clear as a bell.

**Ebony, Ebony.**  
 Genuine French Ebony, mirrors, brushes and manicule articles mounted with sterling letters, all neatly boxed in sets if desired.  
**SMITHS JEWELLRY STORE.**

Extra values in agate ware for Xmas. Tea Pots for 20c. and 25c. that were 40c and 50c. Other lines cheap, at  
**BOYLE & SON.**

**Cord wood and Block wood for sale.** Robt. Light.  
 21st-f.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists



You need not resort to fisticuffs to settle which is the most accurate. Our Regina Watches excel everything for good time-keepers and durability. Then ours is by all odds the best place to get any watch repairing well done and guaranteed as everything is personally attended to.

**F. CHINNECK'S**  
**JEWELLRY STORE.**  
 Next Royal Hotel, Napanee.  
 Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

In a neat house dress, her hair done up and a rose in the top of her hair, grab her quick.

**Winning Ways.**  
 The people who win their way into the inmost recesses of others' hearts are not usually the most brilliant and gifted, but those who have sympathy, patience, self forgetfulness and that indefinable faculty of eliciting the better nature of others.

We invite your inspection of our choice assortment of new Christmas Stationery, on display at—The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper. The Eaton Hurlbut Papers.

**Elocutionary Contest.**  
 The second Elocutionary Contest for a Silver Medal will be held in the Town Hall Napanee, Thursday evening, December 14, under the auspices of the Epworth League, of E. M. church.

**Programme,**  
 Hymn.  
 Chairman.....Rev. W. H. Emsley  
 Organ Solo.....Miss Luella Hall  
 Recitation.....Contestant No. 1  
 Solo.....Miss E. Emsley  
 Recitation.....Contestant No. 2  
 Organ Solo.....Miss Edith Dufce  
 Recitation.....Contestant No. 3  
 Duett, Vocal.....Misses. Cairns and Mantell.  
 Recitation.....Contestant No. 4  
 Male Quartette.....Messrs. Baughan, Black, Steacy, Wagar.  
 Recitation.....Contestant No. 5  
 Judges Report—Awarding Medal to successful Contestant. Everybody welcome—Rev. J. R. Conn.  
 God Save the King.

"Herpicide" guaranteed to cure Dandruff, stops hair falling, and prevents baldness, 10 cents an application, at  
**THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP**  
**A. WILLIS.**

E. Loyst sells Five Roses Flour, best in the world, Hunt's Best Diamond 23.30—all other grades. Gluten meal, pea meal, coarse corn meal, cracked corn, ground wheat, barley meal, bran shorts, all kinds whole grain, buckwheat flour, corn meal, pressed hay, coal oil, groceries—one price to all.

**Benjamin Rikley**  
 The mortal remains of Mr. Benjamin Rikley of the Township of Camden, were laid in the vault at Centerville, Tuesday, Dec. 4th, after a public funeral service according to the rites of the church of England had been held in the Presbyterian church, Hinch street. Rev. E. Radcliffe, Rector of Camden East, conducted Divine service and preached the funeral service from text, Hebrews 12 verse 2, "Looking unto Jesus." Mrs. Cook kindly played the organ and Mrs. Wilson, Miss Leona Hinch, Misses McGill and E. Wilson kindly assisted in singing the hymn "Rock of Ages." The church was well filled, the funeral being largely attended. Great sympathy is felt in the community for the mother of of the deceased, who with her married daughters and sons and son-in-law, Dr. Burrows were present at the service. Every care and attention had been given the deceased, but the Master had called and the call had to be obeyed. "May his soul rest in peace and light perpetual shine upon it."

**FAILING EYESIGHT RESTORED!**  
 We take pleasure in announcing that we have added to our already extending business, an Optical Department. This department will be in charge of an expert Graduate Optician. Our method of correcting impaired vision is the only one. Your eyes tested free of charge and satisfaction guaranteed. Note—Our spectacle wares are manufactured by the famous Stevens and Company acknowledged to be the best on the American continent.—The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

**Sore Throat and Coughs**  
 A simple, effective and safe remedy for all throat irritations is found in  
**Cresolene Antiseptic Tablets**  
 They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice.  
**10c. All Druggists**



## SUITS AND OVERCOATS

That can be depended upon

Those who favor us with an order are going to get

VERY STYLISH GARMENTS

at a

DISTINCT SAVING.

**JAMES WALTERS,**

Merchant Tailor,

NAPANEE.

## Something To Please a Woman.

"DY-O-LA" is a revelation to every woman at first. It seems too good to be true that one package of "DY-O-LA" will color silk, cotton, woolen and mixed goods—or all four—This is just what "DY-O-LA" will do—and color more dyes to the package than any other. "DY-O-LA" contains no acid to injure even the most delicate fabrics, and does not stain the hands or boiler. Best in every way for coloring at home. Druggists everywhere have "DY-O-LA" in 10 cent packages. Color card sent on receipt of 2c, stamp. The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal, Canada.

### Christmas Cakes.

All new stock this year's fruit. Raisins 3 lbs. for 25c, currants, 3 lbs. for 25c, Peels, of all kinds, fresh spices which are pure. Try us at  
GREY LION GROCERY.

A beautiful ring of any variety of stone makes a lasting Xmas gift. See our stock before buying.

F. CHINNECK'S JEWELLRY STORE.

### Subscriptions.

A. E. Paul has made an arrangement whereby he can compete with any agency doing business. Bring all your subscriptions to him and get the lowest price going. Nearly all magazines are taken at club prices.

### HINCH

The Concert at the Hall, Hinch Street, Dec. 1st was a great success all round. The hall was well filled and apparently all enjoyed themselves. The programme was a good and varied one. Good duets were sung by Mr. Paul and Miss Paul of Roblin, and by Misses Kathleen and Inez Price. Excellent recitations by Misses Hazel Price and Eva Hanna. The dialogue "Every Inch a Gentleman" in which Miss Lena Hinch took her part well and was ably assisted by Bertie McNeil and Ethelbert Wilson. W. Price made an excellent "Irish" and "The Masonic Lodge" in which Clara Hinch, Curtis Jennings, Ethelbert Wilson and W. Price took part producing great fun. The mouth-organs accompanied by the organ, by Messrs Lowry and Lloyd from Napanee were thoroughly appreciated. The views of Old Ireland, City of Dublin, and other places of note interested those who take an interest in the Old Country. Proceeds taken at the door by Mr. Robert Dowdle \$18.00 less expenses hiring organ and printing, leaves about \$15.70 to be spent upon needed improvements to the Hall. The greatest credit is due to

## XMAS AT THE RED CROSS DRUG STORE

Good Perfumes, Hand Mirrors, Shaving Outfits, Leather Goods, Hair Brushes.

Everything Reliable.

T. B. WALLACE, Ph. B.

## PERSONALS

Samuel Brown, Deseronto, was in Napanee on Saturday.

Mrs. J. Bowerman, Northport, spent a few days last week in Napanee.

Messrs Dorland and J. S. Collier who have been running the Symington Evaporator have returned to their home in Picton.

Mr. D. Collier spent Monday in Kingston.

Mrs. Rev. Scott, who has spent some time with friends in Napanee left last week to spend the winter with her son at Cartwright, Man.

P. F. Carscallen, Tamworth, was in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. J. S. Taylor and daughter Lillian, Paris, Ont., spent last week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Huffman.

Mr. and Mrs. Casey Oliver, Rochester, N. Y. is visiting his parents in Deseronto.

Mr. Leonard Frink, Collins Bay, is spending the week with relatives in town.

Miss Helen Sharp, Odessa, is visiting friends in Kingston.

J. W. Yeomans, Newburgh, was in Napanee on Tuesday.

James Boice, Newburgh, is in Watertown visiting his son William Boice, who is ill in that city.

Workmen are this week putting in the supply pipes for the Electric Light Plant. The fire engine is being used to clear the ditch of water.

Mr. Ross Guess, Wallaceburg, spent a couple of days in town with his father on his way to Moncton N. B.

Mrs. John Parks, Tamworth, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Coxall on Thursday.

Mrs. Chas. Keller is visiting friends in Toronto.

Miss Madge Clapp is with friends in Toronto.

Miss Bessie Emsley returned from a visit with friends in Montreal on Thursday.

F. F. Millar returned from Boston on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Ackerman, Strathcona, were callers at our office on Thursday.

N. S. Baker, of Napanee, sold his farm near Collins Bay known as the Purdy farm to Edward Jeffrey, of Verona, on Tuesday.

Mr. Stanberry, of the Dominion Bank, Toronto, was calling on friends in Napanee Saturday and Sunday.

W. S. Herrington of our town made a business trip to Toronto Monday.

Jas. McMurrin, late of Adolphustown has purchased the Danham property, Thomas Street, from Mrs. Gault and will occupy the same in the spring.

Aubrey Gibson, of Napanee, arrived safe in Colorado Springs Saturday, after a pleasant trip, and spending the day in Chicago and a few hours in Denver.

Mr. Mills, of Kingston, was in Napanee Saturday.

Mrs. Hugh V. Mooney, South Napanee, is visiting friends in Enterprise.

T. G. Carscallen, Esq., M. P. P. is spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. Whitfield, Montreal, was in Napanee on Thursday.

Mrs. D. Hogan spent Wednesday with friends in Kingston.

Louis A. Hamilton, Montreal, is in town attending the funeral of his mother.

George Close of Gananoque, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Percy Asseltine, Portsmouth, spent Sunday with friends in Napanee.

Miss Leonard, Westbrooke, is the guest of her aunt Mrs. C. H. Wartman.

Miss A. Gertrude Hardy and Master Hebert are visiting friends in Gravenhurst.

Messrs Fred Hosey and Geo. Perry are

# HERE WE ARE AGAIN

XMAS is near at hand and I have added to my stock a lot of of XMAS GOODS that will make you smile. I have a special bargain I have not mentioned here for our customers.

You Will Find Our Prices Right  
Fresh Eggs - 25c per doz  
Butter - - - 22c per lb.

Good Prices For All Kinds of Poultry  
Call and see at

**J. D. REDMOND'S,**  
**HOLLEFORD**

## BETA PIE FILLING

We couldn't improve the Filling, so we Improved the package. Get the new tin package.

TORONTO, CANADA, OCT. 24TH, 1905.

The Neilson-Robinson Chemical Co., Limited,  
Napanee, Ont.

GENTLEMEN:—

Replying to your enquiry of the 18th inst. re Beta Pie Filling, would say, these Pies are giving good satisfaction.

Yours truly,

THE T. EATON CO., Limited.

Per H. R. Lawrie.



RUELTY.

NEVER MENTION

ated. The views of Old Ireland, City of Dublin, and other places of note interested those who take an interest in the Old Country. Proceeds taken at the door by Mr. Robert Dowdle \$18.00 less expenses hiring organ and printing, leaves about \$15.70 to be spent upon needed improvements to the Hall. The greatest credit is due to Miss Lena Hinch and Mr. Clare Hinch for promoting so enjoyable an evening and the best thanks of all is due to all who took part in the programme. The Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe, of Camden East, was Chairman.

#### Canned Goods.

This year's Goods, Peas, 4 cans 25c, corn and Tomatoes 10c can. Salmon from 13c. Sardines from 5c can upward &c. at  
**GREY LION GROCERY.**

#### Every Article.

Sold at Smith's Jewellery Store this Christmas will be put up in a pretty box made to fit the article, this always adds to the appreciation of the gift.

#### East End Barber Shop.

Is the place to get "Adonias Head Rub" for Dandruff; is cooling this hot weather. We keep a good line of choice cigars and Tobaccos. Give us a call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

**Just a Little Better**

—AND—

**Just a Little Cheaper**

ALL LINES OF

**FOOTWEAR**

—ALSO—

**The best Rubbers in the Market.**

**FRED CURRY.**

Proprietor.

J. C. HAWLEY, Manager.

**A. E. PAUL.**

OUR STOCK OF

Fancy Goods,  
Xmas Cards,  
Calendars,  
China,  
Glassware,  
Books, Etc.

is complete, and the largest and best assortment we have ever had.

EVERYTHING FOR CHRISTMAS.

**A. E. PAUL.**

George Close of Gananoque, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Percy Asseltine, Portemouth, spent Sunday with friends in Napanee.

Miss Leonard, Westbrooke, is the guest of her aunt Mrs. C. H. Wartman.

Miss A. Gertrude Hardy and Master Heber are visiting friends in Gravenhurst. Messrs. Fred Hosey and Geo. Perry are expected home this week. Their boat is being laid up at Buffalo.

Mr. Elias Jackson, of Lime Lake, was in Napanee Saturday.

Mr. Arth. Caton is making a trip this week to Buffalo, to see his mother and son Morris, and expects to return via Cleveland and Chicago.

#### BIRTHS.

ROBIN—At Napanee, on Saturday, Dec. 2nd 1905, to Mr. and Mrs. James Roblin, a son.

A. S. Kimmerly is selling Bran 85c per 100 lbs. Bread made from Five Roses Flour won First prize at several Fall Fairs. Try a bag at \$2.45. Try our Tea, 2 lbs 25c our 25c Tea beats the world. We sell sugars cheaper than all dealers.

#### A Pessimist.

"Don't be too anxious to get a husband," said the wise matron. "Don't go around hunting for one."

"Think I should just sit down and wait for one, eh?" replied the maiden.

"Yes, for you'll sit up and wait for one often enough after you've got him."

#### Quite Natural.

Husband—What did you think when you heard the chandelier fall last night? Wife—Why, I thought you had been detained on business again and were getting upstairs as quietly as you could.

#### Looking Forward.

"Progress is becoming extremely rapid."

"Yes, indeed. In the year 3000 or so lightning will have to get a move on if it wants to be considered fast."

#### Lucky Patients.

"Did you ever make any mistakes, doctor?"

"Well, I've had several patients get well that I expected would die."



**DR. C. H. WARTMAN**  
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

**W. G. WILSON,**  
BARRISTER,  
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc  
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.  
OFFICE—North Side Dundas Street,  
Napanee, Ont.

**D. DEROCHE & DEROCHE.**  
H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A.  
H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.  
Barristers Etc.  
**MONEY TO LOAN**  
Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

**R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.**  
Physician Surgeon, etc.  
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.  
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 517

**T. B. GERMAN,**  
Barrister and Solicitor,  
**MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.**  
OFFICE: Grand Block, 60 John Street,  
21-6m Napanee

C

**RUELTU.**

NEVER MENTION  
STEACY'S HEALTH  
BREAD BEFORE  
A HUNGRY MAN  
WHO HASN'T THE  
PRICE OF A LOAF.

IT WOULD BE THE  
HEIGHT OF CRUELTY

As pure and  
refreshing as  
the morning  
meadows

**Correct Styles**

and Fashionable Fabrics are yours if your clothes come from our establishment.

The Perfect Fit of all the clothes we sell is noticeable. Every Overcoat or Business Suit that goes from our store is absolutely right in fit, style and finish.

**20th Century Clothing our Specialty**

Prices to Suit Your Pocket.

SEE OUR

**Selection of Fur Goods**

Everything you can ask for.

**C. A. GRAHAM & CO'Y**